

Beyond B1 Wordlist

UNIT	PAGE NO.	HEADWORD	PRONUNCIATION	PART OF SPEECH	GERMAN TRANSLATION	DEFINITION	EXAMPLE SENTENCE
1	6	adult	/ˈædʌlt/	noun	der Erwachsene/die Erwachsene	someone who is no longer a child	I want to be rich when I'm an adult.
1	6	baby	/ˈbeɪbi/	noun	das Baby, das Kleinkind	a very young child who cannot yet talk or walk	He can't walk yet. He's still a baby.
1	6	child	/tʃaɪld/	noun	das Kind	a young person from the time they are born until they are about 14 years old	When I was a child, I played in the park near our house.
1	6	election	/ɪˈlekʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Wahl	an occasion when people vote for someone to represent them	In Brazil and Austria, you can vote in an election when you're 16.
1	6	get a driving licence	/get ə ˈdraɪvɪŋ ˌlaɪs(ə)ns/	phrase	den Führerschein machen	to pass a test so that you can have the official document that you need in order to drive	In Niger you can't get a driving licence until you're 23.
1	6	get a job	/get ə dʒɒb/	phrase	eine Arbeitsstelle bekommen	to start working regularly to earn money	My cousin has just got a job in a bank.
1	6	get married	/get ˈmæɪrɪd/	phrase	heiraten	to formally join in marriage with another person	In some parts of the USA, you can get married at 14.
1	6	go on a first date	/gəʊ ɒn ə ˌfɜː(r)st ˈdeɪt/	phrase	auf das erste Date gehen	to arrange to meet someone you are having a romantic relationship with for the first time	A lot of people go on a first date to the cinema.
1	6	go to university	/gəʊ tə ˌjuːnɪˈvɜː(r)səti/	phrase	studieren	to go to an educational institution to study for a degree	I want to go to university in Canada.
1	6	have children	/hæv ˈtʃɪldrən/	phrase	Kinder haben	to be or become a parent	I would like to have children when I'm older.
1	6	leave home	/liːv ˈhəʊm/	phrase	von zu Hause ausziehen	to permanently stop living with your parents	My sister left home when she was 21.
1	6	middle-aged	/ˌmɪd(ə)l ˈeɪdʒd/	adjective	mittleren Alters	no longer young but not yet old	My dad is middle-aged. He's 45 years old.
1	6	parent	/ˈpeərənt/	noun	der Elternteil	a mother or father	Who is this child's parent?
1	6	pensioner	/ˈpenʃ(ə)nə(r)/	noun	der Rentner/die Rentnerin	someone who receives a pension from the government after they reach the age when they are officially old enough to stop working	My grandfather is a pensioner. He doesn't work anymore.
1	6	retire	/rɪˈtaɪə(r)/	verb	in Rente gehen	to stop working, especially when you reach the age when you are officially too old to work	My father retired last year. Now he has more time to go fishing.
1	6	start school	/stɑː(r)t ˈskuːl/	phrase	eingeschult werden	to begin a period of education for the first time	Children in Finland don't start school until they're 7.
1	6	teenager	/ˈtiːn,eɪdʒə(r)/	noun	der Teenager	a young person between the ages of 13 and 19	I'm a teenager. I'm 15 years old.
1	6	university student	/ˌjuːnɪˈvɜː(r)səti ˌstjuːd(ə)nt/	noun	der Student/die Studentin an der Universität	someone who is studying for a degree	My sister is a university student. She's studying for a degree in maths.
1	6	vote	/vəʊt/	verb	abstimmen, wählen	to show your choice of a person or an issue in an election	Who did you vote for in the last election?
1	8	bite	/baɪt/	noun	der Biss	a mark or injury where an animal or insect has bitten you	The bullet ant has a very painful bite.
1	8	celebrate	/ˈseləbreɪt/	verb	etw. feiern	to do something enjoyable in order to show that an occasion or event is special	I usually celebrate my birthday with friends.
1	8	celebration	/ˌseləbreɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Feier	a party or special event at which you celebrate something such as a birthday or a religious holiday	The celebration starts in a church.
1	8	ceremony	/ˈserəməni/	noun	die Feierlichkeit	a formal public event with special traditions, actions or words	The Sunrise Dance is a coming-of-age ceremony for Apache girls.

1	8	city office	/ˌsɪtɪ ˈɒfɪs/	noun	das Stadtbüro	the building where the council members and officials who manage a city work	First there's a ceremony at the local city office called a Seijin-Shiki.
1	8	coming	/ˈkʌmɪŋ/	adjective	kommend, bevorstehend	happening soon or next	Boys in the Satere-Mawé tribe are bitten by ants 20 times over the coming months.
1	8	coming of age	/ˌkʌmɪŋ əv ˈeɪdʒ/	noun	die Volljährigkeit	the age at which someone is legally an adult	What do people do to celebrate their coming of age in your country?
1	8	continue	/kənˈtɪnjuː/	verb	etw. fortsetzen, weitermachen	to keep doing something without stopping	The bite continues to hurt for 24 hours.
1	8	crown	/kraʊn/	noun	die Krone	a circular decoration that a king or queen wears on their head as a symbol of power, often decorated with jewels	The girls usually wear a pink dress and crown.
1	8	during	/ˈdʒuəriŋ/	preposition	während	at one point within a period of time or a process	During the ritual, boys have to wear gloves with hundreds of ants in them.
1	8	hurt	/hɜː(r)t/	verb	schmerzen, wehtun	to feel pain somewhere in your body	If this ant bites you, it hurts a lot.
1	8	kimono	/kɪˈməʊnəʊ/	noun	der Kimono	a type of traditional Japanese clothing, like a long coat with wide sleeves	Girls wear a special kimono for Seijin no Hi.
1	8	ritual	/ˈrɪtʃuəl/	noun	das Ritual	a formal ceremony	The Satere-Mawé tribe in Brazil use the bullet ant in their coming-of-age ritual.
1	8	traditional	/trəˈdɪʃ(ə)nəl/	adjective	traditionell	relating to or based on very old customs, beliefs or stories	The boys and girls wear traditional clothes.
1	8	turn	/tɜː(r)n/	verb	etw. werden	to become a particular age or a particular time	Seijin no Hi is a celebration for girls and boys who have turned 20 in the last year.
1	9	afford	/əˈfɔː(r)d/	verb	sich leisten können	if you can afford something, you have enough money to be able to pay for it	The problem is, I don't think we can afford a big party.
1	9	formal	/ˈfɔː(r)m(ə)l/	adjective	förmlich	a formal event or social occasion is an important or official one at which people wear special clothes	My sister wants a big formal party for her Sweet 16.
1	9	last	/lɑːst/	verb	(an)dauern	to continue existing or happening for or until a particular time	I know that the ceremony lasts for four days.
1	9	paint	/peɪnt/	verb	(jmdn./etw.) anmalen	to put paint onto something to change its colour	Why are they painting this girl's face?
1	9	prepare	/prɪˈpeə(r)/	verb	(sich) vorbereiten	to make something ready for use	I think she's preparing for the Sunrise Dance.
1	9	typical	/ˈtɪpɪk(ə)l/	adjective	typisch	like most people or things of the same type	A Sweet 16 is a typical coming-of-age party in the US.
1	10	antique	/ænˈtiːk/	adjective	antik	old and valuable	This action figure is antique. It's really old.
1	10	broken	/ˈbrəʊkən/	adjective	kaputt	a broken object has been damaged and is in two or more pieces	It's not valuable. It's broken.
1	10	clue	/kluː/	noun	der Hinweis	a piece of information that helps explain a situation or provide a solution to a problem	I don't know the answer. Can you give me a clue?
1	10	colourful	/ˈkʌlə(r)f(ə)l/	adjective	bunt	something that is colourful has bright colours or a lot of different colours	The football shirt isn't very colourful. It's just white.
1	10	cotton	/ˈkɒt(ə)n/	adjective	baumwollen, Baumwoll...	made from the white fibres of a plant called a cotton plant	This is my favourite white cotton shirt.
1	10	doll	/dɒl/	noun	die Puppe	a children's toy in the shape of a small person	It's not a doll, it's an action figure.
1	10	enormous	/ɪˈnɔː(r)məs/	adjective	riesig, enorm	very large in size or quantity	My first mobile phone was enormous.
1	10	everything	/ˈevriθɪŋ/	pronoun	alles	all the things or activities that are involved in a situation	I've got too much stuff. I can't keep everything.
1	10	miss	/mɪs/	verb	jmdn./etw. vermissen	to feel sad about someone because they are not with you any more	I can play your CDs when I miss you.
1	10	old-fashioned	/ˌəʊld ˈfæʃ(ə)nd/	adjective	altmodisch	no longer modern or fashionable	This jacket is too old-fashioned. I don't wear it anymore.

1	10	packaging	/'pækɪdʒɪŋ/	noun	die Verpackung	the boxes, bottles, plastic etc used for wrapping products so that they can be sold	They're only worth money if they're in the original packaging.
1	10	square	/skweə(r)/	adjective	quadratisch	in the shape of a square	They're round plastic things you keep in a kind of square case.
1	10	stuff	/stʌf/	noun	das Zeug, der Kram	a variety of objects or things	I've got too much stuff.
1	10	terrible	/'terəb(ə)l/	adjective	schrecklich, furchtbar	very bad in quality or ability	When I hear your terrible music, I'm going to remember how lucky I am you're not here.
1	10	throw out	/θrəʊ 'aʊt/	phrasal verb	etw. hinauswerfen	to get rid of something that you no longer want, for example by putting it in a dustbin	I'm throwing out this old stuff.
1	10	tiny	/'taɪni/	adjective	winzig	extremely small	Who does this tiny blue shirt belong to?
1	10	unusual	/ʌn'ju:ʒʊəl/	adjective	ungewöhnlich, selten	different from other people or things in a way that is interesting, attractive or impressive	I know it's unusual, but I really like it.
1	10	useful	/'ju:sf(ə)l/	adjective	nützlich	helpful for doing or achieving something	This old phone isn't very useful.
1	10	valuable	/'væljuəb(ə)l/	adjective	wertvoll	worth a lot of money	It's very old, and it's probably valuable.
1	11	drawer	/'drɔ:ə(r)/	noun	die Schublade	a part of a piece of furniture that slides in and out and is used for keeping things in	I put it in the drawer so I wouldn't lose it.
1	11	harmonica	/hɑ:(r)'mɒnɪkə/	noun	die Mundharmonika	a small musical instrument that you play by blowing and sucking as you move it from side to side between your lips	One day Jordi and Megan were sitting in her room when he saw the harmonica.
1	11	notice	/'nəʊtɪs/	verb	jmdn./etw. bemerken	to become conscious of someone or something by seeing, hearing or feeling them	We were talking when he noticed it on the table.
1	11	play	/pleɪ/	verb	etw. spielen	to perform music, or to use an instrument to make music	I played it all the time, and it sounded terrible.
1	12	add	/æd/	verb	etw. beitragen, hinzufügen	to put something with another thing or group of things	It's good to hear other people's ideas and add to them.
1	12	advertise	/'ædvə(r)taɪz/	verb	für etw. werben	to try to persuade people to buy a product or service by announcing it on television, on the internet or in newspapers	We need to think about how to advertise the sale.
1	12	collect	/kə'lekt/	verb	etw. sammeln	to get things and keep them together for a particular reason	We need to decide how to collect the things to sell.
1	12	contribute	/kən'trɪbjʊ:t/	verb	beitragen	to be a part of a group or an activity and help it to be successful	Group activities are more successful when everybody contributes ideas.
1	12	decision	/dɪ'sɪʒ(ə)n/	noun	die Entscheidung	a choice that you make after thinking carefully	It's best if one person makes the decisions for everybody.
1	12	free	/fri:/	adjective	frei, uneingeschränkt	not limited or controlled by rules	Groups work best if people are free to do what they want.
1	12	organise	/'ɔ:(r)gənaɪz/	verb	etw. organisieren	to prepare or arrange an activity or event	An activity is more fun if everybody helps to organise it.
1	12	result	/rɪ'zʌlt/	noun	das Ergebnis	something that is caused directly by something else that has happened previously	It's not important who does the work. The important thing is the result.
1	12	second-hand	/,sekənd 'hænd/	adjective	gebraucht	owned or used by someone else before you	We're organising a sale of second-hand things to make money for an end-of-term trip.
1	12	specific	/spə'sɪfɪk/	adjective	bestimmt	involving or relating to only one particular thing or type of thing	Giving people specific jobs makes it easier to organise an activity.

1	12	work together	/ˈwɜː(r)k təˌɡeðə(r)/	phrase	zusammenarbeiten	to spend time doing something with other people	Working together to organise things is one of the most important skills you'll ever need.
1	13	barbecue	/ˈbɑː(r)bɪˌkjuː/	noun	das Grillen, die Grillparty	a meal at which meat and other food is cooked and eaten outside, often a meal that you invite friends to	I'm having a barbecue next Saturday. Can you come?
1	13	invitation	/ˌɪnvɪˈteɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Einladung	a written or spoken request asking someone to spend time with you socially or to come to a social event	Thanks for the invitation to your party!
1	13	invite	/ɪnˈvaɪt/	verb	jmdn. einladen	to ask someone to come to see you or to spend time with you socially	That sounds great. Thanks for inviting me.
1	13	receive	/rɪˈsiːv/	verb	etw. erhalten	to get something that someone gives or sends to you	When was the last time you received a present?
1	14	identical	/aɪˈdentɪk(ə)l/	adjective	identisch	exactly the same	It's a nice feeling to know that Lucy has an identical elephant.
1	14	remind	/rɪˈmaɪnd/	verb	erinnern an	to tell someone again about an event from the past or about a fact that they used to know	When I see my elephant, it reminds me of that summer with my friend.
1	14	wooden	/ˈwʊd(ə)n/	adjective	hölzern, aus Holz	made of wood	It's a small, black, wooden model elephant.
1	15	collaborate	/kəˈlæbəreɪt/	verb	mitarbeiten, mitwirken	to work with someone in order to produce something	I can collaborate to organise a group activity.
1	15	persuade	/pə(r)ˈsweɪd/	verb	jmdn. überreden	to make someone agree to do something by giving them reasons why they should	When I stand for president, I will need to persuade everybody to vote for me.
1	15	well-paid	/ˌwelˈpeɪd/	adjective	gutbezahlt	a well-paid person receives a good amount of money for work	My plan is to get a really well-paid job when I finish studying.
2	16	backpack	/ˈbæk.pæk/	noun	der Rucksack	a bag that you carry on your back, used when you are walking long distances or travelling to several different places	I take my backpack when I go hiking.
2	16	baggage	/ˈbæɡɪdʒ/	noun	das Gepäck	the suitcases or bags in which you carry your possessions when you travel	How many items of baggage are you taking onto the plane?
2	16	bike	/baɪk/	noun	das Fahrrad	a vehicle with two wheels that you ride by pushing pedals with your feet	I often ride my bike to school.
2	16	boarding pass	/ˈbɔː(r)dɪŋ ˌpɑːs/	noun	die Bordkarte	a card that each passenger has to show before they are allowed to get on a plane or a ship	You need your boarding pass to get on the plane.
2	16	boat	/bəʊt/	noun	das Boot	a small vehicle that people use for travelling on water	This boat can sail all over the world.
2	16	bus	/bʌs/	noun	der Bus	a large road vehicle with a lot of seats that you pay to travel on, especially one that takes you fairly short distances and stops frequently	I always take the bus when I go to the shopping centre.
2	16	car	/kɑː(r)/	noun	das Auto	a road vehicle for one driver and a few passengers	My dad has just bought a new car.
2	16	coach	/kəʊtʃ/	noun	der Reisebus	a long comfortable vehicle for carrying a large number of passengers, especially on long journeys	We took the coach to London. It took three hours to get there.
2	16	ferry	/ˈferi/	noun	die Fähre	a boat that makes short regular journeys between two or more places	The ferry took us to the other side of the lake.
2	16	hairbrush	/ˈheə(r),brʌʃ/	noun	die Haarbürste	a brush for arranging hair and making it tidy	I can't brush my hair because I forgot my hairbrush.
2	16	helicopter	/ˈhelɪˌkɒptə(r)/	noun	der Hubschrauber	an aircraft with large metal blades on top that spin and lift it into the air	A pilot flies a helicopter.
2	16	horse	/hɔː(r)s/	noun	das Pferd	a large animal that people ride	I would like to learn how to ride a horse.

2	16	luggage	/ˈlʌɡɪdʒ/	noun	das Gepäck	bags and suitcases that you take on a journey	I've got a lot of luggage. It's very heavy.
2	16	motorbike	/ˈməʊtə(r),baɪk/	noun	das Motorrad	a road vehicle that has two wheels and an engine and looks like a large heavy bicycle	My brother has got a motorbike. He rides it to work.
2	16	passport	/ˈpɑːspɔː(r)t/	noun	der Reisepass	an official document containing your photograph and showing which country you are a citizen of	When you go to another country, you have to take your passport.
2	16	plane	/pleɪn/	noun	das Flugzeug	an aircraft with wings and at least one engine	When I go on holiday, I travel by plane.
2	16	scissors	/ˈsɪzə(r)z/	noun (plural)	die Schere	a tool for cutting paper, consisting of two blades joined in a cross that you open and shut like jaws	You can't take scissors onto a plane with you.
2	16	scooter	/ˈskuːtə(r)/	noun	der Roller	a child's vehicle consisting of a board with two small wheels and an upright handle	When I was young, I rode a scooter everywhere I went.
2	16	shampoo	/ʃæmˈpuː/	noun	das Shampoo	a liquid that you use for washing your hair	I love this shampoo because it smells of lemons.
2	16	ship	/ʃɪp/	noun	das Schiff	a very large boat used for carrying people or goods long distances	The ship took thousands of passengers across the Atlantic Ocean.
2	16	sleeping bag	/ˈsliːpɪŋ ,bæg/	noun	der Schlafsack	a warm bag that you sleep in, especially when camping	This sleeping bag can fit into my backpack.
2	16	suitcase	/ˈsuːt.keɪs/	noun	der Koffer	a large container with flat sides and a handle used for carrying clothes and other things when you travel	I always take a large suitcase when I go on holiday.
2	16	taxi	/ˈtæksi/	noun	das Taxi	a car whose driver is paid to take you to a particular place, especially a fairly short distance	Let's take a taxi. It will be quicker than walking.
2	16	toothbrush	/ˈtuːθ.brʌʃ/	noun	die Zahnbürste	a small brush used for cleaning your teeth	Don't forget your toothbrush when you take a trip.
2	16	toothpaste	/ˈtuːθ.peɪst/	noun	die Zahnpasta	a soft thick substance that you put on a toothbrush to clean your teeth	Most toothpaste tastes of mint.
2	16	train	/treɪn/	noun	der Zug	a group of railway vehicles that are connected and pulled by an engine	I usually travel by train to my grandparents' house.
2	16	tram	/træm/	noun	die Straßenbahn	a long narrow vehicle that travels along metal tracks in the middle of a street and is used as public transport in some places	Let's take the tram to the cinema.
2	16	underground	/ˈʌndə(r),graʊnd/	noun	die U-Bahn	a system of public transport consisting of trains that travel in tunnels below a city. The Underground in London is also called the Tube and in some other cities it is also called the Metro. The American word is subway.	My mum rides the underground every day to work.
2	16	visa	/ˈviːzə/	noun	das Visum	an official document or mark in your passport that allows you to enter or leave a country for a specific purpose or period of time	You need to have a visa in your passport to get in to some countries.
2	16	wallet	/ˈwɒlɪt/	noun	der Geldbeutel	a small flat case that people keep money, bank cards and small documents in and usually carry in their pocket or bag	I always keep my wallet in my pocket.

2	17	necessary	/'nesəs(ə)ri/	adjective	nötig, notwendig	essential or needed in order to do something, provide something or make something happen	I don't think it's necessary to take shampoo. They'll have some at the hotel.
2	17	pack	/pæk/	verb	etw. packen	to put your possessions into a bag, case or box so that you can take or send them somewhere	What about packing some scissors? They could be very useful.
2	17	trip	/trɪp/	noun	die Reise, der Ausflug	an occasion when you go somewhere and come back again	Last month I went on a three-day trip to France. It was great.
2	18	abroad	/ə'brɔ:d/	adverb	im/ins Ausland	in or to a foreign country	Since 2001, Holiday Help has offered voluntourist programmes for 14- to 18-year-old students at home and abroad.
2	18	aid	/eɪd/	noun	die Hilfe, die Unterstützung	money, food or other help that an organisation or government gives to a country or area where people need it, for example because of a war or flood	The programme helps to provide aid to people who need it.
2	18	attitude	/'ætrɪtju:d/	noun	die Einstellung, die Ansicht	someone's opinions or feelings about something, especially as shown by their behaviour	All you need is a backpack, your toothbrush and a positive attitude!
2	18	community	/kə'mju:nəti/	noun	die Gemeinde	the people who live in an area: can be followed by a singular or plural verb	We try to help the local community.
2	18	confident	/'kɒnfɪd(ə)nt/	adjective	selbstsicher	someone who is confident believes in their own abilities and so does not feel nervous or frightened	Since the trip I've felt much more confident.
2	18	environmental	/ɪnvaɪrən'ment(ə)l/	adjective	ökologisch, Umwelt...	relating to the natural world and the effect that human activity has on it	You can do a programme of social or environmental work.
2	18	homesick	/'həʊm,sɪk/	adjective	krank vor Heimweh	feeling sad and alone because you are far from home	It was my first time away from home alone, but I wasn't homesick because I made so many new friends.
2	18	host family	/'həʊst 'fæm(ə)li/	noun	die Gastfamilie	a family that invites someone, usually a visitor from abroad, to stay in their home	For 2-4 weeks, you can live with a host family.
2	18	housework	/'haʊs,wɜ:(r)k/	noun	die Hausarbeit	the work that you do to keep your house clean and tidy	My team helped elderly people with housework and shopping.
2	18	material goods	/mə'tɪəriəl 'ɡʊdz/	noun	die materiellen Güter	objects produced for sale	I've learned that you don't need a lot of money or material goods to enjoy life.
2	18	natural disaster	/'nætʃ(ə)rəl dɪ'zɑ:stə(r)/	noun	die Naturkatastrophe	something that happens in nature and causes a lot of damage or kills a lot of people, for example a flood or an earthquake	We provide aid after a natural disaster.
2	18	opportunity	/'ɒpə(r)'tju:nəti/	noun	die Gelegenheit	a chance to do something, or a situation in which it is easy for you to do something	The programme gave me the opportunity to experience the world in a new way.
2	18	recommend	/'rekə'mend/	verb	(jmdn.) etw. empfehlen	to advise someone that they should do something	I can really recommend programmes like this.
2	18	tourist	/'tuərɪst/	noun	der Tourist/die Touristin	someone who is visiting a place on holiday	Thousands of tourists visit this region each year.
2	18	used to	/'ju:st tu:/	adjective	an etw. gewohnt	familiar with something because you have often experienced it before, so it no longer seems difficult or strange	I've been home for a week now and I haven't got used to it yet.
2	18	volunteer	/'vɒlən'tiə(r)/	noun	der Ehrenamtliche/die Ehrenamtliche	someone who is not paid for the work that they do	You've probably heard of a volunteer (people who help others for free).
2	19	destroy	/dɪ'strɔɪ/	verb	jmdn./etw. zerstören	to damage something so severely that it no longer exists or can never return to its normal state	Hurricane Katrina destroyed 300,000 homes in 2005.

2	19	sight-seeing	/ˈsaɪt,siːɪŋ/	noun	die Besichtigungstour	the activity of travelling around a place to see the interesting things in it	I want to go sight-seeing in Boston.
2	19	vacation	/vəˈkeɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Ferien, der Urlaub	a holiday (mainly American English)	I've never been on a trip like this before. Have you ever worked on vacation?
2	20	arrival	/əˈraɪv(ə)l/	noun	die Ankunft	the time when someone or something arrives at a place from somewhere else	Next Wednesday is our arrival date.
2	20	connection	/kəˈnekʃ(ə)n/	noun	der Anschluss	a train, bus or plane that allows you to continue a journey after you arrive by a different train, bus or plane	There are no connections between Brisbane and Sydney. It's a direct train.
2	20	crew	/kruː/	noun	die Crew	the people who work on a ship or plane	Here's a photo of me and the rest of the crew on our boat.
2	20	delay	/dɪˈleɪ/	noun	die Verspätung, die Verzögerung	a situation in which a plane, bus or train leaves or arrives late	Please note that there may be a possible delay because of work at Sydney Central Station.
2	20	departure	/dɪˈpɑː(r)tʃə(r)/	noun	die Abfahrt	the time when a plane, bus or train leaves	Tomorrow we leave for Brisbane, and we're getting ready for our departure.
2	20	destination	/ˌdestɪˈneɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	das Reiseziel	the place where someone or something is going	Our destination is Sydney. I think we will get there tomorrow.
2	20	fare	/feə(r)/	noun	der Fahrpreis	the money that you pay for a journey	You have to pay a fare when you take the train.
2	20	harbour	/ˈhɑː(r)bə(r)/	noun	der Hafen	an area of water near the land where it is safe for boats to stay	We're in a harbour in Tahiti now.
2	20	homeschooling	/ˈhəʊm,skuːlɪŋ/	noun	der Hausunterricht, das Homeschooling	educating your children completely at home instead of in a school	Now I'm at sea, I have homeschooling with my dad every morning as usual.
2	20	hurricane	/ˈhʌrɪkeɪn/	noun	der Hurrikan	a violent storm with extremely strong winds and heavy rain	Unfortunately, the hurricane weather starts soon.
2	20	journey	/ˈdʒɜː(r)ni/	noun	die Reise	an occasion when you travel from one place to another, especially when there is a long distance between the places	The journey from Brisbane to Sydney took 14 hours.
2	20	passenger	/ˈpæsɪndʒə(r)/	noun	der Passagier/die Passagierin	someone who travels in a motor vehicle, aircraft, train or ship but is not the driver or one of the people who works on it	It'll be cool to be a train passenger for a change.
2	20	reservation	/ˌrezə(r)ˈveɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Reservierung, die Buchung	an arrangement by which something such as a room in a hotel or a seat in a theatre is kept for you to use later	The reservation is for 2 adults and 2 children under 16.
2	20	route	/ruːt/	noun	die Route	a way that buses, trains, ships or planes travel regularly	We're likely to have storms, so that might mean a change in the route.
2	20	sail	/seɪl/	verb	segeln	to travel somewhere by boat or ship	I love sailing. It's always amazing to just see water everywhere you look.
2	20	seat	/siːt/	noun	der Sitzplatz	a seat as a passenger on a plane, bus etc or as a member of the audience in a theatre, which you pay for in order to use	You are in seat 21 in coach G.
2	20	voyage	/ˈvɔɪdʒ/	noun	die Reise	a long journey, especially by boat or into space	My family and I are sailing around the world on a two-year voyage in our boat, Dolphin.
2	21	compartment	/kəmˈpɑː(r)tment/	noun	das Abteil	one of the separate spaces into which a railway carriage is divided	Are other people going to sleep in your train compartment?
2	22	bubble	/ˈbʌb(ə)l/	noun	die Blase	a ball of air or gas in a liquid	This imaginary bubble is your personal space.
2	22	crowded	/ˈkraʊdɪd/	adjective	überfüllt	containing a lot of people, especially too many	It's also hard to keep your normal distance from people when you're at a crowded concert or in a lift.
2	22	distance	/ˈdɪstəns/	noun	der Abstand	the amount of space between two people or things	Sometimes it's hard to keep a normal distance from people.

2	22	ideal	/aɪ'diəl/	adjective	ideal	of the best or most suitable type	Your personal space is your ideal distance from other people.
2	22	invisible	/ɪn'vɪzəb(ə)l/	adjective	unsichtbar	something that is invisible cannot be seen	Imagine you're in an invisible bubble.
2	22	queue	/kjuː/	noun	die Warteschlange, Menschengänge	a line of people waiting for something in a shop or similar place	It's hard to keep your normal distance from people when you're in a queue.
2	23	check-in	/ˈtʃek ɪn/	noun	der Abfertigungsschalter	the place you go to when you arrive at an airport or hotel	I'll meet you at the check-in so we can get seats next to each other.
2	23	customs	/ˈkʌstəmz/	noun	der Zoll	the place at a port, airport or border where officials check that the goods that people are bringing into a country are legal, and whether they should pay customs duties	Somebody sometimes checks your luggage after your flight at customs.
2	23	flight	/flaɪt/	noun	der Flug	a journey through air or space in a vehicle such as a plane	Hello, I'd like to check in for the flight to Rome.
2	23	gate	/geɪt/	noun	das Gate	the place at an airport where people get on a plane	Flight 324 to Greece is now boarding at Gate 30.
2	23	land	/lənd/	verb	landen	if an aircraft lands, it comes down to the ground	Soraya's plane lands at six o'clock.
2	23	passport control	/ˈpɑːspɔː(r)t kən.trəʊl/	noun	die Passkontrolle	an area, for example in an airport or a railway station, where your passport is checked when you go from one country to another	Please make sure you have your passports ready before you go through passport control.
2	23	sharp object	/ˌʃɑː(r)p ˈɒbdʒekt/	noun	scharfer Gegenstand	something that is sharp, such as scissors or a knife, that cannot be taken onto a flight in your hand luggage	Do you have any sharp objects in your hand luggage? Scissors, knives, anything like that?
2	23	take off	/teɪk ˈɒf/	phrasal verb	starten	if an aircraft takes off, it leaves the ground and starts flying	Please fasten your seatbelt before the plane takes off.
PC 1&2	26	custodian	/kʌ'stəʊdiən/	noun	der Aufseher/die Aufseherin	someone who is responsible for something valuable such as money, property or a collection of works of art	Today 'custodians' live in both houses. Their job is to look after the houses and to show groups of visitors around.
PC 1&2	26	decrease	/diː'kriːs/	verb	zurückgehen, fallen	to become less	Over half a century has passed since that first meeting, but interest in The Beatles, the group they formed together, has not decreased.
PC 1&2	26	in advance	/ɪn əd'vɑːns/	phrase	im Voraus	if you do something in advance, you do it in preparation for a particular time or event in the future	It's important to book a place online in advance, because visits are limited to 15 people at a time.
PC 1&2	26	restore	/rɪ'stɔː(r)/	verb	restaurieren	to clean and repair something old and dirty or damaged so that it looks the same as it did originally	The house was restored and opened to the public in 2003.
PC 1&2	26	suburb	/ˈsʌbɜː(r)b/	noun	der Vorort	an area or town near a large city but away from its centre, where there are many houses, especially for middle-class people	Now a suburb of Liverpool, Woolton was a separate village at that time.
3	28	audience	/ˈɔːdiəns/	noun	das Publikum	a group of people who have come to a place to see or hear a film, performance or speech	I'm enjoying it, and I think the rest of the audience is having a good time too.
3	28	band	/bənd/	noun	die Band	a small group of musicians who play popular music such as jazz or rock	We've just started a band at school. I play the guitar.
3	28	brass band	/ˈbrɑːs ˌbənd/	noun	die Blaskapelle	a group of musicians who play brass instruments such as trumpets and trombones	I also play the trumpet in the school brass band.

3	28	classical	/'klæsɪk(ə)l/	noun	die Klassik	classical music is written according to standard European forms or structures by people such as Mozart and Beethoven	I love listening to classical music.
3	28	concert	/'kɒnsə(r)t/	noun	das Konzert	an event at which an orchestra, band or musician plays or sings in front of an audience	I went to see my favourite band play a concert at the weekend. It was amazing.
3	28	concert hall	/'kɒnsə(r)t ,hɔ:l/	noun	der Konzertsaal	a large building where people go to listen to concerts	The sound of the orchestra in the concert hall is fantastic.
3	28	conductor	/'kən'dʌktə(r)/	noun	der Dirigent/die Dirigentin	someone who directs the musicians of an orchestra or other musical group	I've seen the conductor before, but I've never seen him conduct Beethoven.
3	28	drum / drums	/drʌm/ /drʌmz/	noun	die Trommel / das Schlagzeug	a musical instrument consisting of a tight skin stretched over a round frame that you hit with your hands or a stick	I'm learning to play the drums, but my parents don't like it much.
3	28	festival	/'festɪv(ə)l/	noun	das Festival	a series of performances of films, plays, music or dancing that is usually organised in the same place at the same time each year	Thank you for coming to the Newtown Jazz Festival. Now please welcome one of the greatest trumpet players of all time.
3	28	flute	/flu:t/	noun	die Flöte	a musical instrument that you hold sideways to your mouth and play by blowing over a hole at one end as you press its keys	I've played the flute since I was 12.
3	28	folk	/fəʊk/	noun	der Folk	traditional music from a particular country, region or community, especially music developed by people who were not professional musicians	I usually perform folk songs ... a mix of old traditional songs and more modern stuff like Ed Sheeran.
3	28	guitar	/gɪ'ta:(r)/	noun	die Gitarre	a musical instrument with six strings, used in a wide variety of musical styles. It can be acoustic or electric	I want to play the guitar like Jimi Hendrix.
3	28	heavy metal	/,hevi 'met(ə)l/	noun	das Heavymetal	a type of loud rock music that developed in the 1970s, played on drums and electric guitars	My sister likes listening to heavy metal, but my mum hates it.
3	28	hip hop	/'hɪp,hɒp/	noun	der Hip-Hop	a type of music that developed among African-American musicians using rap and samples (=short pieces of recorded music or sound) that are repeated and combined with musical instruments	I like listening to hip hop when I go running.
3	28	jazz	/dʒæz/	noun	der Jazz	a type of music that developed in the late 19th century in which there is a strong lively beat and the players often improvise (=make up the music as they play)	I went to a jazz festival and saw a great trumpet player.
3	28	keyboard	/'ki:,bɔ:(r)d/	noun	das Keyboard	a musical instrument that has a keyboard, especially an electric piano	I like electronic music and I want to learn to play the keyboard so I can make music of my own.
3	28	musician	/'mju:zɪf(ə)n/	noun	der Musiker/die Musikerin	someone who performs or writes music, especially as their job	My dad's a professional musician. He has made lots of CDs.
3	28	opera	/'ɒp(ə)rə/	noun	die Oper	a type of play performed by singers and an orchestra	I don't like opera very much but a friend gave me tickets and I'm really enjoying it.
3	28	orchestra	/'ɔ:(r)kɪstrə/	noun	das Orchester	a large group of musicians using many different instruments to play mostly classical music	The orchestra played a mixture of pieces by Mozart and Beethoven.

3	28	perform	/pə(r)'fɔː(r)m/	verb	vorführen	to do something in front of an audience in order to entertain them, for example by acting in a play or singing	I've never performed in front of an audience before, so I'm really nervous.
3	28	performance	/pə(r)'fɔː(r)məns/	noun	die Vorstellung	the act of performing a play, dance or other form of entertainment	If I give a good performance, then people give money.
3	28	piano	/pi'ænəʊ/	noun	das Klavier	a large musical instrument with a row of black and white keys that produce notes when you press them	He plays the piano very well. He usually plays classical stuff.
3	28	pop	/pɒp/	noun	die Popmusik	a type of music that is popular with many people because it consists of short songs with a strong beat and simple tunes that are easy to remember	My brother usually listens to pop when he does his homework.
3	28	R&B	/ˌɑːr ən 'biː/	noun	die R&B-Musik	rhythm and blues: a type of music that combines blues and soul styles with modern beats and production methods	My favourite kind of music to listen to at parties is R&B.
3	28	reggae	/ˈregeɪ/	noun	der Reggae	a type of music that developed in Jamaica in the 1960s with songs about social and political subjects and heavy bass sounds	When I went to Jamaica, I listened to a lot of reggae.
3	28	rock	/rɒk/	noun	die Rockmusik	a type of music that developed from rock 'n' roll and uses a heavy regular beat, electric guitars, singing and a tune that is easy to remember	My dad always listens to loud rock music in the car.
3	28	singer	/ˈsɪŋə(r)/	noun	der Sänger/die Sängerin	someone who sings, especially someone who sings well or as a job	That singer has a fantastic voice.
3	28	trumpet	/ˈtrʌmpɪt/	noun	die Trompete	a musical instrument that is a curved metal tube with a wide end. You play it by blowing into it as you press buttons on the top	He can play the trumpet very well, and he's in the school brass band.
3	28	venue	/ˈvenjuː/	noun	der Veranstaltungsort	the place where an activity or event happens	The venue is amazing. I've never been to a concert in a place like this with all these hills and rocks.
3	28	violin	/ˌvaɪəˈlɪn/	noun	die Geige	a musical instrument that you hold under your chin and play by pulling a long object called a bow across its strings.	She has played the violin ever since she was five years old.
3	29	genre	/ˈʒɒnrə/	noun	das Genre	a particular style used in cinema, writing or art, which can be recognised by certain features	I think that jazz is my favourite music genre.
3	30	audition	/ˌɔːˈdɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	das Vorspielen	a short performance in which you sing, dance, or act so that someone can decide if you are good enough to perform in a particular play or concert	In 2011, José Angel auditioned to join the Symphony Orchestra of Nueva Esparta.
3	30	aware	/əˈweə(r)/	adjective	bewusst	knowing about a situation or a fact	José Angel is aware of the importance of words for a conductor.
3	30	beat	/biːt/	noun	der Takt	the main pattern of sounds in a piece of music, or the strongest sounds in this pattern	The conductor indicates the beat of the music.
3	30	childhood	/ˈtʃaɪld.hʊd/	noun	die Kindheit	the time of your life when you are a child	José Angel didn't listen to much classical music during his childhood.
3	30	confidence	/ˈkɒnfɪd(ə)ns/	noun	das Selbstvertrauen	the belief that you are able to do things well	The conductor has to give the musicians confidence.
3	30	convey	/kənˈveɪ/	verb	(jmdm.) etw. vermitteln	to communicate ideas or feelings indirectly	I have to convey confidence to the musicians in order to get a confident performance back.

3	30	co-ordinate	/kəu'ɔ:(r)dineɪt/	verb	koordinieren	to organise the different parts of a job or plan so that the people involved work together effectively	I have to co-ordinate my body's movements with the music.
3	30	criteria	/kraɪ'tɪəriə/	noun	das Kriterium	a standard that is used for judging something or for making a decision about something	There are many different criteria to think about when playing this kind of music.
3	30	gesture	/'dʒestʃə(r)/	noun	die Geste, die Gestik	a movement that communicates a feeling or instruction	He uses different movements, gestures and expressions to communicate with every individual musician.
3	30	grasp	/gra:sp/	noun	die Auffassungsgabe	the ability to understand something	If I am interpreting Mahler, there are certain criteria, or feelings, that I'd have a better grasp of if I spoke German.
3	30	interpret	/ɪn'tɜ:(r)pɪt/	verb	interpretieren	to perform a piece of music, or a part in a play, in a way that shows how you understand it and feel about it	The conductor interprets how the music is played.
3	30	music theory	/'mju:zɪk_θɪəri/	noun	die Musiktheorie	the set of general principles that music is based on	He continued studying violin and music theory.
3	30	tell off	/tel 'ɒf/	phrasal verb	jmdn. zurechtweisen	to criticise someone angrily for doing something wrong	I have to find the way to communicate, or sometimes tell off kids who are much older than me.
3	30	wordless	/'wɜ:(r)dləs/	adjective	wortlos	without words, or without speaking	Conducting is a wordless language.
3	31	inspire	/ɪn'spaɪə(r)/	verb	jmdn. inspirieren	to give someone the enthusiasm to do or create something	Paul Green hopes he can inspire more young people to become better musicians.
3	31	motto	/'mɒtəu/	noun	das Motto	a short statement that expresses something such as a principle or an aim, often used as a statement of belief by an organisation or individual	The official school motto is 'To inspire kids to rock on stage and in life'.
3	31	reality	/ri'æləti/	noun	die Realität	the real character or nature of things, not what you imagine or think is possible	If you'd like to turn your dream into reality, come to The Rock School.
3	31	stage	/steɪdʒ/	noun	die Bühne	the part of a theatre where the actors or musicians perform	I love playing on stage in front of an audience.
3	31	talented	/'tæləntɪd/	adjective	talentiert	someone who is talented is very good at something	We love helping talented young people achieve their ambition.
3	32	a bit	/ə 'bɪt/	phrase	ein bisschen, etwas	slightly or a little	I find classical music a bit boring. I don't like it much.
3	32	a lot	/ə 'lɒt/	phrase	viel	to a great or greater degree	I listen to music while I work but it doesn't help me work a lot better.
3	32	creatively	/kri'eɪtɪvli/	adverb	kreativ	doing something with a lot of imagination and new ideas	I always listen to rock music when I'm doing my homework. It helps me to think more creatively.
3	32	distracting	/dɪ'stræktɪŋ/	adjective	ablenkend, störend	preventing you from concentrating on something	I can't sing and work at the same time. I find it a bit distracting.
3	32	extreme	/ɪk'stri:m/	adjective	extrem, höchst	very great in degree	The music at the concert was so loud, it was pretty extreme.
3	32	extremely	/ɪk'stri:mli/	adverb	extrem, höchst	very: used for emphasising an adjective or adverb	Music is extremely good for your brain.
3	32	focused	/'fəʊkəst/	adjective	fokussiert, konzentriert	concentrating on a particular aim and not wasting time or energy on other things	Music helps me to get focused and do my work better.
3	32	incredibly	/ɪn'kredəbli/	adverb	unglaublich	extremely	Rap songs are incredibly good to listen to before an exam.
3	32	memory	/'mem(ə)ri/	noun	das Gedächtnis	the ability to remember things	Did you know that music has a positive effect on memory?
3	32	powerful	/'paʊə(r)f(ə)l/	adjective	stark, kraftvoll	able to influence or control what people do or think	I think that classical music can be very powerful.

3	32	pretty	/'prɪti/	adverb	hübsch	fairly	Heavy metal is pretty extreme.
3	32	quite	/kwaɪt/	adverb	ziemlich	fairly but not very	I think Jay-Z and Kanye West are quite powerful.
3	32	really	/'rɪəli/	adverb	wirklich	very, or very much	Listening to music helps me to get into the rhythm of running really quickly.
3	32	rhythm	/'rɪðəm/	noun	der Rhythmus	a regular pattern of sounds or movements	When I'm running, listening to music helps me to get into the rhythm really quickly.
3	32	steady	/'stedi/	adjective	beständig	staying at the same level, speed or value	I like this music because it has a very steady rhythm.
3	32	terribly	/'terəbli/	adverb	furchtbar, schrecklich	very, or extremely	60 beats a minute sounds terribly boring.
3	32	totally	/'təʊt(ə)li/	adverb	gänzlich, völlig	completely	Rap songs help me get totally focused and when I go in to the exam, I'm ready for anything.
3	32	very	/'veri/	adverb	sehr	used for emphasising that a quality exists or is true to a great degree	Baroque has a very steady rhythm of 60 beats a minute.
3	33	hard-working	/hɑ:(r)d'wɜ:(r)kɪŋ/	adjective	arbeitsam, sehr fleißig	a hard-working person puts a lot of effort into their work	Kasper is the most hard-working student in the class.
3	33	practice	/'præktɪs/	noun	die Übung	occasions when you do something in order to become better at it, or the time that you spend doing this	He always says practice makes perfect.
3	33	practise	/'præktɪs/	verb	(etw.) üben	to repeat an activity regularly so that you become better at it	He says that if an athlete practises harder than another, then he or she will improve more quickly.
3	33	semi-final	/,semi'faɪn(ə)l/	noun	das Halbfinale	one of the two games that are played immediately before the last game in a sports competition	There were eight top runners in the semi-final.
3	34	assignment	/ə'saɪnmənt/	noun	die Aufgabe	work that you must do as part of a course of study or as part of your job	What do you think of the homework assignment?
3	35	liar	/'laɪə(r)/	noun	der Lügner/die Lügnerin	someone who tells lies	He was telling the truth. He's not a liar.
3	35	opinion	/ə'pɪnjən/	noun	die Meinung	the attitude that you have towards something, especially your thoughts about how good it is	You've told me what everyone else thinks. What's your opinion?
3	35	rubbish	/'rʌbɪʃ/	adjective	nutzlos	useless	She says they can't sing. She says they're rubbish.
3	36	hero	/'hɪərəʊ/	noun	der Held	someone who you admire for their intelligence, abilities or personal qualities	My music hero is Lang Lang, the Chinese pianist.
3	36	successful	/sək'sesf(ə)l/	adjective	erfolgreich	achieving the result that you want	Even though he's a successful classical pianist, some people don't like his playing.
3	36	talent	/'tælənt/	noun	das Talent	a natural ability for being good at a particular activity	His piano teacher told him he had no talent and should stop playing.
4	38	acquaintance	/ə'kweɪntəns/	noun	der Bekannte/die Bekannte	someone you know a little, who is not a close friend	I have lots of acquaintances, but I don't know them very well.
4	38	ambitious	/æm'bɪʃəs/	adjective	ehrgeizig	determined to be successful, rich or famous	She studies very hard because she's ambitious.
4	38	big	/bɪg/	adjective	groß	large in size	He has big eyes.
4	38	boyfriend	/'bɔɪ,frend/	noun	der Freund	a man or boy that you are having a romantic relationship with	She's got a new boyfriend. He's very nice.
4	38	brave	/breɪv/	adjective	mutig	capable of dealing with danger or pain, without seeming to be frightened	He's very brave. He isn't scared of anything.
4	38	cheerful	/'tʃɪə(r)f(ə)l/	adjective	fröhlich, heiter	behaving in a happy friendly way	He always looks happy. He's very cheerful.
4	38	classmate	/'kla:s,meɪt/	noun	der Klassenkamerad/ die Klassenkameradin	someone in your class at school	I went on a trip with my classmates.

4	38	close friend	/ˌkləʊs 'frend/	noun	enger Freund/enge Freundin	a friend who is connected to you by shared interests and shared feelings such as love and respect	She's a really close friend. We talk about everything together.
4	38	competitive	/kəm'petətɪv/	adjective	wetteifernd, konkurrenzbetont	always trying to be more successful than other people	She's competitive. She always wants to win.
4	38	creative	/kri'eɪtɪv/	adjective	kreativ	someone who is creative has a lot of imagination and new ideas	She's really creative. She's good at writing and painting.
4	38	dark	/dɑː(r)k/	adjective	dunkel	black, or almost black, in colour	She has short, dark hair.
4	38	emotional	/ɪ'məʊʃ(ə)nəl/	adjective	emotional	affected by and expressing strong emotion, especially sadness or anger	He's emotional. He often gets upset.
4	38	enemy	/ˈenəmi/	noun	der Feind/die Feindin	someone who is opposed to someone else and tries to do them harm	An enemy is the opposite of a friend.
4	38	friend of a friend	/ˌfrend əv ə 'frend/	noun	der Freund eines Freundes	someone you are connected to because they know one of your friends	He's not really my friend. He's a friend of a friend.
4	38	generous	/ˈdʒenərəs/	adjective	großzügig	giving people more of your time or money than is usual or expected	She bought my lunch again. She's really generous.
4	38	girlfriend	/ˈgɜː(r)lˌfrend/	noun	die Freundin	a woman who you are having a romantic relationship with	His girlfriend is the same age as him.
4	38	good-looking	/ˌɡʊd 'lʊkɪŋ/	adjective	gutaussehend	physically attractive, especially with an attractive face	My favourite pop star is really good-looking.
4	38	guest	/ɡest/	noun	der Gast	someone who you have invited to your home, for a party or a meal, or to stay the night	A guest is someone that comes to your home to visit.
4	38	light	/laɪt/	adjective	hell	pale in colour, not dark	He has very light hair.
4	38	neighbour	/ˈneɪbə(r)/	noun	der Nachbar/die Nachbarin	someone who lives near you	My neighbours go to school together on the same bus.
4	38	old	/əʊld/	adjective	alt	used for talking about the age of someone or something	My great-grandmother is very old now.
4	38	old friend	/əʊld 'frend/	noun	alter Freund/alte Freundin	someone who has been your friend for a very long time	She's an old friend. We've known each other for ten years.
4	38	online friend	/ˌɒnlaɪn 'frend/	noun	Online-Freund, Online-Freundin	someone who you are friends with on the internet	I like chatting with my online friends.
4	38	patient	/ˈpeɪf(ə)nt/	adjective	geduldig	someone who is patient is able to wait for a long time or deal with a difficult situation without becoming angry or upset	My teacher is very patient. She never gets angry with us if we don't understand something.
4	38	polite	/pəˈlaɪt/	adjective	höflich	someone who is polite behaves towards other people in a pleasant way that follows all the usual rules of society	My mum likes my best friend because he's so polite.
4	38	relative	/ˈrelatɪv/	noun	der Angehörige/die Angehörige	a member of your family, especially one who does not live with you, for example a grandparent or cousin	Most of my relatives live in the same town as me.
4	38	rude	/ruːd/	adjective	unhöflich, grob	not polite	The man in the shop was really rude. I don't want to go there again.
4	38	serious	/ˈsɪəriəs/	adjective	ernst, ernsthaft	someone who is serious thinks carefully about things and does not laugh much	He's serious, but he can be very friendly too.
4	38	short	/ʃɔː(r)t/	adjective	kurz	measuring a small height, length or distance	I'm quite short for my age.
4	38	shy	/ʃaɪ/	adjective	schüchtern	nervous and embarrassed in the company of other people, especially people who you do not know	She's so shy. She doesn't like meeting new people at all.
4	38	small	/smɔːl/	adjective	klein	not large in size	She has a small nose.
4	38	straight	/streɪt/	adjective	gerade	straight hair has no curls or waves	Her sister has long, straight hair.

4	38	tall	/tɔ:l/	adjective	groß	a tall person or object has greater height than the average person or object	My brother is tall, and he's a really good basketball player.
4	38	team-mate	/,ti:m,meɪt/	noun	der Teamkollege/die Teamkollegin	someone who is in the same team as you	My team-mates helped me to score the goal.
4	38	wavy	/'weɪvi/	adjective	wellig, gewellt	a wavy line or wavy hair has a lot of waves or curls in it	She has short wavy hair.
4	38	young	/jʌŋ/	adjective	jung	someone who is young has lived for only a short time	The band is very popular with young people, and there are always lots of teenagers at their concerts.
4	39	keep in touch	/,ki:p ɪn 'tʌtʃ/	phrase	(mit jmdm.) in Verbindung bleiben	to continue to write or speak to someone although you do not see them often	I keep in touch with my old friend online.
4	40	accept	/ək'sept/	verb	akzeptieren	to recognise that a bad situation exists and cannot be avoided or changed	A close friendship means that you accept your close friends the way they are.
4	40	friendship	/'fren(d)ʃɪp/	noun	die Freundschaft	a relationship between people who are friends	A close friendship won't survive unless respect is present.
4	40	give someone a hard time	/gɪv ,sʌmwʌn ə ,hɑ:(r)d 'taɪm/	phrase	jmdm. das Leben schwer machen	to be unpleasant to someone, or to criticise them a lot	They will also defend you if other people are giving you a hard time.
4	40	good company	/,ɡʊd 'kʌmp(ə)ni/	phrase	guter Gesellschafter	someone who people enjoy spending time with	I think you'll like him. He's really good company.
4	40	have something in common	/hæv ,sʌmθɪŋ ɪn 'kɒmən/	phrase	etw. gemeinsam haben	to have the same interests or opinions as someone else	You may not have things like hobbies and interests in common, but your friend will always take an interest in what you do.
4	40	honesty	/'ɒnɪsti/	noun	die Ehrlichkeit	an honest way of behaving, speaking or thinking	Honesty is very important in a friendship.
4	40	point out	/pɔɪnt 'aʊt/	phrasal verb	auf etw. hinweisen	to tell someone something	They will tell you things you don't want to hear, such as pointing out your mistakes.
4	40	quality	/'kwɒləti/	noun	die Qualität	a feature of a person's character, especially when it is a positive one such as honesty, kindness or a special ability	Respect is an important quality in a friendship.
4	40	support	/sə'pɔ:(r)t/	noun	die Unterstützung	help and kindness that you give to someone who is having a difficult time	Your close friends will always give you support.
4	40	support	/sə'pɔ:(r)t/	verb	unterstützen	to help someone and be kind to them when they are having a difficult time	Your close friends will always support you.
4	40	survey	/'sɜ:(r)veɪ/	noun	die Studie	a set of questions that you ask a large number of people	According to a recent survey, we have fewer close friends than you might think.
4	40	take an interest in someone / something	/,teɪk ən 'ɪntrəst ɪn ,sʌmwʌn ,sʌmθɪŋ/	phrase	sich für jmdn./etw. interessieren	to want to know more about someone or something	Good friends always take an interest in you.
4	40	talk behind someone's back	/,tɔ:k bɪ,hɑɪnd ,sʌmwʌnz 'bæk/	phrase	hinter jemand's Rücken sprechen	if you talk behind someone's back, you say something bad about them without them knowing	A good friend won't talk about you behind your back.
4	40	trust	/trʌst/	noun	das Vertrauen	a feeling of confidence in someone that shows you believe they are honest, fair and reliable	Trust is perhaps the most important quality of all in a friendship.
4	41	argue	/'ɑ:(r)ɡju/	verb	streiten	if people argue, they speak to each other in an angry way because they disagree	If I invite Tim, he'll probably argue with Bren.
4	41	respect	/rɪ'spekt/	noun	der Respekt	a feeling of admiration that you have for someone because of their personal qualities, their achievements or their status	People will have respect for you if you are always honest.

4	41	respect	/rɪ'spekt/	verb	respektieren	to feel admiration for someone because of their personal qualities, their achievements or their status, and show this by treating them in a polite and kind way	People will respect you if you are always honest.
4	42	amazing	/ə'meɪzɪŋ/	adjective	erstaunlich, verblüffend	very surprising: a) used about something surprising that is also very impressive	This is the podcast that looks at some amazing real stories.
4	42	ancient	/ˈeɪnʃ(ə)nt/	adjective	alt, antik	very old	When she looked in the mirror, she was shocked to see her own face, but she looked ancient.
4	42	awful	/ˈɔ:f(ə)l/	adjective	schrecklich, furchtbar	used for emphasising how unpleasant someone or something is	On no! That's awful!
4	42	condition	/kən'dɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	der Zustand	an illness or health problem that lasts a long time and affects the way you live	It's a really rare condition when your brain deletes all your recent memories.
4	42	exhausted	/ɪg'zɔ:stɪd/	adjective	erschöpft	extremely tired and without enough energy to do anything else	She looked exhausted too, with huge black bags under her eyes.
4	42	fascinating	/ˈfæsɪneɪtɪŋ/	adjective	faszinierend	making you very interested or attracted	It's hard to imagine. That really is a fascinating story.
4	42	fiction	/ˈfɪkʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Fiktion	books and stories about imaginary events and people	Life really can be stranger than fiction!
4	42	furious	/ˈfjʊəriəs/	adjective	wütend	extremely angry	He said some really bad things, and I was furious!
4	42	huge	/hju:dʒ/	adjective	gewaltig	extremely large in size	The bags under her eyes were huge.
4	42	recognise	/ˈrekəɡnaɪz/	verb	etw. erkennen	to know who the person is or what the thing is that you are seeing or hearing because you have seen, heard etc them before	Her story starts when she woke up one morning and she didn't recognise where she was.
4	42	scary	/ˈskeəri/	adjective	angsteinflößend, unheimlich	making you feel frightened	But things got really scary when she looked in the mirror.
4	42	shocked	/ʃɒkt/	adjective	schockiert	very surprised and upset by something bad that happens unexpectedly	She was shocked to see her own face when she looked in the mirror.
4	42	suffer	/ˈsʌfə(r)/	verb	leiden	to have a particular illness or physical problem	She was suffering from a rare condition.
4	42	terrified	/ˈterəfaɪd/	adjective	in Panik	extremely frightened	If that happened to me, I'd be terrified.
4	42	unbelievable	/ˌʌnbɪˈli:vəb(ə)l/	adjective	unglaublich	used for emphasising how good, bad or impressive something is	That's an unbelievable story!
4	43	easy-going	/ˌi:zɪ'gəʊɪŋ/	adjective	unbekümmert	relaxed, calm and not getting easily upset about things	If I had kids, I'd be much more easy-going.
4	43	pocket money	/ˈpɒkɪt ˌmʌni/	noun	das Taschengeld	money that parents regularly give to their children	My kids would have to do housework if they wanted pocket money.
4	43	responsibility	/rɪˌspɒnsə'bɪləti/	noun	die Verantwortung	the state or job of being in charge of someone or something and of making sure that what they do or what happens to them is right or satisfactory	Having kids is a big responsibility.
4	43	shame	/ʃeɪm/	noun	die Scham, das Schamgefühl	a reason for feeling sad or disappointed	It's a shame you couldn't come to the film.
4	43	strict	/straɪkt/	adjective	streng	someone who is strict has definite rules that they expect people to obey completely	If I had kids, I wouldn't be so strict.
4	43	superpower	/ˈsu:pə(r)ˌpaʊə(r)/	noun	die Supermacht	a magical ability to do something, such as flying or seeing through walls	If I woke up with superpowers, I'd fly round the world.
4	44	bad-tempered	/ˌbæd ˈtempə(r)d/	adjective	schlechtgelaunt	someone who is bad-tempered easily becomes annoyed or angry	She's quite bad-tempered. She often gets angry.
4	44	clever	/ˈklevə(r)/	adjective	klug, intelligent	good at learning or understanding things	He's very clever. He always does well in his exams.

4	44	cruise	/kru:z/	noun	die Kreuzfahrt	a journey on a ship for pleasure, especially one that involves visiting a series of places	If you won a six-day Caribbean cruise for two, who would you take with you?
4	44	on fire	/ɒn 'faɪə(r)/	phrase	in Brand	burning	If your house was on fire, and you could only take one thing, what would you take?
4	45	borrow	/'bɒrəʊ/	verb	(sich) etw. ausleihen	to receive and use something that belongs to someone else, and promise to give it back to them later	Could I borrow your pen, please?
4	45	lend	/lend/	verb	jmdm. etw. leihen	to give someone something for a short time, expecting that they will give it back to you later	Could you lend me your pen, please?
4	46	row	/rəʊ/	noun	die Reihe	a series of people or things arranged in a straight line	The teacher stopped in front of a little boy in the front row.
4	46	row	/raʊ/	noun	die Auseinandersetzung	a noisy argument	Dave left angrily after a row.
4	46	row	/rəʊ/	verb	rudern	to move a boat through the water using long poles with flat ends	We rowed past the harbour.
PC 3&4	48	composition	/,kɒmpə'zɪf(ə)n/	noun	die Komposition	something such as a piece of music, a piece of writing or a painting	Even though the composer of the music on this album was born almost 250 years ago, his compositions still sound totally fresh and exciting today.
PC 3&4	48	debut	/'deɪbjʊ:/	noun	das Debüt	the first time that a performer or sports player appears in public	Surprisingly, the new album from boy band OneStep is even better than last year's debut album.
PC 3&4	48	vocalist	/'vəʊkəlɪst/	noun	der Sänger/die Sängerin	a singer, especially one who sings popular music	This collection of rare performances by well-known jazz vocalists is unbelievably good.
PC 3&4	49	ignore	/ɪg'nɔ:(r)/	verb	ignorieren	to pretend that you have not noticed someone or something	Dear Belinda, I'm 14 and my best friend is ignoring me. We usually do everything together but now she won't talk to me.
PC 3&4	49	ultimately	/'ʌltɪmətli/	adverb	letztlich, schließlich	used for emphasising the main point that you are talking about	Ultimately, people have to make their own decisions.
5	50	ankle	/'æŋk(ə)l/	noun	der Knöchel	the part at the bottom of your leg where your foot joins your leg	I can't play football because I've hurt my ankle.
5	50	arm	/a:(r)m/	noun	der Arm	one of the two long parts of your body with your hands at the end	Your arms help you to swim.
5	50	back	/bæk/	noun	der Rücken	the part of your body between your neck and your bottom, on the opposite side to your chest and stomach	I love to lie on my back and look up at the sky.
5	50	chest	/tʃest/	noun	die Brust	the upper front part of your body between your neck and your stomach	I have a pain in my chest. It hurts when I cough.
5	50	cloud	/klaʊd/	noun	die Wolke	a white or grey mass of very small drops of water in the sky	There are big grey clouds in the sky. I think it's going to rain.
5	50	ear	/ɪə(r)/	noun	das Ohr	one of the two parts at the sides of your head that you hear with	He whispered something in her ear.
5	50	eye	/aɪ/	noun	das Auge	one of the two body parts in your face that you use for seeing	My brother has blue eyes, but my eyes are brown.
5	50	face	/feɪs/	noun	das Gesicht	the front part of your head, where your eyes, nose and mouth are	I don't like talking on the phone. I prefer to meet people face to face.
5	50	feel	/fi:l/	verb	sich anfühlen	to touch something with your hand so that you can discover what it is like	It's so good not wearing shoes. The grass feels so soft under my feet.
5	50	finger	/'fɪŋgə(r)/	noun	der Finger	your fingers are the long thin parts on the end of your hands	You use your fingers to play the piano.
5	50	foot	/fut/	noun	der Fuß	the part of your body at the end of your leg, on which you stand	How long can you stand on one foot for?

5	50	hand	/hænd/	noun	die Hand	the part of your body at the end of each arm that you use for picking up and holding things	You clap with your hands.
5	50	head	/hed/	noun	der Kopf	the top part of your body that has your brain, eyes and mouth in it	I need to lie down. My head is hurting.
5	50	hear	/hiə(r)/	verb	etw. hören	to realise that someone or something is making a sound	I can't hear anything apart from amazing music.
5	50	hearing	/'hiəriŋ/	noun	das Gehör	your ability to hear sounds	You need to shout because her hearing is not very good.
5	50	knee	/ni:/	noun	das Knie	the part in the middle of your leg, where it bends	I have a pain in my knee. It's very difficult to walk.
5	50	leg	/leg/	noun	das Bein	one of the two parts of your body to which your feet are attached	He's very tall and he has long legs.
5	50	listen	/'lɪs(ə)n/	verb	jmdm./etw. zuhören	to pay attention to a sound, or to try to hear a sound	I like listening to music while I walk. It's relaxing.
5	50	look	/lʊk/	verb	blicken, schauen	to direct your eyes towards someone or something so that you can see them	It's so hot here and that water looks so cool.
5	50	mouth	/maʊθ/	noun	der Mund	the part of your face below your nose that you use to eat and speak	I need a drink of water because I have a funny taste in my mouth.
5	50	neck	/nek/	noun	der Hals	the part of the body that joins the head to the rest of the body	My neck is hurting because I slept badly last night.
5	50	nose	/nəʊz/	noun	die Nase	the part of your face above your mouth that you use for smelling and breathing	I can't smell anything today as I have a cold and my nose is blocked.
5	50	relaxing	/rɪ'læksɪŋ/	adjective	entspannend	pleasant and making you feel relaxed	Listening to music is really relaxing.
5	50	see	/si:/	verb	sehen	to notice someone or something using your eyes	I couldn't see the film because the man in front of me was so tall.
5	50	shoulder	/'ʃəʊldə(r)/	noun	die Schulter	one of the two parts of your body between your neck and the top of your arms	When I was younger, my dad carried me on his shoulders.
5	50	sight	/saɪt/	noun	das Sehvermögen	the ability to see using your eyes	I have to wear glasses as my sight is not very good.
5	50	smell	/smel/	noun	der Geruchssinn	the ability to notice or recognise smells	Dogs have an excellent sense of smell.
5	50	smell	/smel/	verb	etw. riechen	to notice or recognise the smell of something	Wow! These flowers smell fantastic.
5	50	sound	/saʊnd/	verb	klingen, ertönen	to produce a sound	There's so much traffic. Everything sounds so noisy here.
5	50	taste	/teɪst/	noun	der Geschmack	your mouth's ability to notice the flavour of different foods and drinks	I love the taste of sweet food.
5	50	taste	/teɪst/	verb	schmecken	to eat or drink something and to experience its flavour	I like Mexican food. This tastes really good.
5	50	teeth	/ti:θ/	noun	der Zahn	the hard white objects inside your mouth that you use for biting and for chewing food	The dentist checks my teeth every six months.
5	50	throat	/θrəʊt/	noun	der Rachen	the area at the back of your mouth and inside your neck	I have a sore throat and it hurts when I swallow.
5	50	thumb	/θʌm/	noun	der Daumen	the part at the side of your hand that is like a wide finger	You have four fingers and one thumb on each hand.
5	50	toe	/təʊ/	noun	der Zeh	one of the five individual parts at the end of your foot	I kicked the ball hard and hurt my big toe.
5	50	touch	/tʌtʃ/	noun	die Berührung	the sense that tells you what something feels like, through your skin or when you put your fingers on it	People who can't see use their sense of touch to read Braille.
5	50	touch	/tʌtʃ/	verb	jmdn./etw. berühren	to put your hand or part of your body on someone or something	Sometimes I lie on the grass and imagine I can touch the clouds in the sky.

5	50	watch	/wɒtʃ/	verb	jmdn./etw. ansehen, anschauen	to look at someone or something for a period of time	I love watching the sea. It's so blue under the sky.
5	51	honey	/'hʌni/	noun	der Honig	a sweet, sticky yellow or brown food made by bees	I really like the taste of honey. It's sweet.
5	51	noisy	/'nɔɪzi/	adjective	laut	making a lot of noise	I hate the sound of motorbikes. They're so noisy.
5	52	air freshener	/'eə(r) ,freʃ(ə)nə(r)/	noun	der Lufterfrischer	a substance that is used for making a room smell nice	Companies that create perfume also make air fresheners.
5	52	allergic	/ə'liː(r)dʒɪk/	adjective	allergisch	affected by a medical condition in which you become sick or your skin becomes covered with red marks as a reaction to something you eat, breathe or touch	Some fragrances can cause headaches or allergic skin reactions in some people.
5	52	ban	/bæn/	verb	etw. verbieten	to say officially that people must not do, sell or use something	Many people don't like the smell of fragrances and hope they will be banned in public spaces.
5	52	chemist	/'kemɪst/	noun	der Chemiker/die Chemikerin	a scientist who studies chemistry	The world's first chemist was a woman called Tapputi.
5	52	crisp	/krɪsp/	noun	die Chips	a thin flat round piece of potato that has been cooked in fat and is eaten cold	Companies that make perfumes also make the fragrances that are used in crisps.
5	52	formula	/'fɔː(r)mjələ/	noun	die Formel	an exact description of the chemical elements that make up a particular substance or compound	The formula of each perfume is kept secret.
5	52	fragrance	/'freɪgrəns/	noun	der Duft	a perfume	Today, perfumes are often called fragrances.
5	52	incense	/'ɪnsens/	noun	das Räucherstäbchen	a substance that creates a strong but pleasant smell when burned	The first form of perfume was incense.
5	52	ingredient	/'ɪn'griːdiənt/	noun	die Zutat	one of the substances that are combined to make something	More than 4,000 ingredients are used in the fragrance industry.
5	52	perfume	/'pɜː(r)fjuːm/	noun	das Parfum	a liquid with a pleasant smell that you put on your skin	The word 'perfume' comes from the Latin <i>per fumum</i> which means 'through smoke'.
5	52	produce	/prə'djuːs/	verb	etw. herstellen	to make or grow something, especially in large quantities and in order to be sold	The bottle and the box cost more to produce than the fragrance.
5	52	promote	/prə'məʊt/	verb	etw. fördern, etw. unterstützen	to support or encourage something	Many new fragrances are promoted by celebrities.
5	52	unisex	/'juːnɪˌseks/	adjective	Unisex...	for both men and women	The first popular unisex fragrance for both women and men was first sold in 1994.
5	53	cell	/sel/	noun	die Zelle	the smallest part of a living structure that can operate as an independent unit	When you smell something, cells in your nose send messages to the brain to indicate if it smells nice or not.
5	53	complaint	/kəm'pleɪnt/	noun	die Beschwerde	a written or spoken statement in which someone says they are not satisfied with something	Companies receive a lot of complaints each year.
5	53	fast food	/.fɑːst 'fuːd/	noun	das Fast-Food	food that is made and served very quickly, especially food such as a burger that you can take away with you	Gerard LePong says people will be given the chance to experience fast food in a new way.
5	53	processed foods	/.prəʊsest 'fuːdz/	noun	industriell verarbeitete Lebensmittel	items of food that have had chemicals added to them, for example to keep them fresh for a long time	In the US, more than \$100 billion is spent on processed foods each year.
5	53	taste buds	/'teɪst ˌbʌdz/	noun	die Geschmacksknospen	the areas of your tongue that recognise the flavours of food and drinks	When you eat something, the taste buds on your tongue send messages to the brain to indicate if it tastes nice or not.

5	53	tongue	/tʌŋ/	noun	die Zunge	the long soft piece of flesh fixed to the bottom of your mouth that you use for tasting and speaking	There are thousands of taste buds on your tongue.
5	53	visual	/ˈvɪʒuəl/	adjective	sichtbar, visuell	relating to things that you can see	When you look at something, visual messages are sent to your brain from your eyes.
5	54	as black as night	/əz 'blæk əz ,naɪt/	phrase	schwarz wie die Nacht	very dark	Her hair was as black as night.
5	54	as white as a sheet	/əz 'waɪt əz ə ˌʃi:t/	phrase	weiß wie die Wand	very pale, especially when frightened or ill	He was very frightened. His face was as white as a sheet.
5	54	associate	/ə'səʊsi,eɪt/	verb	etw. mit etw. assoziieren	to form a connection in your mind between different people or things	I associate green with Ireland but that's probably because I'm Irish.
5	54	assume	/ə'sju:zəm/	verb	etw. annehmen, etw. vermuten	to believe that something is true, even though no one has told you or even though you have no proof	These days we often assume that everyone on the planet is exactly the same.
5	54	be in the red	/bi ,ɪn ðə 'red/	phrase	rote Zahlen schreiben	spend more money than you have	I need to stop spending money, or I'll be in the red.
5	54	black and white	/'blæk ən ,waɪt/	phrase	Schwarz-Weiß	clear and simple	I knew exactly what to do. It was a black and white situation.
5	54	curiously	/'kjʊəriəsli/	adverb	seltsamerweise	in an unusual and interesting way	Curiously, no-one chose white or grey as their favourite colour.
5	54	feel blue	/fi:l 'blu:/	phrase	deprimiert sein, unglücklich sein	be sad or depressed	I'm worried about Tom. He's been feeling blue for a long time.
5	54	get the green light	/,get ðə ,gri:n 'laɪt/	phrase	grünes Licht bekommen	get permission to do something	Our teacher gave us the green light, and we started work on the new project straightaway.
5	54	influence	/ˈɪnfluəns/	noun	der Einfluss	the effect that a person or thing has on someone's decisions, opinions or behaviour or on the way something happens	Colours have a powerful influence on all of us.
5	54	once in a blue moon	/,wʌns ɪn ə ,blu: 'mu:n/	phrase	alle Jubeljahre	very rarely	I hardly ever go to concerts. I go and see bands once in a blue moon.
5	54	out of the blue	/,aʊt əv ðə 'blu/	phrase	aus heiterem Himmel	suddenly and unexpectedly	I couldn't believe it. Out of the blue my old friend came to visit.
5	54	pale	/peɪl/	adjective	blass	a pale person has skin that is lighter than usual because they are ill, shocked or worried	Are you all right? You look very pale.
5	54	see red	/,si: 'red/	phrase	rotsehen	suddenly feel angry	I saw red and started shouting at him.
5	54	tell a white lie	/,tel ə ,waɪt 'laɪ/	phrase	eine Notlüge erzählen	tell a small lie to make someone feel better	I told a white lie and said to her that I liked her new haircut.
5	55	adapt	/ə'dæpt/	verb	etw. anpassen	to change something to make it more suitable for a new use or situation	Louis adapted Barbier's system to make it possible for blind people to read and write.
5	55	blind	/blaɪnd/	adjective	blind	unable to see	At that time, blind people used their fingers to feel the shape of normal letters.
5	55	colour-blind	/ˈkʌlə(r) ,blaɪnd/	adjective	farbblind	unable to see the difference between some colours, especially red and green, because of a medical condition	I did a test to find out if I was colour-blind.
5	55	demonstrate	/'demən,streɪt/	verb	demonstrieren	to show someone how to do something by doing it yourself	A soldier called Charles Barbier visited the school in order to demonstrate a system he'd created for soldiers.
5	55	independently	/,ɪndɪ'pendəntli/	adverb	unabhängig	doing something in a way that means you don't have to depend on other people for money or support	Blind people depend on other senses in order to live independently.
5	55	restricted	/rɪ'strɪktɪd/	adjective	eingeschränkt	limited in what it is possible to do	Blind people have restricted or no sight.

5	57	liquid	/ˈlɪkwɪd/	noun	die Flüssigkeit	a substance that can flow, has no fixed shape, and is not a solid or a gas	A lotion is thicker than a liquid.
5	57	lotion	/ˈləʊf(ə)n/	noun	die Lotion	a thick liquid that you put on your skin in order to clean it or make it feel softer and less dry	A cream is thicker than a lotion.
5	57	repellent	/rɪˈpelənt/	noun	das Abwehrmittel	a substance that keeps insects or other animals away	I need some repellent to keep insects away.
5	58	explore	/ɪkˈsplɔː(r)/	verb	etw. untersuchen, etw. erforschen	to travel to a place in order to learn about it	There are hills to climb and a huge forest to explore.
5	58	freezing	/ˈfriːzɪŋ/	adjective	eiskalt	very cold	I also love swimming, although the sea is freezing!
5	58	in the middle of nowhere	/ɪn ðə ˌmɪd(ə)l əv ˈnəʊweə(r)/	phrase	Wo sich Fuchs und Hase gute Nacht sagen	a long way from any town or city	The house is in the middle of nowhere, and there aren't any shops or cinemas nearby.
6	60	ask	/ɑːsk/	verb	etw. fragen	to speak or write to someone in order to get information from them	This looks good. I'll go and ask what the price is.
6	60	baker's	/ˈbeɪkə(r)z/	noun	die Bäckerei	a shop that sells bread and cakes	I bought some bread at the baker's.
6	60	bookshop	/ˈbʊkˌʃɒp/	noun	der Bücherladen	a shop that sells books	She loves reading, and she works in a bookshop.
6	60	butcher's	/ˈbʊtʃə(r)z/	noun	der Metzger	a shop where they sell meat and sometimes also kill animals for meat	I bought a steak at the butcher's.
6	60	buy	/baɪ/	verb	etw. kaufen	to get something by paying money for it	I've got lots of money, but I don't know what to buy.
6	60	card	/kɑː(r)d/	noun	die Karte	a small flat piece of plastic used for getting money from a bank or cash machine, or for buying things	Can I pay by card?
6	60	cash	/kæʃ/	noun	das Bargeld	money in the form of notes and coins	Do you want to pay in cash?
6	60	cheap	/tʃiːp/	adjective	günstig, billig	not expensive	They were so cheap, I bought two.
6	60	chemist's	/ˈkemɪsts/	noun	die Drogerie	a shop that sells medicines, beauty products and toiletries	You can get cough medicine at the chemist's.
6	60	clothes shop	/ˈkləʊðz ˌʃɒp/	noun	das Bekleidungsgeschäft	a shop that sells clothes	I bought this shirt at that new clothes shop.
6	60	cost	/kɒst/	verb	kosten	if something costs an amount of money, that amount is needed in order to buy it, pay for it or do it	Excuse me, how much does this cost?
6	60	department store	/dɪˈpɑː(r)tment ˌstɔː(r)/	noun	das Kaufhaus	a large shop divided into separate sections, each section selling a different type of thing	There are so many things to buy in a department store.
6	60	discount	/ˈdɪsˌkaʊnt/	noun	der Preisnachlass	a reduction in the price of something	This bag is a bit dirty. Can I get a discount?
6	60	electronics shop	/ˈelekˌtrɒnɪks ˌʃɒp/	noun	das Elektronikgeschäft	a shop that sells electronic equipment	We got our TV at an electronics shop.
6	60	exchange	/ɪksˈtʃeɪndʒ/	verb	etw. umtauschen	if a shop exchanges something that you bought there, it allows you to change it for something of a similar type or value, for example because it is damaged	You can exchange the item if you want.
6	60	expensive	/ɪkˈspensɪv/	adjective	teuer	something that is expensive costs a lot of money	It's too expensive. I don't have enough money.
6	60	gift shop	/ˈɡɪft ˌʃɒp/	noun	der Geschenkeladen	a shop selling things that people like to give and receive as presents	Let's get mum's present at the gift shop.
6	60	newsagent's	/ˈnjuːzˌeɪdʒ(ə)nt/	noun	der Zeitungshändler	a shop that sells newspapers and magazines	When you go to the newsagent's, can you get me today's newspaper?
6	60	pay	/peɪ/	verb	etw. bezahlen	to give money in order to buy something	You can pay at the cash desk near the door.
6	60	pet shop	/ˈpet ˌʃɒp/	noun	die Tierhandlung	a shop that sells pets and pet supplies	We got our cat at a pet shop.
6	60	price	/praɪs/	noun	der Preis	the amount of money that you have to pay in order to buy something	Can you tell me what the price of this item is, please?

6	60	receipt	/rɪ'si:t/	noun	der Kassenbon	a document that you get from someone showing that you have given them money or goods	Keep the receipt if you want to get a refund.
6	60	refund	/'ri:fʌnd/	noun	die Rückerstattung	money that was yours that you get again, especially because you have paid too much for something or have decided you do not want it	I took it back to the shop and got a refund.
6	60	return	/rɪ'tʒ:(r)n/	verb	etw. zurückgeben, zurückschicken	to put, send or take something back to the place where it came from	You can return this item within 30 days.
6	60	sale	/seɪl/	noun	der Schlussverkauf	an event or period of time during which a shop reduces the prices of some of its goods	This scarf is in the sale.
6	60	save	/seɪv/	verb	etw. sparen	to avoid using something such as money, time or energy, or to use less of it	I can't go shopping today. I'm trying to save money.
6	60	sell	/sel/	verb	etw. verkaufen	to exchange something for money	The shop sells lots of great things.
6	60	shoe shop	/'fu: ʃɒp/	noun	der Schuhladen	a shop that sells shoes	I got these trainers at that new shoe shop in town.
6	60	special offer	/,speʃ(ə)l 'ɒfə(r)/	noun	das Sonderangebot	a low price that a shop offers for a short period of time	These T-shirts are on special offer.
6	60	spend	/spend/	verb	etw. ausgeben	to use money to pay for things	I spent a lot of money yesterday. My mum was angry with me.
6	60	sports shop	/'spɔ:ʒ(r)ts ʃɒp/	noun	das Sportgeschäft	a shop that sells sporting equipment and clothes	She got a new tennis racket at the sports shop.
6	60	supermarket	/'su:pə(r),mɑ:(r)kɪt/	noun	der Supermarkt	a very large shop that sells food and other products for the home	I go to the supermarket with my parents once a week.
6	60	toy shop	/'tɔɪ ʃɒp/	noun	die Spielwarenhandlung	a shop that sells toys	I'm going to get my sister's Christmas present at the toy shop.
6	60	try on	/traɪ 'ɒn/	phrasal verb	etw. anprobieren	to put on a piece of clothing in order to see how it looks and whether it fits	You can try on clothes over there.
6	61	disadvantage	/,dɪsəd'vɑ:ntɪdʒ/	noun	der Nachteil	something that makes someone or something less effective, successful or attractive	When you shop online, you have the disadvantage of not knowing how something looks on you.
6	61	frustrating	/'frʌstreɪtɪŋ/	adjective	frustrierend	making you feel annoyed and impatient because you are prevented from achieving something	It gets a bit frustrating when you can't find what you want.
6	61	in stock	/ɪn 'stɒk/	phrase	auf Lager	when goods are available to buy in a shop	I shop online, because they always have what you want in stock.
6	61	majority	/mə'dʒɒrəti/	noun	die Mehrheit	most of the people or things in a group	The majority of money that I get goes on clothes straight away.
6	61	market stall	/'ma:(r)kɪt ,stɔ:l/	noun	der Marktstand	a large table or a small building that is open at the front, used for selling things at a market	I love shopping in vintage shops and market stalls.
6	61	shopaholic	/'ʃɒpə'hɒlɪk/	noun	der Einkaufssüchtige/ die Einkaufssüchtige	someone who enjoys going to shops or enjoys buying things	She goes shopping three times a week. She's a real shopaholic.
6	61	stressful	/'stresf(ə)l/	adjective	stressig	involving or causing a lot of pressure or worry	I don't like shopping. It's too stressful.
6	61	variety	/və'reɪəti/	noun	die Vielfalt, die Auswahl	a collection or number of people, things or ideas that are all different from one another	I definitely like to go to big places because there's more variety.
6	62	advert	/'ædvɜ:(r)t/	noun	der Werbespot	a short film on television or short article on radio that is intended to persuade people to buy something	I love watching those TV shows and videos with funny adverts from around the world.
6	62	advertising	/'ædvə(r),taɪzɪŋ/	noun	die Werbung	the business of making advertisements	There's so much advertising around these days.

6	62	amusing	/ə'mju:zɪŋ/	adjective	amüsant, unterhaltsam	funny or entertaining	Have you seen Jan's photos of her birthday party? They're really amusing.
6	62	campaign	/kæm'peɪn/	noun	die Kampagne	a series of actions intended to produce political or social change: b) a series of things such as television advertisements or posters that try to persuade people to buy a product	The government is running a campaign to eat five portions of fruit and vegetables a day.
6	62	challenge	/'tʃælɪndʒ/	noun	die Herausforderung	something that needs a lot of skill, energy and determination to deal with or achieve, especially something you have never done before and will enjoy doing	I was bored with my job and needed a new challenge.
6	62	comfortable	/'kʌmfɪəb(ə)l/	adjective	angenehm, bequem	feeling physically relaxed, without any pain or other unpleasant feelings	Why not take the train? It's faster, easier and more comfortable.
6	62	frames	/freɪm/	noun (plural)	das Brillengestell	the part of a pair of glasses that holds the glass or plastic lenses and has pieces that go over your ears	I need to get some new glasses as the frames have broken.
6	62	slogan	/'sləʊgən/	noun	der Slogan	a short phrase that is easy to remember and is used to advertise something or to express the beliefs of a political party or other group	That TV advert has a great slogan.
6	62	uncool	/ʌn'ku:l/	adjective	uncool	not considered popular, attractive or fashionable	Those clothes are so uncool. They must be from the 1970s.
6	63	cooker	/'kʊkə(r)/	noun	der Herd	a large piece of kitchen equipment that is used for cooking	Do you have an electric or a gas cooker?
6	63	gadget	/'gædʒɪt/	noun	das Gerät	a small tool or piece of equipment that does something useful or impressive	I've just bought a fantastic gadget for cutting potatoes into chips.
6	63	washing machine	/'wɒʃɪŋ məʃi:n/	noun	die Waschmaschine	a machine for washing clothes	What's that noise? Oh, it must be the washing machine.
6	64	basket	/'bɑ:skɪt/	noun	der Korb	a container for carrying or keeping things in, made from thin pieces of plastic, wire or wood woven together, and sometimes with a handle	It's easy to put sweets in your basket when you're waiting to pay.
6	64	cash desk	/'kæʃ ,desk/	noun	die Kasse	the place in a shop where you pay for your goods	They often put discount items at the cash desk.
6	64	changing room	/'tʃeɪndʒɪŋ ,ru:m/	noun	der Umkleideraum	a room in a shop in which people can put on clothes before buying them in order to see whether they look good in them	You can try this on in the changing room.
6	64	checkout	/'tʃekaut/	noun	die Kasse	the place where you pay in a supermarket or other large shop	They often put sweets at the supermarket checkout.
6	64	customer	/'kʌstəmə(r)/	noun	der Kunde/die Kundin	a person or company that buys goods or services	It's a very popular shop. It always has lots of customers.
6	64	department	/dɪ'pɑ:(r)tment/	noun	die Abteilung	an area in a large shop that sells a particular type of goods	You can find more children's clothes in the Kids department.
6	64	escalator	/'eskə ,leɪtə(r)/	noun	die Rolltreppe	a set of moving stairs that take people from one level to another in a large building	Did you notice that the lifts and escalators weren't at the entrance of the store?
6	64	exit	/'eksɪt/	noun	der Ausgang	a door that leads out of a public place such as a room or building	Shopping centres are often designed as a circle like this one, so it's hard to find the exits.
6	64	shelf	/ʃelf/	noun	das Regal	a flat piece of wood, plastic or glass that is attached to the wall or is part of a piece of furniture, used for putting things on	Products that children like are on lower shelves.

6	64	shop window	/ˌʃɒp ˈwɪndəʊ/	noun	das Schaufenster	a large window of a shop and the space behind it, used for showing some of the products or goods that the shop sells	Large department stores often have beautiful displays in their shop window.
6	64	store detective	/ˈstɔː(r) dɪˌtektɪv/	noun	der Kaufhausdetektiv	someone whose job is to stop people from stealing things from a shop	He works as a store detective in a large department store.
6	64	trick	/trɪk/	noun	der Trick	an unfair or unpleasant thing that you do in order to harm someone or to get an advantage for yourself	Would you mind telling us what tricks shops use to make us buy more?
6	64	trolley	/ˈtrɒli/	noun	der Einkaufswagen	a large container with wheels that you push and use for carrying things in a supermarket or at an airport	Shops place items on lower shelves so kids can take them and put them in the trolley.
6	65	fashion show	/ˈfæʃ(ə)n ˌʃəʊ/	noun	die Modenschau	an event at which models show new styles of clothes	What time does the fashion show start?
6	65	mind	/maɪnd/	verb	etw. dagegen haben	to feel annoyed, upset or unhappy about something	Would you mind showing me where it is on the map?
6	66	aggressive	/əˈɡresɪv/	adjective	aggressiv	behaving in an angry or rude way that shows you want to fight, attack or argue with someone	He got really angry and started shouting at me. He was really aggressive.
6	66	assertive	/əˈsɜː(r)tɪv/	adjective	bestimmend	behaving in a confident way in which you are quick to express your opinions and feelings	I think he handled the situation very well. He was assertive.
6	66	eye contact	/ˈaɪ ˌkɒntækt/	noun	der Augenkontakt	a situation in which two people look at each other's eyes	I think it's important to make eye contact if you want to be assertive.
6	66	passive	/ˈpæsɪv/	adjective	passiv	accepting what happens without trying to control or change events or to react to things	He was so passive. He didn't get what he wanted at all.
6	67	fit	/fɪt/	verb	passen	if clothes fit, they are the right size for you	This jumper is the wrong size. It doesn't fit me.
6	67	product	/ˈprɒdʌkt/	noun	das Produkt	something that is made, grown or obtained in large quantities so that it can be sold	Would you like to exchange it for a different product?
6	67	size	/saɪz/	noun	die Größe	one of a series of standard measurements according to which goods are made or sold	I'm afraid this jumper is the wrong size.
6	68	brand	/brænd/	noun	die Marke	a product or group of products that has its own name and is made by one particular company	Do you think brands are more important for electronics, clothes or sports equipment?
6	68	grateful	/ˈɡreɪtful/	adjective	dankbar	feeling that you want to thank someone because they have given you something or have done something for you	We would be grateful if you could tell us what you buy and where you shop.
6	68	silly	/ˈsɪli/	adjective	albern	used for saying you think something or someone is not sensible or does not deserve any respect	At Sid's Superstore the customer really is king! There are no silly rules here!
PC 5&6	70	guide dog	/ˈɡaɪd ˌdɒɡ/	noun	der Blindenhund	a dog that is trained to lead a person who cannot see	Guide dogs for the blind are permitted to enter with their owners.
PC 5&6	70	sold out	/ˌsəʊld ˈaʊt/	adjective	ausverkauft	if an event or product is sold out, all the tickets or products have been sold	SportFit sports shoes are sold out. They might be available next week.
PC 5&6	71	smelly	/ˈsmeli/	adjective	muffig, übelriechend	with an unpleasant smell	Basically, this shopping centre is a really smelly place.
PC 5&6	71	spray	/spreɪ/	verb	sprühen	if you spray a liquid, or if it sprays, it is forced out of a container through a small hole into the air	I just see red when you're sprayed with fragrance when you go into the perfume department.

PC 5&6	71	sushi	/ˈsuːʃi/	noun	das Sushi	a Japanese food that consists of small cakes of cold rice with fish, egg or vegetables on top or inside	The sushi in that sushi bar can't be very fresh.
7	72	bake bread	/ˌbeɪk ˈbred/	phrase	Brot backen	to make bread using an oven	I've baked my own bread once before, but it wasn't very nice.
7	72	build a house	/ˌbɪld ə ˈhaʊs/	phrase	ein Haus bauen	to make a house by putting its parts together	I've never built a house, but my uncle has. He's a builder.
7	72	chop wood	/ˌtʃɒp ˈwʊd/	phrase	Holz hacken	to cut wood into pieces	I've chopped wood lots of times. We have an open fire at home.
7	72	clean the floor	/ˌkliːn ðə ˈfloː(r)/	phrase	den Boden wischen	to remove the dirt from the floor	I made a mess in the kitchen and now I need to clean the floor.
7	72	clear the table	/ˌkliə(r) ðə ˈteɪb(ə)l/	phrase	den Tisch abräumen	to take away from a table all the dishes and the knives and forks after people have finished eating	It's my job to clear the table after every meal.
7	72	clock	/klɒk/	noun	die Uhr	an object that shows the time	I looked at the clock and saw that it was time to go.
7	72	computer	/kəmˈpjʊːtə(r)/	noun	der Computer	a machine that stores programs and information in electronic form	I usually do my homework on my computer.
7	72	dishwasher	/ˈdɪʃˌwɒʃə(r)/	noun	der Geschirrspüler	a machine that washes dishes	We have a dishwasher in the kitchen.
7	72	do the ironing	/ˌduː ðə ˈaɪə(r)nɪŋ/	phrase	bügeln	to make clothes smooth with an iron	My father does the ironing every Sunday.
7	72	do the washing	/ˌduː ðə ˈwɒʃɪŋ/	phrase	Wäsche waschen	to wash clothes	I have a lot of clothes, so doing the washing is always a big job.
7	72	do the washing-up	/ˌduː ðə ˈwɒʃɪŋ ˈʌp/	phrase	abspülen	washing the dishes and other things used for a meal	My sister cooks and I do the washing-up.
7	72	fridge	/frɪdʒ/	noun	der Kühlschrank	a piece of equipment that is used for storing food at low temperatures	There's a lot of food in the fridge.
7	72	grow food	/ˌgrəʊ ˈfuːd/	phrase	Nahrungsmittel anbauen	if you grow food such as fruit or vegetables, you look after them and help them to develop	I've never grown my own food, but my cousin has. She grows vegetables in her garden.
7	72	iron	/ˈaɪə(r)n/	noun	das Bügeleisen	an object with a flat metal base that is heated and used for making clothes smooth	Don't touch the iron when it's on. It's very hot.
7	72	kettle	/ˈket(ə)l/	noun	der Wasserkocher	a container that is used for boiling water	He put the kettle on and made a cup of tea.
7	72	knit clothes	/ˌnɪt ˈklaʊðz/	phrase	die Strickware	to make clothes using wool and sticks called knitting needles	I've knitted clothes before. I knitted a scarf once.
7	72	lamp	/læmp/	noun	die Lampe	an electric light, especially a small one, that stands on a table or desk	I have a lamp next to my bed, so I often stay up late reading.
7	72	lay the table	/ˌleɪ ðə ˈteɪb(ə)l/	phrase	den Tisch decken	if you lay the table, you prepare a table for a meal by putting forks, knives, spoons, dishes etc on it	Before every meal, my younger brother lays the table.
7	72	light	/laɪt/	noun	das Licht	a piece of electrical equipment that produces brightness	Can you turn the light on, please? It's getting dark in here.
7	72	load the dishwasher	/ˌləʊd ðə ˈdɪʃˌwɒʃə(r)/	phrase	den Geschirrspüler befüllen	to put dishes, knives and forks into the dishwasher	If you clear the table, I'll load the dishwasher.
7	72	make furniture	/ˌmeɪk ˈfɜː(r)nɪtʃə(r)/	phrase	Möbel herstellen	to create or produce items of furniture by working	My father makes furniture as a hobby. I've helped him a few times.
7	72	make the bed	/ˌmeɪk ðə ˈbed/	phrase	das Bett machen	to tidy the covers of the bed after you have slept in it	My mum tells me to make the bed every morning after I get up.
7	72	make your own entertainment	/ˌmeɪk jə(r) ˌəʊn ˌentə(r)ˈteɪnmənt/	phrase	für eigene Unterhaltung sorgen	to create something that you can enjoy watching or doing for yourself	In 1880, they used to make their own entertainment.
7	72	milk a cow	/ˌmɪlk ə ˈkau/	phrase	eine Kuh melken	to take milk from a cow	I've never milked a cow, but my grandmother has. She grew up on a farm.

7	72	phone	/fəʊn/	noun	das Telefon	a piece of electronic equipment that you use for speaking to someone in a different place	The phone is in the hall.
7	72	poverty	/'pɒvə(r)ti/	noun	die Armut	a situation in which someone does not have enough money to pay for their basic needs	Two billion people live under the poverty line. They have less than \$2 a day.
7	72	radio	/'reɪdiəʊ/	noun	das Radio	a piece of equipment that you use for listening to radio programmes	I like watching TV, but I prefer listening to the radio.
7	72	sew clothes	/.səʊ 'kləʊðz/	phrase	Kleidung nähen	to make or repair clothes using a needle and thread	I often sew clothes. I love being able to repair my clothes.
7	72	sort the recycling	/.sɔ:(r)t ðə ri:'saɪklɪŋ/	phrase	Müll trennen	to arrange waste materials such as newspapers and bottles so that they can be taken away to be recycled	We sort the recycling every Saturday morning. Bottles and tins go in the blue bin.
7	72	statistic	/stə'tɪstɪk/	noun	die Statistik	a number that represents facts or that describe a situation	I'm surprised by the statistic that two billion people live under the poverty line.
7	72	take out the rubbish	/teɪk ,aʊt ðə 'rʌbɪʃ/	phrase	den Müll rausbringen	to put waste items such as old food, paper or plastic used for wrapping things, and empty containers outside so they can be taken away	This bin's full. I think it's time to take the rubbish out.
7	72	tidy the room	/.taɪdi ðə 'ru:m/	phrase	das Zimmer aufräumen	to make a room look better by putting things in the correct place	My bedroom is a mess. I should tidy the room but I don't want to.
7	72	travel by horse and cart	/.træv(ə)l baɪ 'hɔ:(r)s ənd ,kɑ:(r)t/	phrase	mit der Pferdekutsche reisen	to travel on a vehicle with four wheels and no roof that is pulled by a horse and is used for carrying things	Before there were cars, people used to travel by horse and cart.
7	72	use gas lights	/.ju:z 'gæs ,laɪts/	phrase	Gaslicht benutzen	to get light from a lamp that burns gas	Before electricity, people used gas lights.
7	72	vacuum	/'vækjuəm/	verb	(etw.) staubsaugen	to clean a room using a vacuum cleaner	I do the vacuuming every weekend. We live in a small flat so it doesn't take too long.
7	72	vacuum cleaner	/'vækjuəm ,kli:nə(r)/	noun	der Staubsauger	a piece of electrical equipment that cleans floors by sucking up dirt	Our new vacuum cleaner is very good at picking up dirt.
7	72	wash clothes by hand	/.wɒʃ 'kləʊðz baɪ ,hænd/	phrase	Kleidung mit der Hand waschen	to use your hands rather than a machine to wash clothes	Our washing machine is broken at the moment so I have to wash all our clothes by hand.
7	74	complicated	/'kɒmplɪ,ketɪd/	adjective	kompliziert	difficult to do, deal with or understand, especially because of involving a lot of different processes or aspects	Some people feel that modern life is too complicated.
7	74	fetch	/fetʃ/	verb	etw. holen	to go and get something: a) to go to find something and carry it back with you	In the past people did everything by hand – fetch water, cook, clean and wash clothes.
7	74	genuine	/'dʒenjuɪn/	adjective	echt	real, rather than pretended or false	A production company is looking for a genuine mix of people to live on a farm for a TV show.
7	74	guardian	/'ga:(r)dɪən/	noun	der Erziehungsberechtigte/die Erziehungsberechtigte	someone who is legally responsible for another person such as a child whose parents have died	Your parent or guardian will also need to give you permission to attend.
7	74	participate	/'pɑ:(r)'tɪsɪpeɪt/	verb	teilnehmen	to take part in something	Life-Like Productions is looking for young people who are interested in participating in a new TV series called <i>1880</i> .
7	74	recreate	/.ri:kri'eɪt/	verb	etw. neu schaffen	to make something exist again	Eight teenagers will live on a farm that recreates life in the late 19th century.
7	74	running water	/.rʌnɪŋ 'wɔ:tə(r)/	noun	fließendes Wasser	water that is supplied by pipes into a building	Houses didn't use to have running water or electricity.
7	74	rural	/'ruərəl/	adjective	ländlich	relating to the countryside, or in the countryside	In 1880, most Americans led a rural existence.

7	74	scenario	/sə'na:riəʊ/	noun	das Drehbuch, das Szenario	a written description of what happens in a play or film	You will be put in groups and asked to act out a short scenario that we will give you on the day.
7	74	take part	/teɪk 'pɑ:(r)t/	phrasal verb	teilnehmen	to be involved in an activity with other people	To take part, you must be aged between 15 and 19.
7	75	light	/laɪt/	verb	etw. anzünden	to make something start to burn	People used to light the stove in the morning and had to keep adding wood during the day.
7	75	stove	/stəʊv/	noun	der Ofen	a machine or a piece of equipment that provides heat for cooking or heating a room	People used to use wood stoves.
7	75	stream	/stri:m/	noun	der Bach	a small narrow river	They used to carry the water from the stream.
7	75	well	/wel/	noun	die Quelle	a deep hole that is dug in the ground to provide a supply of water	They used to get water from a well.
7	76	allegory	/'æləg(ə)ri/	noun	das Gleichnis	a story, play or poem in which the events and characters are used as symbols in order to express a moral, religious or political idea	This poem is an allegory about love and respect.
7	76	anxious	/'æŋkʃəs/	adjective	besorgt	worried because you think something bad might happen	I feel very anxious because I have an important exam tomorrow.
7	76	ashamed	/ə'feɪmd/	adjective	beschämt	feeling guilty or embarrassed because you have done something wrong, or think that you have not reached a standard that people expect	He was ashamed because he lied to everyone.
7	76	bow and arrow	/.bəʊ ən 'ærəʊ/	noun	Pfeil und Bogen	an arrow is a weapon in the form of a thin straight stick with a sharp point at one end and feathers at the other – arrows are shot through the air using a bow	In the past, people used to hunt with bows and arrows.
7	76	disappointed	/.dɪsə'pɔɪntɪd/	adjective	enttäuscht	unhappy because something that you hoped for or expected did not happen or because someone or something was not as good as you expected	I was disappointed because I didn't pass the exam.
7	76	fire	/'faɪə(r)/	noun	das Feuer	a small pile of burning wood or coal that you make in order to produce heat	Everyone was going round the fire, dancing and singing songs.
7	76	guilty	/'gɪlti/	adjective	schuldig	ashamed and sorry because you have done something wrong	I feel guilty because I didn't invite Sarah to my party and now she's upset.
7	76	hungry	/'hʌŋgri/	adjective	hungrig	feeling that you want to eat	Let's go and get pizza – I'm so hungry!
7	76	hunter	/'hʌntə(r)/	noun	der Jäger/die Jägerin	someone who chases and kills wild animals	He is a skilful hunter and always comes home with something good to eat.
7	76	jealous	/'dʒeləs/	adjective	eifersüchtig, neidisch	unhappy because someone has something that you would like or can do something that you would like to do	Peter is jealous of Ian because he is a better football player.
7	76	proud	/praʊd/	adjective	stolz	feeling happy about your achievements, your possessions or people who you are connected with	My parents were very proud of me when I passed all my exams.
7	76	satisfied	/'sætɪsfaid/	adjective	zufrieden	pleased with what has happened or with what you have achieved	The teacher was very satisfied with how the lesson had gone.
7	76	sorry	/'sɒri/	adjective	traurig	ashamed, embarrassed or unhappy about something that you have done	I feel sorry for her because she doesn't have many friends.
7	76	stretch	/stretʃ/	verb	etw. ausdehnen	to become longer or wider by pulling	I was angry because Maggie borrowed my new jumper and stretched it.

7	76	tribe	/ˈtraɪb/	noun	der Stamm	a large group of related families who live in the same area and share a common language, religion and customs	One night there was a dance. All the members of the tribe were there.
7	76	upset	/ʌp'set/	adjective	bestürzt, verärgert	very sad, worried or angry about something	Dani is upset because she's lost her laptop.
7	77	direction	/daɪ'rekʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Richtung	the path that someone or something moves along when going towards a place	She'd never travelled more than 30 miles in any direction.
7	77	shave	/ʃeɪv/	verb	rasieren	to make a part of your body smooth by cutting off the hair using a razor or shaver	I didn't recognise him at first because he'd shaved his beard off.
7	78	ability	/ə'bɪləti/	noun	die Fähigkeit	the fact of being able to do something	Elders are respected for their ability to use their knowledge and experience to give good advice.
7	78	contrast	/kən'trɑːst/	verb	der Gegensatz	if one thing contrasts with another, the two things are different from each other, often in a noticeable or interesting way	This contrasts with many western cultures, where family members often live in different places.
7	78	elder	/'eldə(r)/	noun	der Älteste/die Älteste	someone in your family or community who is older than you	Different cultures see their elders in different ways.
7	78	role	/rəʊl/	noun	die Rolle	the purpose or influence of someone or something in a particular situation	Elders also have a role in teaching the children.
7	78	values	/'væljuːz/	noun (plural)	die Werte	the principles and beliefs that influence the behaviour and way of life of a particular group or community	They teach the children about the traditions and values of their culture.
7	78	wisdom	/'wɪzdəm/	noun	die Weisheit	the ability to make good decisions based on knowledge and experience	In many cultures, elders are respected for their wisdom.
7	79	fill in	/fɪl 'ɪn/	phrasal verb	etw. ausfüllen	to add information such as your name or address in the empty spaces on an official document	You need to fill in a membership form to join the library.
7	79	locally	/'ləʊk(ə)li/	adverb	vor Ort	in the area where you live or that you are talking about	It's free to join the library if you live or study locally.
7	80	bucket	/'bʌkɪt/	noun	der Eimer	a round open container with a handle, used for carrying liquid and substances such as sand or soil	The man put the fish in a bucket.
7	80	line	/laɪn/	noun	die Leine	a piece of string, rope or wire used for a particular purpose	There was a fish on the end of the line.
7	80	recover	/rɪ'kʌvə(r)/	verb	sich erholen	to become fit and healthy again after an illness or injury	At first Grandma looked very ill, but in the end she recovered.
7	80	sink	/sɪŋk/	verb	sinken, versinken	to disappear below the surface of the water	The line was so heavy that the boat sank.
7	80	snore	/snɔː(r)/	verb	schnarchen	to breathe noisily while you sleep	He fell asleep and started snoring loudly.
7	80	wolf	/wʊlf/	noun	der Wolf	a wild animal similar to a large dog that lives in groups	Suddenly, a wolf appeared from behind a tree.
7	81	research	/'riːsɜː(r)tʃ/	noun	die Forschung	the detailed study of something in order to discover new facts	I started a business, but it didn't do well because I hadn't done enough research.
8	82	article	/'ɑː(r)tɪk(ə)l/	noun	der Artikel	a piece of writing about a particular subject that is published in a newspaper or magazine	I'm writing an article for the school magazine.
8	82	author	/'ɔːθə(r)/	noun	der Autor	someone who writes books or articles especially as their job	Today he's writing about the famous author of a bestselling book.
8	82	bestselling	/'bestselɪŋ/	adjective	meistgekauft	used for a book that many people buy	She's the author of a bestselling book.
8	82	blog	/blɒɡ/	noun	das Blog	a web log: a website containing short articles called posts that are changed regularly	He writes a blog about skiing.

8	82	blogger	/blɒgə(r)/	noun	der Blogger/die Bloggerin	someone who writes a blog	The blogger is writing for the digital edition of the paper.
8	82	caption	/'kæpʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Legende	words printed near or on a picture that explain something about the picture	If you want to know who is in the photo, read the caption under it.
8	82	cartoon	/kɑː(r)'tuːn/	noun	der Cartoon	a humorous drawing in a magazine or newspaper, often with words written below	This newspaper always has really funny cartoons.
8	82	cartoonist	/kɑː(r)'tuːnɪst/	noun	der Cartoonist/die Cartoonistin	someone who draws cartoons, especially as their job	The cartoonist adds some visual fun.
8	82	designer	/dɪ'zaɪnə(r)/	noun	der Designer/die Designerin	someone whose job is to decide how to make things or to decide their shape or appearance	The designer has done a great job with the magazine this month. It looks great.
8	82	diagram	/'daɪəgræm/	noun	die Zeichnung	a drawing that explains something	We need a diagram to illustrate this story.
8	82	edition	/ɪ'dɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Ausgabe	a set of copies of a newspaper or magazine that are published at the same time	As well as the newspaper, there's also a digital edition.
8	82	editor	/'edɪtə(r)/	noun	der Redakteur	someone whose job is to be in charge of a newspaper or magazine	The editor decides which stories to include in tomorrow's paper.
8	82	employ	/ɪm'plɔɪ/	verb	jmdn. beschäftigen	to pay someone regularly to do a job for you or to work as a member of your organisation	The publisher employs a lot of people.
8	82	gossip columnist	/'gɒsɪp ,kɒləmnɪst/	noun	der Klatschkolumnist/die Klatschkolumnistin	someone who writes articles that appear regularly in a newspaper or magazine and give details of the private lives of famous people	The gossip columnist writes funny things about famous people.
8	82	graph	/graːf/	noun	das Diagramm	a picture that uses lines or curves to show the relationship between numbers or measurements that change	This graph helps to make the story easier to understand.
8	82	graphic artist	/.græfɪk 'ɑː(r)tɪst/	noun	der Graphiker/die Graphikerin	someone who creates pictures and text for magazines and advertisements	The graphic artist created a very clear diagram to go in today's paper.
8	82	interview	/'ɪntə(r)vjuː/	noun	das Interview	a meeting in which someone asks another person, especially a famous person, questions about themselves, their work or their ideas, in order to publish or broadcast the information	There's an interview in today's newspaper with my favourite tennis player.
8	82	journalist	/'dʒɜː(r)nəlɪst/	noun	der Journalist/die Journalistin	someone whose job is to report the news for a newspaper, magazine, radio programme or television programme	After the football match, lots of journalists were waiting to ask questions.
8	82	letter	/'letə(r)/	noun	der Brief	a message that you write on a piece of paper and send to someone	My aunt always sends me really long letters.
8	82	photographer	/fə'tɒgrəfə(r)/	noun	der Fotograf/die Fotografin	someone who takes photographs, especially as their job	The photographer took a great photo for the front page of the newspaper.
8	82	poem	/'pəʊɪm/	noun	das Gedicht	a piece of writing using beautiful or unusual language arranged in fixed lines that have a particular beat and often rhyme	My boyfriend wrote this poem for me, but I don't really like it.
8	82	printer	/'prɪntə(r)/	noun	der Drucker/die Druckerin	someone whose job is to operate a printing press	When the newspaper is ready to print, it goes to the printer.
8	82	profile	/'prəʊfaɪl/	noun	das Profil	a short article or programme about someone	In next month's magazine there will be a profile of the new captain of the national football team.

8	82	publisher	/ˈpʌblɪʃə(r)/	noun	der Verleger/die Verlegerin, der Verlag	a person or company that manages the development and production of books, magazines, games, software etc and makes them available to the public	The publisher of this newspaper also owns a number of magazines and employs a lot of people.
8	82	quiz	/kwɪz/	noun	das Quiz	a competition in which you answer questions	I like this magazine because it always has a good quiz at the back.
8	82	recipe	/ˈresəpi/	noun	das Kochrezept	a set of instructions for cooking or preparing a particular food	I can cook quite well, but I need a recipe to follow.
8	82	report	/rɪˈpɔː(r)t/	noun	der Bericht	a spoken or written account that gives information about a particular subject, situation or event	Have you read the report about the school's club activities? It says we need to get more students involved.
8	82	reporter	/rɪˈpɔː(r)tə(r)/	noun	der Reporter/die Reporterin	someone whose job is to write articles or make broadcasts about events in the news	The reporter interviewed the police officer about the accident for the news.
8	82	rule	/ruːl/	noun	die Regel	a statement explaining what someone can or cannot do in a particular system, game or situation	The rules say that we need to have at least ten players on a team.
8	82	story	/ˈstɔːri/	noun	die Story	an account of something that happened that can be imaginary, traditional or true: a) an account of events in a newspaper report or news programme	Have you read the front-page story in today's newspaper? It's very shocking!
8	83	publish	/ˈpʌblɪʃ/	verb	etw. veröffentlichen, etw. herausbringen	to produce something that people want to read, watch or play and make it available to the public	If I was a publisher, I'd want to publish a magazine about fishing.
8	84	anonymous	/əˈnɒnɪməs/	adjective	anonym	if someone is anonymous, no one knows their name: a) used about something that is done or written by someone whose name is not known	By the way, an anonymous source told me she had seen the pop star having dinner with another famous singer.
8	84	celebrity	/səˈlebrəti/	noun	die Berühmtheit	a famous person, especially in entertainment or sport	Sue Jakes, the respected journalist, told me that some photographers often scare celebrity children to make them cry.
8	84	emotional	/ɪˈməʊʃ(ə)nəl/	adjective	emotional	affected by and expressing strong emotion, especially sadness or anger: a) causing strong emotions such as sadness and anger	She said that an emotional photograph was easier to sell.
8	84	hide	/haɪd/	verb	etw. verstecken	to put something in a place so that no one can find or see it: a) to go or be somewhere where no one can find you or see you	I will respect your privacy by hiding your name on my blog.
8	84	monster	/ˈmɒnstə(r)/	noun	das Monster	something that is very large: a) a situation, system or organisation that has become so large that it can no longer be managed or controlled	Today's media culture is a dangerous monster.
8	84	paparazzi	/ˌpæpəˈrætsi/	noun	die Paparazzi	photographers who follow famous people in order to take photographs of them that newspapers and magazines will buy	In the United States however, the paparazzi can take photographs of anyone if they are in a public place.
8	84	privacy	/ˈprɪvəsi/	noun	die Privatsphäre	the freedom to do things without other people watching you or knowing what you are doing	One magazine has suggested that the actor should move to France, where there are stricter privacy laws.
8	84	quote	/kwəʊt/	noun	das Zitat	words that someone else has said or written	The article includes a quote by the actor.
8	84	refer	/rɪˈfɜː(r)/	verb	sich beziehen auf	to mention someone or something when you are speaking or writing	I will not refer to you on my blog again.

8	84	top	/tɒp/	adjective	höchster/höchste/höchstes, Spitzen...	highest in status, degree or importance	He was having dinner with a famous singer at one of the city's top restaurants.
8	84	victim	/'vɪktɪm/	noun	das Opfer	someone who has suffered as a result of the actions or negative attitudes of someone else or of people in general	A young Hollywood celebrity has spoken about being the victim of the paparazzi.
8	86	add	/æd/	verb	etw. hinzufügen	to say something more that is related to what has been said already	Can I just add one more thing? I couldn't have done this without the support of everyone back home.
8	86	admit	/əd'mɪt/	verb	etw. zugeben	to agree that something is true, especially when you are unhappy, sorry or surprised about it	I admit it sounds strange.
8	86	agree	/ə'ɡri:/	verb	zustimmen	to have the same opinion as someone else	I'm sorry, I don't agree. I think you're wrong.
8	86	athlete	/'æθli:t/	noun	der Athlet/die Athletin	someone who is good at sports, especially athletics, and takes part in sports competitions	The athlete felt very happy after he won the race.
8	86	claim	/kleɪm/	verb	etw. behaupten	to say that something is true, even though there is no definite proof	In your original statement you claim that you saw three men.
8	86	confirm	/kən'fɜ:(r)m/	verb	etw. bestätigen	to say that something is definitely true because you know about it	Can you confirm the stories about you and rap star Dustin Dredd?
8	86	deny	/dɪ'naɪ/	verb	etw. bestreiten, etw. leugnen	to say that you did not do something that someone has accused you of doing	If you use my name, I'll deny I ever spoke to you.
8	86	explain	/ɪk'spleɪn/	verb	etw. erklären	to tell someone something in a way that helps them understand it better	It's hard to explain, but coming second, I still feel like a winner.
8	86	insist	/ɪn'sɪst/	verb	auf etw. bestehen	to say very firmly that something must happen or must be done	The witness insisted that she saw a woman driving.
8	86	insurance	/ɪn'fʊərəns/	noun	die Versicherung	a situation or action intended to prevent something bad from happening or to prevent you from being affected by it if it does happen	I always record interviews. It's for insurance.
8	86	off the record	/ɒf ðə 'rekɔ:(r)d/	phrase	inoffiziell	used for saying that a remark is not official or not intended to be made public	Anything I say now is off the record. Agreed?
8	86	original	/ə'ɹɪdʒ(ə)nəl/	adjective	original	existing at the beginning of a period or process, before any changes have been made	I want to look at your original statement again.
8	86	project	/'prɒdʒekt/	noun	das Projekt	a planned piece of work that has a particular aim	My next project is going to be a musical based on the life of a famous British singer.
8	86	promise	/'prɒmɪs/	verb	versprechen	to tell someone that you will definitely do something	It's the last time. I promise.
8	86	source	/sɔ:(r)s/	noun	die Quelle	a person, place or thing that provides something that you need or want: a) someone who provides information for a journalist	The reporter and his source don't trust each other.
8	86	statement	/'steɪtmənt/	noun	die Äußerung, die Aussage	a formal written account of events that a person who has seen a crime or who has been accused of a crime gives to the police	I just want to check some of the details in your statement.
8	86	suggest	/sə'dʒest/	verb	etw. vorschlagen	to offer an idea or a plan for someone to consider	The police officer suggested that they meet at 5.45.
8	86	switch off	/swɪtʃ 'ɒf/	phrasal verb	etw. abschalten, etw. ausschalten	if you switch off something such as a light or a machine, or if it switches off, it stops working	The reporter's source switched off the recorder.

8	86	witness	/ˈwɪtnəs/	noun	der Zeuge/die Zeugin	someone who sees a crime, accident or other event happen	The reporter isn't sure the witness remembers what she saw.
8	87	immediate	/ɪˈmiːdiət/	adjective	unmittelbar, sofort	happening or done now, without any delay	I asked whether he had any immediate plans.
8	87	minister	/ˈmɪnɪstə(r)/	noun	der Minister/die Ministerin	an official in charge of a government department in the UK and some other countries	I asked her if she had spoken to the minister.
8	87	politician	/ˌpɒləˈtɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	der Politiker/die Politikerin	someone who has a job in politics	The politician denied she had made a mistake.
8	87	react	/riˈækt/	verb	reagieren	to behave in a particular way because of something that is happening around you or something that someone is doing to you	I asked him how the other players had reacted to the news.
8	87	reason	/ˈriːz(ə)n/	noun	die Ursache, der Grund	a fact, situation or intention that explains why something happened, why someone did something or why something is true	He explained that it was for personal reasons.
8	87	refuse	/rɪˈfjuːz/	verb	sich weigern, etw. ablehnen	to say you will not do something that someone has asked you to do	When I asked him if he was still friends with Pepe, he refused to comment.
8	88	cheat	/tʃiːt/	verb	betrügen, schummeln	to behave dishonestly, or to not obey rules, for example in order to win a game or do well in an examination	She's clever. She doesn't have to cheat.
8	88	copy	/ˈkɒpi/	verb	etw. kopieren	to make a copy that is the same as the original thing	Another friend said that Laura had used a phone camera to take photos of Beth's homework and copied it at home.
8	88	evaluate	/ɪˈvæljuet/	verb	etw. beurteilen	to think carefully about something before making a judgment about its value, importance or quality	It's important to find more than one source for information in order to compare and evaluate the different sources of information.
8	88	exclude	/ɪkˈskluːd/	verb	jmdn./etw. ausschließen	to deliberately prevent someone or something from being involved in an activity or from entering a place	A friend told me that Laura had been excluded from school.
8	88	past	/pɑːst/	noun	die Vergangenheit	the past: the time before the present, and everything that happened then	She admitted that she'd copied some school work from the internet in the past.
8	88	steal	/stiːl/	verb	etw. stehlen	to take something that belongs to someone else without permission	Last year, someone said Beth had stolen a phone.
8	89	drive someone up the wall	/ˌdraɪv ˌsʌmwʌn ʌp ðə ˈwɔːl/	phrase	jmdm. auf den Wecker gehen	to annoy someone very much	My dad is always losing his phone. It drives Mum up the wall.
8	89	keep your shirt on	/ˌkiːp jə(r) ˈʃɜː(r)t ɒn/	phrase	Reg dich wieder ab!	used for telling someone who is beginning to get angry not to get annoyed	OK. Keep your shirt on. Calm down.
8	89	mad	/mæd/	adjective	wütend	angry	If I'm late, they get real mad.
8	89	voicemail	/ˈvɔɪsmel/	noun	die Voicemail	an electronic system that records and stores spoken messages from people	I did phone you. I got voicemail.
8	90	apostrophe	/əˈpɒstrəfi/	noun	der Apostroph	the symbol ' used in writing	Use apostrophes for short forms of verbs and possessive s.
8	90	capital letter	/ˈkæpɪt(ə)l ˌletə(r)/	noun	der Großbuchstabe	the large form of a letter, for example 'A' or 'B'	Use capital letters for names, nationalities, titles, days of the week and professions, titles of books, etc.
8	90	comma	/ˈkɒmə/	noun	das Komma	the symbol , used in writing and printing between parts of a sentence or between things in a list	Use commas in lists, to separate phrases and with direct speech.

8	90	exclamation mark	/ˌɛksklə'meɪf(ə)n ˌmɑː(r)k/	noun	das Ausrufezeichen	the mark ! used in writing to show that someone says something suddenly and loudly because they are surprised, impressed or angry	Use exclamation marks to indicate surprise or to add emphasis.
8	90	full stop	/ˌfʊl 'stɒp/	noun	der Punkt	the mark . used in writing at the end of sentences and abbreviations	Use full stops at the end of sentences.
8	90	headline	/ˈhedˌlaɪn/	noun	die Überschrift	the title of a newspaper story that is printed in large letters	A newspaper headline needs to be short and interesting.
8	90	look forward to	/lʊk 'fɔː(r)wə(r)d tə/	phrasal verb	sich auf etw. freuen	to feel happy and excited about something that is going to happen	I asked if she was looking forward to meeting her new students.
8	90	question mark	/ˈkwɛstʃ(ə)n ˌmɑː(r)k/	noun	das Fragezeichen	the symbol '?' that is used at the end of a sentence to show that it represents a question	Use question marks at the end of direct questions.
PC 7&8	92	average	/ˈæv(ə)rɪdʒ/	adjective	durchschnittlich	around a usual or ordinary level or standard: b) like most others of the same type	According to the United Nations, here in the United States, the average man and woman live until they are about 75 and 80 years old.
PC 7&8	92	life expectancy	/ˈlaɪf ɪkˌspektənsi/	noun	die Lebenserwartung	the length of time that someone is likely to live	However, there are still countries today where life expectancy is as low as around 45 and 47.
PC 7&8	92	pollution	/pəˈluːʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Verschmutzung	the process of damaging the air, water or land with chemicals or other substances	There didn't use to be so much pollution in the past because there were fewer people.
PC 7&8	93	charity	/ˈtʃærəti/	noun	karitative Einrichtung	an organisation to which you give money so that it can give money and help to people who are poor or ill, or who need advice and support	There had been rumours she was going to give all her money to a famous charity.
PC 7&8	93	press conference	/ˈpres ˌkɒnf(ə)rəns/	noun	die Pressekonferenz	an official meeting where someone makes a formal statement about a particular issue or event to journalists and answers their questions about it	There were about a hundred journalists and photographers at the press conference.
9	94	art	/ɑː(r)t/	noun	die Kunst	painting, drawing and sculpture as subjects you study	I have art every Tuesday after lunch.
9	94	biology	/baɪˈɒlədʒi/	noun	die Biologie	the scientific study of living things	We are studying different types of plants in biology.
9	94	boarding school	/ˈbɔː(r)dɪŋ ˌskuːl/	noun	das Internat	a school in which most or all of the students live during the part of the year that they go to lessons	My cousin goes to boarding school. During term time, she lives at her school.
9	94	chemistry	/ˈkemɪstri/	noun	die Chemie	the scientific study of the structure of substances and the way they react with other substances	I have to learn the periodic table for chemistry. There's a lot to remember.
9	94	course	/kɔː(r)s/	noun	der Kurs	a series of lessons or lectures in an academic subject or a practical skill	The beginner's course in Japanese starts next Tuesday at 4 o'clock.
9	94	design	/dɪˈzaɪn/	noun	das Design	the study of how to make things, especially how to give them a particular shape or appearance	I want to be a designer, so I'm going to study design at university.
9	94	drama	/ˈdraːmə/	noun	das Schauspiel	the study of plays	He's a really good actor. Drama is his best subject.
9	94	elementary school	/ˌelɪˈment(ə)ri ˌskuːl/	noun	die Grundschule	in the US, a school for children between the ages of five and about eleven. In the UK this is called a primary school	Jack is a nine-year-old elementary school student in California.
9	94	English	/ˈɪŋɡlɪʃ/	noun	das Englisch	this language and its literature as a subject that you study	I've been studying English for three years.

9	94	exam	/ɪgˈzæm/	noun	die Prüfung	an important test of your knowledge, especially one that you take at school or university	Harley has studied hard for his exams, so I'm sure he will do well.
9	94	geography	/dʒiːˈbɡrəfi/	noun	die Erdkunde	the study of the Earth's physical features and the people, plants and animals that live in different regions of the world	I'm interested in the natural world, so I like my geography lessons a lot.
9	94	high school	/ˈhaɪ ˌskuːl/	noun	die High-School	in the UK, a school for children between the ages of 11 and 18. In the US, a school for children between the ages of 14 and 18	I didn't like high school at first as there were so many big kids.
9	94	history	/ˈhɪst(ə)ri/	noun	die Geschichte	the study of the events of the past	I think it's important to study history, so we can understand what happened in the past.
9	94	IT	/,aɪ ˈtiː/	noun	die Informationstechnik	information technology: the use of computers and other electronic equipment to store, process and send information	She knows everything about computers. She's really good at IT.
9	94	kindergarten	/ˈkɪndə(r)ˌɡɑː(r)t(ə)n/	noun	der Kindergarten	the first year of formal education in the US, for children aged 5 or 6	In the US, the official school system generally starts with kindergarten when you're five.
9	94	language	/ˈlæŋɡwɪdʒ/	noun	die Sprache	the particular form of words and speech that is used by the people of a country, area or social group	He's very good at languages. He can speak English, French and Spanish, and he's just started studying Japanese.
9	94	maths	/mæθs/	noun	die Mathematik	the study or use of numbers and shapes to calculate, represent or describe things	I have a lot of maths homework to do, but I need help. I'm no good with numbers.
9	94	middle school	/ˈmɪd(ə)l ˌskuːl/	noun	die Middle School (5. und 6. Klasse)	a school in the UK for children between the ages of 8 and 12, after they leave infant school; a school in the US for children between the ages of 11 and 14, after they leave elementary school	In the US, you start middle school when you're eleven, and there are three grades.
9	94	music	/ˈmjuːzɪk/	noun	die Musik	the art or activity of writing, performing or studying music	He studies music, and one day he wants to be a composer.
9	94	nursery school	/ˈnɜː(r)s(ə)ri ˌskuːl/	noun	der Kindergarten, die Vorschule	a school for children between the ages of three and five	Many young children go to nursery school.
9	94	PE	/ˌpiː ˈiː/	noun	der Sportunterricht	physical education: a school subject in which you exercise and play sports	I think my favourite subject is PE. I love all kinds of sports.
9	94	physics	/ˈfɪzɪks/	noun	die Physik	the science that deals with heat, light and other forms of energy and how they affect objects	We often do experiments in our physics lessons.
9	94	primary school	/ˈpraɪməri ˌskuːl/	noun	die Grundschule	a school for children between the ages of four or five and eleven. In the UK, primary schools are sometimes divided into an infant school for the youngest children and a junior school	In the UK, most children have to start school when they're five, and they go to primary school.
9	94	private school	/ˈpraɪvət ˌskuːl/	noun	die Privatschule	a school providing education that the children's parents pay for directly	Some students pay to go to a private school.
9	94	public school	/ˈpʌblɪk ˌskuːl/	noun	die Privatschule (UK), von der Öffentlichkeit unterhaltene und teilweise beaufsichtigte Schule (USA)	in the UK, an expensive private school where students usually live as well as study. In the US, a school that is controlled and paid for by the government	In the US, the majority of students go to public schools.
9	94	science	/ˈsaɪəns/	noun	die Wissenschaft	the study and knowledge of the physical world and its behaviour that is based on experiments and facts that can be proved, and is organised into a system	My sister is really good at history and English, but I'm better than her at the science subjects.

9	94	secondary school	/ˈsekənd(ə)ri ˌskuːl/	noun	Schule im Sekundarbereich	a school for children between the ages of 11 and 16 or 18	In the UK, when you're eleven, you go to secondary school.
9	94	state school	/ˈstɛrt ˌskuːl/	noun	öffentliche Schule, staatliche Schule	in the UK, a school that is supported with money from the government and that provides a free education for children	Most students in the UK get a free education at a state school.
9	94	technology	/tekˈnɒlədʒi/	noun	die Technologie	advanced scientific knowledge used for practical purposes, especially in industry	His favourite subject is design and technology. He loves learning about how things are made.
9	94	term	/tɜː(r)m/	noun	das Trimester	one of the periods of time into which the year is divided for students	There are normally three terms in the school year.
9	94	university	/ˌjuːnɪˈvɜː(r)səti/	noun	die Universität	an educational institution where students study for degrees and where academic research is done	If I do well in my exams, I hope to go to university to study history.
9	95	except	/ɪkˈsept/	conjunction	ausgenommen	used for introducing a statement that makes what you have just said seem less true or less possible	I think our system is like the UK system, except that we don't have many boarding schools.
9	95	mixed	/mɪkst/	adjective	gemischt	for men and women, or for boys and girls	I go to a local school. It's mixed, so there are boys and girls.
9	95	maximum	/ˈmæksɪmə/	noun	das Maximum	the largest number, amount or degree that is allowed or is possible	We have a maximum of ten people in each class.
9	95	recreation	/ˌrekriˈeɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Erholung	things that you do to enjoy yourself	At my first school, we had lots of recreation time.
9	96	avalanche	/ˈævəˌlɑːntʃ/	noun	die Lawine	a large amount of snow and ice that suddenly falls down a mountain	There could be an avalanche, so they have to be careful.
9	96	bank	/bæŋk/	noun	das Flussufer	a raised area of land along the side of a river	They had to walk along the banks of the frozen river.
9	96	canoe	/kəˈnuː/	noun	das Kanu	a long narrow boat that you push through the water using a paddle	There are very few roads here, so he has to go to class on the school canoe.
9	96	compulsory	/kəmˈpʌlsəri/	adjective	obligatorisch, verpflichtend	something that is compulsory must be done because of a rule or law	In Faith and Moses' school in Kenya, shoes aren't compulsory until secondary school.
9	96	constant	/ˈkɒnstənt/	adjective	konstant	continuous or regular over a long period of time	In the Zaskar Valley in northern India, there is a constant risk of avalanches.
9	96	icy	/ˈaɪsi/	adjective	eisig	very cold, in an unpleasant way	They walked along the icy banks next to the frozen river.
9	96	mud	/mʌd/	noun	der Schlamm	very soft wet earth	The road is made of rocks and earth that turn into mud.
9	96	pick up	/pɪk ˈʌp/	phrasal verb	jmdn. mitnehmen	to take someone who is waiting by the road into your vehicle and take them somewhere	The canoe stops at various places along the river to pick up students.
9	96	rainy season	/ˈreɪni ˌsiːz(ə)n/	noun	die Regenzeit	the part of the year when large amounts of rain fall in some tropical regions of the world	The long journey can become dangerous in the rainy season.
9	96	rise	/raɪz/	verb	ansteigen	to increase in size, amount, quality or strength: b) if a sea, lake or other area of water rises, or if the tide rises, the amount of water in it increases and its level goes up	When it rains the river can quickly rise by two metres.
9	96	risk	/rɪsk/	noun	das Risiko	the possibility that something unpleasant or dangerous might happen	There's a constant risk of avalanches.
9	96	risk	/rɪsk/	verb	riskieren	to do something that makes it possible for something important or valuable to be destroyed, damaged or lost	They're literally risking their lives to get to school.
9	96	school run	/ˈskuːl ˌrʌn/	noun	privater Schülertransport (<i>durch Fahrgemeinschaften der Eltern</i>)	the journey by car to school each morning and back home each afternoon	My school run is much less dangerous than Anil and Dache's.

9	96	steep	/sti:p/	adjective	steil	a steep slope rises quickly and is difficult to climb	The banks of the river are very steep.
9	96	tough	/taʃ/	adjective	schwierig	difficult	Faith and Moses' school run sounds very tough.
9	96	trek	/trek/	noun	strapaziöse Wanderung	a walk that seems long and difficult	Their father tells them to follow him as they start a six-day trek up a frozen river.
9	97	soaking wet	/'səʊkɪŋ ,wet/	adjective	patschnass	extremely wet	I arrived at school soaking wet, and the teacher told me to go home and change.
9	97	traffic jam	/'træfɪk ,dʒæm/	noun	der Verkehrsstau	a line of vehicles waiting behind something that is blocking the road	This morning there was a huge traffic jam, so he asked me to get out and walk.
9	98	acrobat	/'ækɹə,bæt/	noun	der Akrobat/die Akrobatin	someone who can balance, jump and turn their body in skilful ways, especially as a form of entertainment	Jorge is an acrobat in a circus.
9	98	clown	/klaʊn/	noun	der Clown	a performer in a circus who wears funny clothes and makes people laugh by doing silly things	He's a clown in the circus. He's very funny.
9	98	juggle	/'dʒʌg(ə)l/	verb	jonglieren	to keep objects moving through the air by catching them as they fall and throwing them back into the air	I stayed at home and taught myself to juggle.
9	98	juggler	/'dʒʌglə(r)/	noun	der Jongleur/die Jongleurin	a person who juggles	I'm a self-taught juggler.
9	98	self-centred	/,self 'sentə(r)d/	adjective	egozentrisch	too interested in yourself, so that you do not think about what other people feel or need	He's very self-centred and talks about himself all the time.
9	98	self-confident	/,self 'kɒnfɪd(ə)nt/	adjective	selbstbewusst	feeling that you can do things well and that people respect you	Sally is the most self-confident person I know.
9	98	self-conscious	/,self 'kɒnfəs/	adjective	verlegen	embarrassed or worried about how you look or what other people think of you	I am quite a shy person and feel very self-conscious in social situations.
9	98	self-control	/,self kən'trəʊl/	noun	die Selbstbeherrschung	the ability to control your behaviour and not show strong emotions such as anger or sadness	Even though the man shouted at me, I had great self-control and stayed calm.
9	98	self-defence	/,self dɪ'fens/	noun	die Selbstverteidigung	actions that you take or force that you use in order to protect yourself	If you practise self-defence, you can defend yourself from attack.
9	98	self-discipline	/,self 'dɪsəplɪn/	noun	die Selbstdisziplin	the ability to control your behaviour so that you do what you should do	She has amazing self-discipline – she gets up at 5 o'clock every morning to go to the gym.
9	98	self-esteem	/,self ɪ'sti:m/	noun	das Selbstwertgefühl	the feeling that you are as important as other people and that you deserve to be treated well	Pete is a nice guy but he has very high self-esteem. He always thinks he's more important than everyone else.
9	98	self-pity	/,self 'pɪti/	noun	das Selbstmitleid	the feeling that your situation is worse than other people's and that people should feel sad for you	Stop feeling so much self-pity – it's not so bad you know!
9	98	self-sufficient	/,self sə'fɪʃ(ə)nt/	adjective	autark	able to provide everything that you need by yourself, without help from other people	My brother is very self-sufficient. He has supported himself since he was 17.
9	98	self-taught	/,self 'tɔ:t/	adjective	autodidaktisch	people who are self-taught have learned particular skills by themselves, instead of being taught by someone	Sandy is a self-taught painter. She never studied it formally.
9	98	tightrope walker	/'taɪt,rəʊp ,wɔ:kə(r)/	noun	der Seiltänzer/die Seiltänzerin	a person who walks on a piece of rope or wire high above the ground, usually in a circus	You need to have a good sense of balance to be a tightrope walker.
9	98	trapeze artist	/trə'pi:z ,ɑ:(r)tɪst/	noun	der Trapezkünstler/die Trapezkünstlerin	a person who performs on a short bar that hangs on two ropes from a high ceiling, usually in a circus	Trapeze artists do some extremely dangerous things.

9	99	development	/dr'veləpmənt/	noun	die Entwicklung	change, growth or improvement over a period of time	Personal development is very important.
9	99	express yourself	/ɪk'spres jə(r)'self/	phrase	sich ausdrücken	to talk in a way that other people can understand	We recognise that teenagers need to express themselves.
9	99	independence	/ˌɪndɪ'pendəns/	noun	die Unabhängigkeit	the ability to make decisions and live your life free from the control or influence of other people	We also believe in learner independence.
9	99	organic	/ɔ:(r)'gænɪk/	adjective	biologisch	organic food or drink is produced without using artificial chemicals	The canteen makes all its food itself with organic products.
9	100	compliment	/'kɒmplɪmənt/	noun	das Kompliment	something nice that you say to praise someone	The next time someone gives you a compliment, say thank you and smile.
9	100	insecure	/ˌɪnsɪ'kjʊə(r)/	adjective	unsicher	not confident about yourself	You'll see that everyone feels insecure about something.
9	100	insecurity	/ˌɪnsɪ'kjʊərəti/	noun	die Unsicherheit	the feeling of having no confidence in yourself	Focus on what you can do, not your insecurities.
9	100	strength	/streŋθ/	noun	die Stärke	something that someone does very well	I think the strength I am most proud of is that I am a good listener.
9	101	adventurous	/əd'ventʃ(ə)rəs/	adjective	abenteuerlustig	keen to try new or exciting things	You should try it. Go on! Be adventurous.
9	101	pessimistic	/ˌpesə'mɪstɪk/	adjective	pessimistisch	thinking that the worst thing will happen in every situation	Don't be so pessimistic. It won't be the same if you don't come.
9	102	expand	/ɪk'spænd/	verb	(etw.) expandieren	to become larger in size and fill more space: a) to make something become larger in size and fill more space	Because the school was so popular, we expanded in 2003.
9	102	facilities	/fə'sɪlətɪz/	noun	die Einrichtungen, die Anlagen	things such as rooms or pieces of equipment that are provided at a place for people to use	Because of these facilities, students are prepared to travel large distances to study here.
9	102	relatively	/'relatɪvli/	adverb	relativ	in comparison with someone or something similar	As it is a relatively new school, Fairfields has excellent facilities.
9	102	situated	/'sɪtʃueɪtɪd/	adjective	gelegen	in a particular place	The school is situated just outside Fairfields, in an area famous for its farming.
10	104	bag	/bæg/	noun	die Tasche	a container made of paper, plastic or cloth, used for carrying or storing things	My school bag is always full of books.
10	104	baggy	/'bægi/	adjective	sackartig, ausgebeult	baggy clothes are very loose on your body	In the eighties, trousers were baggy around the waist.
10	104	belt	/belt/	noun	der Gürtel	a narrow piece of leather or cloth that you wear around your waist, for example to keep your clothes in place or for decoration	You need a belt to keep your trousers up.
10	104	boot	/bu:t/	noun	der Stiefel	a type of shoe that covers all of your foot and part of your leg	My new boots look great, but they aren't very comfortable.
10	104	bracelet	/'breɪslət/	noun	der Armreif, das Armband	a piece of jewellery that you wear around your wrist	My boyfriend bought me a bracelet for my birthday.
10	104	button	/'bʌt(ə)n/	noun	der Knopf	a small round object that is used for fastening clothes by pushing it through a hole	In the seventies, trousers had buttons high above the waist.
10	104	coat	/kəʊt/	noun	der Mantel	a piece of clothing with long sleeves that you wear over your other clothes when you go outside	Now it's autumn I should start wearing a coat.
10	104	collar	/'kɒlə(r)/	noun	der Kragen	the part of a coat, shirt or dress that goes around your neck	In the eighties, shirts were worn with the collar turned up.
10	104	denim	/'denɪm/	noun	der Denim, der Jeansstoff	thick cotton cloth that is usually blue and is used especially to make jeans	Everybody from babies to grandparents wore denim.
10	104	dress	/dres/	noun	das Kleid	a piece of clothing that covers a woman's body and part of her legs	I love her dress. It looks really good on her.

10	104	earring	/ˈɪərɪŋ/	noun	der Ohrring	a piece of jewellery that you wear on your ear	She always wears enormous earrings.
10	104	glove	/glʌv/	noun	der Handschuh	a piece of clothing that covers your fingers and hands	You need gloves to keep your hands warm.
10	104	hat	/hæt/	noun	der Hut	a piece of clothing that you wear on your head	You need a hat to keep your head warm.
10	104	hoody/hoodie	/'hudi/	noun	der Kapuzenpullover	a piece of clothing with a hood that you wear on the top part of your body, usually made of thick cotton	I don't have a jacket. I usually just wear a hoodie.
10	104	jacket	/'dʒækɪt/	noun	die Jacke	a short coat that covers the upper part of the body and is made in many styles for different occasions and different kinds of weather	My brother gave me his old jacket, but it's too big for me.
10	104	jeans	/dʒi:nz/	noun (plural)	die Jeans	trousers made of heavy cotton cloth called denim that you wear in informal situations	You can't wear jeans at my school.
10	104	jewellery	/'dʒu:əlri/	noun	der Schmuck	objects that you wear as decoration. Types of jewellery include rings, which you wear on your finger, bracelets, which you wear on your wrist, and necklaces, which you wear around your neck	I don't wear much jewellery, but I do have a couple of rings.
10	104	leather	/'leðə(r)/	noun	das Leder	a strong material made from animal skin that is used for making shoes, clothes and bags	People have become more eco-friendly recently and non-leather bags and shoes have started to appear in shops.
10	104	match	/mætʃ/	verb	zusammenpassen	if one thing matches another, or if they match, they form an attractive combination	This T-shirt doesn't match this skirt.
10	104	patterned	/'pætə(r)nd/	adjective	gemustert	decorated with a pattern	In the seventies, people wore patterned shirts and trousers.
10	104	plain	/pleɪn/	adjective	einfarbig	simple in design, with no decoration	In the eighties, plain dark clothes replaced bright patterned clothes.
10	104	pocket	/'pɒkɪt/	noun	die Tasche	a small bag that forms part of a piece of clothing and is used for holding small objects	In the eighties, trousers had huge side pockets.
10	104	scarf	/ska:(r)f/	noun	das Halstuch	a piece of cloth that you wear around your neck or head to keep warm or to make yourself look nice	You need a scarf to keep your neck warm.
10	104	shirt	/ʃɜ:(r)t/	noun	das Hemd	a piece of men's clothing that covers the top part of the body	I have to wear a shirt when I go to my part-time job.
10	104	shoe	/fu:/	noun	der Schuh	something that you wear on each foot, usually over socks	My sister has thirty-two pairs of shoes!
10	104	shorts	/ʃɔ:(r)ts/	noun	die Shorts	short trousers that end at or above the knees	I wear shorts when I play football.
10	104	silk	/sɪlk/	noun	die Seide	thin smooth cloth made from the fibres produced by an insect called a silkworm	Smart silk shirts became very popular in the seventies.
10	104	skirt	/skɜ:(r)t/	noun	der Rock	a piece of clothing for a woman or girl. It hangs from the waist and is not joined between the legs	The girls at my school all wear skirts.
10	104	sleeve	/sli:v/	noun	der Ärmel	the part of a piece of clothing that covers your arm	T-shirts can have short or long sleeves.
10	104	sock	/sɒk/	noun	die Socke	a soft piece of clothing that you wear on your foot inside your shoe	Help! I've lost one of my socks.

10	104	suit	/su:t/	verb	passen, stehen	if a style or something that you wear suits you, it makes you look good	These trousers don't suit me. They're too old-fashioned.
10	104	sunglasses	/'sʌŋ,ɡla:sɪz/	noun (plural)	die Sonnenbrille	glasses with dark lenses that you wear to protect your eyes when the sun is bright	I got a new pair of sunglasses for my holiday.
10	104	sweater	/'swetə(r)/	noun	der Pullover	a warm piece of clothing that covers your upper body and arms	I bought a new sweater on Saturday. It's very warm.
10	104	swimming costume	/'swɪmɪŋ ,kɒstju:m/	noun	der Badeanzug	a piece of clothing worn for swimming, especially by women	I got a new swimming costume when I joined the swimming club.
10	104	swimming trunks	/'swɪmɪŋ ,trʌŋks/	noun	die Badehose	men's shorts worn for swimming and other sports	The boys in our swimming club all wear blue swimming trunks.
10	104	tie	/taɪ/	noun	die Krawatte	a long narrow piece of cloth that a man wears around his neck under the collar of a shirt	My dad wears a tie when he goes to work.
10	104	tight	/taɪt/	adjective	eng	clothes that are tight are close against your body when you wear them	In the seventies, trousers were tight at the top but wide after the knees.
10	104	tracksuit bottoms	/,træk,su:t 'bɒtəmz/	noun (plural)	die Jogginghose	loose trousers that you wear especially before or after exercising	We wear tracksuit bottoms when we do PE in winter.
10	104	tracksuit top	/,træk,su:t 'tɒp/	noun	die Trainingsjacke	a loose top that you wear especially before or after exercising	My PE teacher always wears a red tracksuit top.
10	104	trainers	/'treɪnə(r)z/	noun (plural)	die Turnschuhe	strong, comfortable shoes which are designed for doing sports in, but which many people wear as informal clothing	I often go running, so I have two pairs of trainers.
10	104	trousers	/'traʊzə(r)z/	noun (plural)	die Hose	a piece of clothing covering the body from the waist to the feet, divided into separate parts for each leg and worn by both men and women	A lot of the girls at my college prefer to wear trousers.
10	104	T-shirt	/'ti: ,ʃɜ:(r)t/	noun	das T-Shirt	a soft shirt that usually has short sleeves and no collar	His T-shirt has a picture of his favourite singer.
10	104	wear	/weə(r)/	verb	tragen	to have something on your body as clothing, decoration or protection	I never wear trainers.
10	104	wool	/wʊl/	noun	die Wolle	cloth made from the thick hair that grows on sheep and some other animals	Silk shirts and soft wool scarves were combined with jeans and trainers.
10	106	barefoot	/'beə(r),fut/	adjective	barfuß	without any shoes or socks on	Joe is usually barefoot.
10	106	be a hit	/bi e 'hɪt/	phrase	der Renner sein	to be very successful or popular	T-shirts became such a hit that soon everyone was wearing them.
10	106	chic	/ʃi:k/	adjective	schick	fashionable and attractive in style	Belts are often worn as a chic fashion accessory.
10	106	comfort	/'kʌmfə(r)t/	noun	die Bequemlichkeit	a physically relaxed state, without any pain or other unpleasant feelings	For Luna, standing out from the crowd is more important than comfort.
10	106	heel	/hi:l/	noun	der Absatz	the part underneath the back of a shoe	Recent stylish footwear designs for those who want to look different include high shoes without heels.
10	106	nightwear	/'naɪt,wəə(r)/	noun	die Nachtwäsche	clothes that you wear to sleep in	She spends whole days in her nightwear.
10	106	outfit	/'aʊtfɪt/	noun	die Kleidung, das Outfit	a set of clothes that are worn together	Ella likes comfortable outfits.
10	106	practical	/'præktɪk(ə)l/	adjective	praktisch	intended to be useful or suitable, not just fashionable or attractive	Belts can be both practical and fashionable.
10	106	pyjamas	/pə'dʒɑ:məz/	noun	der Pyjama	comfortable trousers and a shirt that you wear in bed	Some American schools banned pyjamas when students started wearing them to class.
10	106	sacrifice	/'sækrɪfaɪs/	verb	opfern	to give up something important or valuable so that you or other people can do or have something else	Luna doesn't mind sacrificing comfort.
10	106	stand out	/stænd 'aʊt/	phrasal verb	herausstechen, auffallen	to be easy to see or notice because of being different	Luna wants to stand out from the crowd.

10	107	stylish	/ˈstaɪlɪʃ/	adjective	modisch, stylisch	showing good judgment about how to look attractive and fashionable	The leather outfit in the shop was so stylish that I had to buy it.
10	108	affordable	/əˈfɔː(r)dəb(ə)l/	adjective	erschwinglich, bezahlbar	cheap enough for ordinary people to afford	These days, clothes are produced more cheaply, which means they are more affordable for people.
10	108	breakable	/ˈbreɪkəb(ə)l/	adjective	zerbrechlich	a breakable object will break easily if you are not careful with it	Be careful as this glass is very breakable.
10	108	downloadable	/ˌdaʊnˈləʊdəb(ə)l/	adjective	herunterladbar	able or allowed to be downloaded	You can listen to it online, but it isn't downloadable.
10	108	enjoyable	/ˈɪnˈdʒɔɪəb(ə)l/	adjective	unterhaltsam	something that is enjoyable gives you pleasure	That fashion show was really enjoyable.
10	108	linen	/ˈlɪnɪn/	noun	das Leinen	light cloth made from a plant called flax	The Egyptians were able to make linen from a plant called flax.
10	108	manageable	/ˈmænɪdʒəb(ə)l/	adjective	überschaubar, machbar	able to be dealt with or controlled easily	I have a lot of work to do, but I think it's manageable.
10	108	man-made	/ˈmænˌmeɪd/	adjective	künstlich hergestellt	something that is man-made has been made by people and does not exist naturally	Today we are able to buy clothes in mixes of natural and man-made materials.
10	108	reasonable	/ˈriːz(ə)nəb(ə)l/	adjective	vernünftig	someone who is reasonable behaves in a sensible and fair way	If you explain what the problem is, I'm sure he'll understand. He's very reasonable.
10	108	recyclable	/rɪˈsaɪkləb(ə)l/	adjective	wiederverwertbar	able to be recycled	This material is recyclable, so it's eco-friendly.
10	108	reliable	/rɪˈlaɪəb(ə)l/	adjective	zuverlässig	a reliable person is someone who you can trust to behave well, work hard or do what you expect them to do	My brother isn't very reliable. He's always late.
10	108	respectable	/rɪˈspektəb(ə)l/	adjective	seriös	obeying the moral or social standards that are accepted by most people	He's very respectable, and he always wears smart clothes.
10	108	status	/ˈsteɪtəs/	noun	der Status	the level of importance or progress in a particular situation or discussion	They can even show you your status update or a video clip on a built-in screen.
10	108	suitable	/ˈsuːtəb(ə)l/	adjective	passend, geeignet	right for a particular purpose, person or situation	I'm not sure if this dress is suitable for a camping trip.
10	108	wearable	/ˈweə(r)əb(ə)l/	adjective	tragbar	able to be worn	Thanks to wearable technology, Future Fashion clothes can already power lights using energy from your body movements.
10	109	scholarship	/ˈskɒlə(r)ʃɪp/	noun	das Stipendium	an amount of money that an organisation gives to someone so that they can study at a particular school or university	I studied fashion design in London. I wasn't able to get a scholarship and I had to borrow a lot of money.
10	109	sewing machine	/ˈsəʊɪŋ məˌʃiːn/	noun	die Nähmaschine	a machine used for sewing cloth	As soon as I could use a sewing machine, I started to make my own clothes.
10	110	allowance	/əˈlaʊəns/	noun	die Beihilfe	an amount of money that someone receives regularly, in order to pay for the things they need	If you wait until you get your allowance next week, you'll be able to buy it then.
10	110	cruel	/ˈkruːəl/	adjective	grausam	someone who is cruel enjoys causing pain to other people or animals, or enjoys making them unhappy or upset	I think it's important to buy products or materials that are not cruel to animals.
10	110	eco-friendly	/ˌiːkəʊ ˈfren(d)li/	adjective	umweltfreundlich	designed to cause as little harm as possible to the environment	It's an eco-friendly bag for people who care about the environment.
10	110	exploit	/ɪkˈsplɔɪt/	verb	jmdn. ausbeuten, jmdn. ausnutzen	to treat someone unfairly in order to get some benefit for yourself	It looks as if it's good quality and it doesn't exploit people; both those things are important to me.
10	110	fair trade	/ˌfeə(r) ˈtreɪd/	noun	Fairer Handel	the principle of charging a price for goods that does not put producers in developing countries (=poorer countries with less industry) at a disadvantage	This one's fair trade; it's made by workers who are given a fair price for their product.

10	110	label	/ˈleɪb(ə)l/	noun	das Etikett	a piece of paper or material fastened to an object that gives information about it	The label says it's for people who care about the environment and animal rights.
10	110	vegan	/ˈviːɡən/	noun	vegan	someone who chooses not to eat anything made from animals or fish, including eggs, milk and cheese	It's a vegan bag for people who care about animal rights.
10	112	kit	/kɪt/	noun	die Ausrüstung	clothes and equipment needed for a sport	The football kit includes a shirt, shorts and long socks.
10	112	mark	/maː(r)k/	noun	der Fleck	an area of an unpleasant substance such as dirt or oil on the surface of something that is different in colour from the rest: a) a damaged area on the surface of something	Neither the kit nor the boots have any marks and are in good condition.
10	112	matching	/ˈmætʃɪŋ/	adjective	zusammenpassend	with the same colour, pattern or design	It includes a dark blue cotton shirt with a matching pair of shorts.
10	113	footwear	/ˈfʊt,weə(r)/	noun	die Fußbekleidung	things that you wear on your feet, such as shoes or boots	Flat leather sandals are good footwear for the summer.
10	113	homemade	/ˈhəʊm,meɪd/	adjective	selbstgemacht	made in someone's home rather than in a factory	Homemade clothes are easily manageable if you have your own sewing machine.
10	113	underwear	/ˈʌndə(r),weə(r)/	noun	die Unterwäsche	clothing that you wear next to your skin under your other clothes	Paper underwear is not very soft, but it's 100% recyclable.
PC 9&10	114	attention	/əˈtenʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Aufmerksamkeit	special care, help or treatment for someone or something	At home they can have individual attention.
PC 9&10	114	combine	/kəmˈbaɪn/	verb	kombinieren	if you combine things, or if they combine, you use, do or put them together	Homeschooling meant Venus and Serena were able to combine classes with training.
PC 9&10	114	forum	/ˈfɔːrəm/	noun	das Forum	a website, newspaper or television programme where people can express their ideas and opinions	Go to our forum and leave your opinion there.
PC 9&10	115	handle	/ˈhænd(ə)l/	noun	der Griff	the part of a door or window that you use for opening it	Turn the key before you turn the handle down again.
PC 9&10	115	smile	/smaɪl/	noun	das Lächeln	an expression on your face in which you raise the corners of your mouth because you are happy, pleased or being friendly, or because you think something is funny	You've got a lovely smile.
ER	116	argument	/ˈɑː(r)ɡjʊmənt/	noun	der Streit	an angry disagreement between people	Kara smiled at a man and a woman having an argument in a black Ford.
ER	116	disappear	/ˌdɪsəˈpiə(r)/	verb	verschwinden	if someone or something disappears, they move somewhere where they can no longer be seen	Then suddenly the trees disappeared and all they could see was the road in front of them.
ER	116	motorway	/ˈməʊtə(r),weɪ/	noun	die Autobahn	a wide road with several lanes of traffic going in each direction, built for fast travel over long distances	Kara looked out of the car window at the other cars driving past on the motorway.
ER	116	yawn	/jɔːn/	verb	gähnen	to open your mouth wide and take a big breath, usually because you are tired or bored	Is it far?' Martin asked, yawning in the backseat.
ER	117	darkness	/ˈdɑː(r)knəs/	noun	die Dunkelheit	the lack of light, especially because it is night	Kara looked around her, but she couldn't see far in the darkness.
ER	117	whisper	/ˈwɪspə(r)/	verb	flüstern	to say something very quietly so that other people cannot hear you	As Kara was closing the gate, she thought she heard a voice whispering in her ear.
ER	118	adventure	/ədˈventʃə(r)/	noun	das Abenteuer	an exciting, unusual and sometimes dangerous experience	They either go because they have no money, or because they are very rich, and they want an adventure.
ER	118	foolish	/ˈfuːlɪʃ/	adjective	dumm, töricht	lacking good sense and judgment	She told me that she would not help me to do foolish things with my life.

ER	118	merchant	/'mɜː(r)tʃ(ə)nt/	noun	der Kaufmann/die Kauffrau	an old word meaning 'someone who buys and sells goods'	He made his money as a merchant – buying and selling things – and came to live in York.
ER	118	rough	/rʌf/	adjective	grob, rau	with a surface that is not smooth: a) used about the surface of a lake, river or sea that has a lot of waves, often because the weather is bad	The sea was very rough, and waves that were as high as mountains broke over the ship every few minutes.
ER	119	pray	/preɪ/	verb	beten	to speak to God or a saint, for example to give thanks or ask for help	We all prayed for our lives.
ER	119	leak	/liːk/	noun	das Leck	a hole or crack in an object or container that a liquid or gas comes out of	One of the men told us there was a leak in the ship – water was coming in.