

Page No.	Headword English	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Translation (German)	Definition	Example Sentence
Starter						
6	different	/ˈdɪfrənt/	adjective	verschieden	not the same as another person or thing, or not the same as before	The students are from different countries.
6	eat	/i:t/	verb	essen	to put food into your mouth and swallow it	You can eat different food at summer camp.
6	friend	/frend/	noun	der Freund	someone you know well and like, but who is not a member of your family	You can meet new friends at summer camp.
6	German	/ˈdʒɜ:(r)mən/	adjective	deutsch	someone who is German is from Germany	She's German. She lives in Hamburg.
6	Italian	/ɪˈtæljən/	adjective	italienisch	someone who is Italian is from Italy	Hello. I'm Italian. My name's Antonio.
6	Japanese	/ˌdʒæpəˈni:z/	adjective	japanisch	someone who is Japanese is from Japan	Hi. We're Japanese. Our names are Kaori and Shiro.
6	meet	/mi:t/	verb	treffen	to be introduced to someone who you do not know	You can meet students from different countries at summer camp.
6	Mexican	/ˈmeksɪkən/	adjective	mexikanisch	someone who is Mexican is from Mexico	I'm from Mexico City. I'm Mexican.
6	Russian	/ˈrʌʃ(ə)n/	adjective	russisch	someone who is Russian is from Russia	This is Sergei and his brother, Pavel. They're Russian.
6	Spanish	/ˈspæniʃ/	adjective	spanisch	someone who is Spanish is from Spain	This is Silvia. She's Spanish.
6	speak	/spi:k/	verb	sprechen	to use your voice to talk	You can speak in English at summer camp.
6	summer camp	/ˈsʌmə(r) ˌkæmp/	noun	das Ferienlager	a place where children can go to stay in the summer holiday and do different activities	It's the first day of Marta's summer camp.
6	Turkish	/ˈtɜ:(r)kiʃ/	adjective	türkisch	someone who is Turkish is from Turkey	Hello. I'm Turkish. My name's Alara.
6	welcome	/ˈwelkəm/	interjection	Willkommen	used for welcoming someone to a place	Welcome to the English summer camp.
7	birthday	/ˈbɜ:(r)θdeɪ/	noun	das Geburtstag	the date each year on which you were born	It's my birthday today. I'm 12.
7	student	/ˈstju:d(ə)nt/	noun	der Student, die Studentin	someone who goes to a university, college or school	There's another student called Esteban.
7	surname	/ˈsɜ:(r)neɪm/	noun	der Nachname	the name that you share with other members of your family	My name's Marta Esteban. Esteban is my surname.
8	read	/ri:d/	verb	lesen	to look at and understand words in a letter, book, newspaper, etc	I read books every day.
8	board	/bɔ:(r)d/	noun	die Tafel	a flat wide surface such as a noticeboard or blackboard used for showing information	Look at the board.
8	chair	/tʃeə(r)/	noun	der Stuhl	a piece of furniture for one person to sit on, with a back, legs and sometimes two arms	Sit on a chair.
8	check	/tʃek/	verb	überprüfen	to look at something in order to find out whether it is how it should be	The teacher checks our homework.

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8	clock	/klɒk/	noun	die Uhr	an object that shows the time	Look at the clock. It's nearly time to go home.
8	computer	/kəm'pjʊ:tə(r)/	noun	der Computer	a machine that stores programs and information in electronic form and can be used for writing, calculating and communicating on the internet	We have three computers in our classroom.
8	desk	/desk/	noun	der Schreibtisch	a table that you sit at to write or work, often with drawers in it	The students sit at their desks.
8	door	/dɔ:(r)/	noun	die Tür	a large flat object that you open when you want to enter or leave a building, room or vehicle	This is your classroom with the green door.
8	floor	/flɔ:(r)/	noun	der Boden	the flat area that you walk on inside a building or room	We put our bags on the floor.
8	light	/laɪt/	noun	das Licht	an electronic device that produces light	I can't see. Turn the light on, please.
8	listen	/'lɪs(ə)n/	verb	zuhören	to pay attention to a sound, or to try to hear a sound	We listen to the teacher read a story.
8	pen	/pen/	noun	der Füller	an object that you use for writing or drawing with ink	My pen's blue.
8	poster	/'pəʊstə(r)/	noun	das Poster	a large printed notice or picture that you put on a wall for decoration or to give information	There are lots of posters on the wall in our classroom.
8	repeat	/rɪ'pi:t/	verb	wiederholen	to say something again	The teacher says the words, and we repeat them.
8	table	/'teɪb(ə)l/	noun	der Tisch	a piece of furniture that consists of a flat surface with four legs	We sit at the table to have dinner.
8	wall	/wɔ:l/	noun	die Wand	an upright side of a room inside a building	There are lots of posters on the wall.
8	window	/'wɪndəʊ/	noun	das Fenster	an opening in a wall with glass in it that lets you see what is outside	Look out of the window. It's sunny.
8	write	/raɪt/	verb	schreiben	to use a pen to make words, numbers or symbols	Please write the sentences on the board.
9	glasses	/'glɑ:sɪz/	noun	die Brille	an object that you wear in front of your eyes to help you see better. You usually get your glasses from an optician	Where are my glasses?
9	spell	/spel/	verb	schreiben	to know the letters of a word in the correct order	How do you spell keys? K-E-Y-S.
9	tomorrow	/tə'mɒrəʊ/	adverb	morgen	on the day after today	Goodbye! See you tomorrow!

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10	airport	/ˈeə(r)pɔː(r)t/	noun	der Flughafen	a place where planes arrive and leave	Most visitors arrive at Melbourne Airport.
10	building	/ˈbɪldɪŋ/	noun	das Gebäude	a structure made of a strong material such as stone or wood that has a roof and walls, for example, a house	There are lots of tall buildings in my city.
10	café	/ˈkæfeɪ/	noun	das Café	an informal restaurant where you can get simple cheap meals and drinks	I often have lunch at a café on Saturdays.
10	castle	/ˈkɑːs(ə)l/	noun	das Schloss	a large strong building with thick walls, built in the past to protect the people inside from being attacked	When we have visitors we do a tour of Overnewton Castle.
10	cinema	/ˈsɪnəmə/	noun	das Kino	a building where you pay to go and watch a film	There are also many good shops and cinemas.
10	city	/ˈsɪti/	noun	die Stadt	a large important town	The city of Osaka has two main centres: Namba and Umeda.
10	city centre	/ˌsɪti ˈsentə(r)/	noun	das Stadtzentrum	the part of a city where the main shops and businesses are	The station's in the city centre near the library.
10	flat	/flæt/	noun	die Wohnung	a set of rooms for living in, usually on one floor of a large building	The Melbourne Museum is about ten minutes from our flat.
10	house	/haʊs/	noun	das Haus	a building for living in, usually where only one family lives	It's very noisy in our house.
10	library	/ˈlaɪbrəri/	noun	die Bibliothek, die Bücherei	a place where books, documents, CDs, etc are available for you to look at or borrow	I'm going to the library to get some books.
10	museum	/mjuːˈzi:əm/	noun	das Museum	a building where many valuable and important objects are kept so that people can go and see them	She wants to go to the art museum.
10	park	/pɑː(r)k/	noun	der Park	in a town, an open public area with grass and trees, often with sports fields or places for children to play	Have a picnic in the beautiful park next to the castle.
10	restaurant	/ˈrest(ə)rɒnt/	noun	das Restaurant	a building or room where meals and drinks are sold to customers sitting at tables	My parents have got a restaurant and we live over the restaurant.
10	school	/sku:l/	noun	die Schule	a place where children go to learn	School starts at 8.30am and we have lunch at 11am.
10	shopping centre	/ˈʃɒpɪŋ ˌsentə(r)/	noun	das Einkaufszentrum	an area where a group of different shops and businesses such as banks and restaurants are all built next to each other	Near the station in Umeda, there's a big shopping centre under the city.
10	sports centre	/ˈspɔː(r)ts ˌsentə(r)/	noun	das Sportzentrum	a building where you can go to do different sports and other activities	I play badminton at the sports centre every weekend.

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10	square	/ˈskweə(r)/	noun	der Platz	an open area of land in the shape of a square, usually with buildings around it	My favourite place is Federation Square or Fed Square.
10	stadium	/ˈsteɪdiəm/	noun	das Stadion	a large building, usually without a roof, where people watch sports events such as football matches or races	I sometimes go to the stadium with my dad. We watch cricket and Australian football.
10	station	/ˈsteɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Station	a building or place where buses, trains, or other public vehicles stop so that passengers can get on or off	The station's in the city centre near the library.
10	swimming pool	/ˈswɪmɪŋ ˌpuːl/	noun	das Schwimmbad	a large structure filled with water for people to swim in	I often go swimming after school. My school is next to the swimming pool.
10	theatre	/ˈθiətə(r)/	noun	das Theater	a building, room, or outside area used for performing plays	You can watch plays at the theatre.
10	theme park	/ˈθi:m ˌpɑː(r)k/	noun	der Freizeitpark	a large park where people pay to play games, go on rides and have fun	In the summer we sometimes go to Luna Park theme park.
10	tower	/ˈtaʊə(r)/	noun	der Turm	a tall narrow structure or building that stands alone	When we have visitors, we go to Eureka Tower. The city looks fantastic from up there!
10	town	/taʊn/	noun	die Kleinstadt	a place where people live and work that is larger than a village but smaller than a city	I usually go into town by bus.
10	town centre	/ˌtaʊn ˈsentə(r)/	noun	die Innenstadt	the part of a town where most of the shops, banks, restaurants or bars are	The shopping centre is in the town centre.
10	zoo	/zuː/	noun	der Tierpark, der Zoo	a large place where many types of wild animals are kept, usually in cages, so that people can see them	I like animals. I often go to the zoo with my family.
11	busy	/ˈbɪzi/	adjective	belebt	full of people and having a lot of traffic passing through	Melbourne is a busy place and there are a lot of things to do and see.
11	fantastic	/fænˈtæstɪk/	adjective	fantastisch	extremely good or pleasant	There are fantastic rides at Luna Park.
11	favourite	/ˈfeɪv(ə)rət/	noun	Lieblings-	your favourite person or thing is the one that you like the best	My favourite place is the shopping centre because I live shopping.
11	free	/friː/	adjective	kostenlos	something that is free does not cost anything	Sometimes there are free films at the library.
11	guys	/gaɪs/	noun	Leute	used for talking to a group of people	Hi, guys, let me show you my city!
11	hang out	/hæŋ ˈaʊt/	phrasal verb	abhängen	to spend time in a particular place or with particular people	It's a great place to hang out with friends.
11	modern	/ˈmɒdə(r)n/	adjective	modern	using new styles that are very different from the styles of the past	Melbourne airport is really modern.

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11	ride	/raɪd/	noun	die Attraktion	a machine at a theme park that people ride in for fun	The theme park has some fantastic rides.
12	boring	/'bɔːrɪŋ/	adjective	langweilig	not interesting	I think the library sounds boring.
12	guide	/gaɪd/	noun	der Reiseführer, die Reiseführerin	an article or book about a city, country or area	I like reading online city guides.
12	guidebook	/'gaɪd,bʊk/	noun	der Reiseführer	a book for tourists that provides information about a place	You can get a lot of information from guidebooks.
12	history	/'hɪst(ə)ri/	noun	die Geschichte	the things that happened in a place or to a group of people in the past	In the main tower there's a museum about the tower's long history.
12	interesting	/'ɪntrəstɪŋ/	adjective	interessant	something that is interesting makes you want to know about it or take part in it	The Banraku Theatre sounds interesting.
12	learn	/lɜː(r)n/	verb	lernen	to get knowledge or experience of something, for example, by being taught	You can learn about Japanese history in the museum.
12	picnic	/'pɪknɪk/	noun	das Picknick	a meal eaten outside, especially in the countryside	Visit the castle in the spring and have a picnic in the beautiful park next to it.
12	popular	/'pɒpjʊlə(r)/	adjective	beliebt	a popular activity, place, thing, etc is one that many people like	Osaka Castle is very popular with visitors.
12	puppet	/'pʌpɪt/	noun	die Handpuppe	a small model of a person or animal that you can move by putting your hand inside it	In Namba at the famous Bunraku Theatre you can see plays with one-metre-high Japanese puppets.
12	sister city	/'sɪstə(r) ,sɪti/	noun	die Partnerstadt	a city that has a formal connection with another city in a different country	Melbourne has six sister cities.
12	twin town	/'twɪn ,taʊn/	noun	die Partnerstadt	a town that has a formal connection with another town in a different country	Our town has a twin town in Germany.
12	visit	/'vɪzɪt/	verb	besuchen	to go to a place for a short period of time	I want to visit Osaka in the spring.
12	wheel	/wiːl/	noun	das Rad	a round object that turns round and round	The HEP Five shopping centre is also there and it's got a hundred-metre-tall big wheel on the roof!
13	farm	/fɑː(r)m/	noun	der Landwirtschafts-betrieb, der Bauernhof	an area of land and its buildings, used for growing vegetables or keeping animals	There aren't any big farms in New York City.
13	quiet	/'kwaɪət/	adjective	ruhig	making very little or no noise	There aren't a lot of quiet places in New York City.
14	aunt	/ɑːnt/	noun	die Tante	the sister of your mother or father, or the wife of your uncle	Antonio's mum has two sisters – Antonio's aunts.
14	brother	/'brʌðə(r)/	noun	der Bruder	a boy or man who has the same parents as you	Akari has four brothers.

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14	child	/tʃaɪld/	noun	das Kind	a child who has no brothers or sisters	I'm an only child and it's just me and my mum at home.
14	cousin	/'kʌz(ə)n/	noun	der Cousin, die Cousine	a child of your uncle or aunt.	But I've got lots of aunts and uncles and cousins.
14	dad	/dæd/	noun	der Vati	your father	In my family there's my mum and my dad, my sister Rose and me – just the four of us.
14	daughter	/'dɔ:tə(r)/	noun	die Tochter	your female child	He's their son. His sister is their daughter.
14	father	/'fɑ:ðə(r)/	noun	der Vater	your male parent	Jessie's father lives in a different house.
14	grandad	/'græn(d),dæd/	noun	der Opa	a grandfather	My grandad loves watching TV.
14	grandchild	/'græn(d),tʃaɪld/	noun	das Enkelkind	the son or daughter of one of your children	My grandparents have ten grandchildren.
14	granddaughter	/'græn(d),dɔ:tə(r)/	noun	die Enkelin	the daughter of one of your children	Akari's grandparents live with her family. She's their granddaughter.
14	grandfather	/'græn(d),fɑ:ðə(r)/	noun	der Großvater	the father of one of your parents	My grandfather is 80 years old.
14	grandma	/'græn(d),mɑ:/	noun	die Oma	a grandmother	My grandma and grandad live very far away.
14	grandmother	/'græn(d),mʌðə(r)/	noun	die Großmutter	the mother of one of your parents	My grandmother is very good at cooking.
14	grandparent	/'græn(d),peərənt/	noun	Opa/Oma	the mother or father of your mother or father	My grandparents – my grandma and grandad – live with us – and they watch TV all the time.
14	grandson	/'græn(d),sʌn/	noun	der Enkel	the son of one of your children	She's their granddaughter. Her four brothers are their grandsons.
14	husband	/'hʌzbənd/	noun	der Ehemann	the man that a woman is married to	Jessie's mum is married to a new husband.
14	married	/'mærid/	adjective	verheiratet	someone who is married has been formally joined in marriage with another person	But my mum and my dad are both married to other people now.
14	mother	/'mʌðə(r)/	noun	die Mutter	your female parent	His mother is a doctor.
14	mum	/mʌm/	noun	die Mutti	a mother	Her mum is married to someone else now.
14	parent	/'peərənt/	noun	der Elternteil	a mother or father	Riley lives with his sister and his parents.
14	sister	/'sɪstə(r)/	noun	die Schwester	a daughter of your parents	I've got a brother and a sister.
14	son	/sʌn/	noun	der Sohn	your male child	My grandparents' son is my father.
14	uncle	/'ʌŋk(ə)l/	noun	der Onkel	the brother of one of your parents, or the husband of your aunt	Antonio's mum has three brothers – Antonio's uncles.
14	wife	/waɪf/	noun	die Ehefrau	the woman that a man is married to	My dad's wife has got three children.
15	chat	/tʃæt/	verb	plaudern	to talk in a friendly way	We often chat online.
15	pet	/pet/	noun	das Haustier	an animal or bird that you keep in your home and look after	We haven't got any pets.

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16	formal	/ˈfɔː(r)m(ə)l/	adjective	formell	suitable for official or serious situations or occasions	Use a formal greeting with people you don't know.
16	greet	/ɡri:t/	verb	begrüßen	to behave in a polite or friendly way towards someone when you meet them	It's important to use people's names when you greet them.
16	greeting	/ˈɡriːtɪŋ/	noun	die Begrüßung	something polite or friendly that you say or do when you meet someone	Something like 'Good afternoon' is a formal greeting.
16	health	/helθ/	noun	die Gesundheit	the condition of your body, especially whether or not you are ill	Ask about somebody's health: 'How are you?'
16	hug	/hʌɡ/	verb	umarmen	to put your arms round someone to show your love or friendship	In the UK only hug or kiss good friends or family.
16	informal	/ɪnˈfɔː(r)m(ə)l/	adjective	informell, locker	relaxed and friendly	Use an informal greeting with friends.
16	respect	/rɪˈspekt/	noun	der Respekt	a feeling that you show for someone by treating them in a polite and kind way	It's important to say hello to people in the right way. Be friendly, but show respect.
16	smile	/smaɪl/	verb	lächeln	to raise the corners of your mouth when you are happy, pleased or being friendly, or when you think something is funny	In the UK, smile when you greet someone.
16	special	/ˈspeʃ(ə)l/	adjective	einzigartig	different from and usually better than what is normal or ordinary	Use people's names, so they feel special.
16	stranger	/ˈstreɪndʒə(r)/	noun	der Fremder	someone who you do not know	Use a formal greeting with strangers, older people, teachers, etc.
17	corner	/ˈkɔː(r)nə(r)/	noun	die Ecke	a place where two roads or paths meet	It's just round the corner. You can't miss it.
17	directions	/daɪˈrekʃ(ə)nz/	noun	die Wegbeschreibung	instructions for getting to a place	I can't give directions. I'm lost too!
17	miss	/mɪs/	verb	verpassen	to fail to notice or understand something	You can't miss it. It's next to the library.
17	straight on	/streɪt ˈɒn/	adverb	geradeaus	without turning	Go straight on for 200 metres. It's on the left.
17	turn	/tɜː(r)n/	verb	drehen	to change the direction in which you are moving or travelling	Turn left. Then take the second right. It's next to the museum.
18	canal	/kəˈnæl/	noun	der Kanal	a channel of water	Some people call St Petersburg 'Venice of the North' because of the city's rivers and canals.
18	famous	/ˈfeɪməs/	adjective	berühmt	if someone or something is famous, a lot of people know their name or have heard about them	I love my city. It's got lots of beautiful parks and famous old buildings like the Hermitage Art Museum.
19	noisy	/ˈnɔɪzi/	adjective	laut	making a lot of noise	And there's often music in the square next to Paolo's Pizza Place, so it's quite noisy!

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20	breakfast	/ˈbrekfəst/	noun	das Frühstück	the first meal you have in the morning	I have breakfast at 8am.
20	brush	/brʌʃ/	verb	bürsten	to make something clean or tidy using a brush	I brush my hair every morning and every night.
20	clean	/kli:n/	verb	putzen	to remove the dirt from something	I clean my teeth after breakfast.
20	dinner	/ˈdɪnə(r)/	noun	das Abendessen	the main meal of the day, eaten in the evening or at midday	We have dinner at 7pm.
20	finish	/ˈfɪnɪʃ/	verb	beenden	to do the last part of something so that it is complete	I finish school at 4 o'clock.
20	get	/get/	verb	nach ... kommen	to move to or from a position or place	I get home at four thirty on Mondays.
20	get dressed	/get ˈdrets/	phrase	anziehen	to put your clothes on	I get dressed after I have a shower.
20	get up	/get ˈʌp/	phrasal verb	aufstehen	to get out of bed after sleeping	I get up at half past seven.
20	have a shower	/hæv ə ˈʃaʊə(r)/	phrase	duschen	the activity of washing yourself by standing under a shower	I have a shower at 8 o'clock in the evening.
20	home	/həʊm/	noun	das Haus	the place where you live	I go home by bus.
20	homework	/ˈhəʊm,wɜ:(r)k/	noun	die Hausaufgaben	work that a teacher gives a student to do out of class	I do my homework at 7pm.
20	lunch	/lʌntʃ/	noun	das Mittagessen	a meal that you eat in the middle of the day	I have lunch at 1 o'clock.
20	pack	/pæk/	verb	packen	to put your possessions into a bag, case or box so that you can take or send them somewhere	I have breakfast, then I pack my bag.
20	wake up	/weɪk ˈʌp/	phrasal verb	aufwachen	to stop sleeping	I wake up at 7am and have a shower.
22	the Arctic Circle	/ðə ˈɑ:(r)ktɪk ˌsɜ:(r)k(ə)l/	noun	der nördliche Polarkreis	an imaginary line around the Earth near the north pole	Tromsø is in the north of Norway. It's above the Arctic Circle.
22	barbecue	/ˈbɑ:(r)bɪkju:/	noun	der Grill	a meal at which meat and other food is cooked and eaten outside	We go to the beach and have a barbecue.
22	beach	/bi:tʃ/	noun	der Strand	an area of sand or small stones beside the sea or a lake	There's a beach near my house.
22	celebrate	/ˈseləbreɪt/	verb	feiern	to do something enjoyable in order to show that an occasion or event is special	On June 23rd we celebrate Midsummer's Eve.
22	midnight	/ˈmɪdˌnaɪt/	noun	die Mitternacht	twelve o'clock at night	You can see the sun at midnight.
22	the Northern Lights	/ðə ˈnɔ:(r)ðə(r)n ˌlaɪts/	noun	das Polarlicht, das Nordlicht	colourful bands of light that you can sometimes see in the sky in northern parts of the world	Winter's a good time to see the Northern Lights.
22	shine	/ʃaɪn/	verb	scheinen	if the sun shines, it produces a bright light and the weather is usually warm	There are 60 days in the summer when the sun shines 24 hours a day.

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22	snow	/snəʊ/	verb	schneien	if it snows, snow falls from the sky	It snows a lot and it's really cold.
22	summer	/ˈsʌmə(r)/	noun	der Sommer	the season between spring and autumn, when the weather is hottest	The summer here is very short.
22	tired	/ˈtaɪə(r)d/	adjective	müde	needing to rest or sleep	But if you stay at home you feel tired and sad, so people go out.
22	winter	/ˈwɪntə(r)/	noun	der Winter	the season after autumn and before spring, when it is usually cold	It's very cold in the winter.
23	call	/kɔ:l/	verb	anrufen	to telephone someone	I call her on Sunday at 9 o'clock in the morning when it's 9 o'clock at night for her.
23	come up	/kʌm ˈʌp/	phrasal verb	aufgehen	if the sun, moon or stars come up, they start to appear in the sky	In Addu City the sun always comes up at 6 o'clock.
23	cross	/krɒs/	verb	kreuzen	if things such as roads or lines cross, they go across each other	The equator crosses the Maldives, so the temperature stays at about 30°C all day.
23	equator	/ɪˈkwetə(r)/	noun	der Äquator	an imaginary line that goes round the Earth and divides it into the northern and southern hemispheres	The equator goes round the middle of the Earth.
23	go down	/gəʊ ˈdaʊn/	phrasal verb	untergehen	when the sun or moon goes down, it moves below the horizon so you cannot see it any longer	In Addu City the sun always goes down at 6 o'clock.
23	pen pal	/ˈpen ˌpæl/	noun	der Brieffreund, die Brieffreundin	someone who you regularly write friendly letters to but have never met	I live in Auckland in New Zealand, and my pen pal lives in Seville in Spain.
23	rain	/reɪn/	verb	der Regen	if it rains, water falls in drops from clouds in the sky	From May to November it's windy and some days it rains.
23	regular	/ˈregjʊlə(r)/	adjective	regelmäßig	arranged so that there is the same amount of time between events	Days are very regular too. In Addu City the sun always comes up and goes down at 6 o'clock.
23	relax	/rɪˈlæks/	verb	entspannen	to rest and allow yourself to become calm	At the weekend I see my friends and relax.
23	season	/ˈsi:z(ə)n/	noun	die Jahreszeit	one of the four periods into which the year is divided according to the weather	The seasons are different too. Summer starts in December here. There, it starts in June.
23	school year	/ˈsku:l ˌjɪə(r)/	noun	das Schuljahr	the period of the year when students must go to school	The school year starts in September in my country.
23	typical	/ˈtɪpɪk(ə)l/	adjective	typisch	like most people or things of the same type	This is a typical week during the school year.
23	windy	/ˈwɪndi/	adjective	windig	with a lot of wind	It's very windy here sometimes.
24	armchair	/ˈɑ:(r)m,tʃeə(r)/	noun	der Sessel	a large comfortable chair with parts for you to rest your arms on	There's the TV and there's the armchair. Mum always sits there.

Page No.	Headword English	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Translation (German)	Definition	Example Sentence
24	bathroom	/ˈbɑːθru:m/	noun	das Badezimmer	a room containing a bath or shower, a washbasin, and often a toilet	The bathroom is next to my sister's bedroom.
24	bedroom	/ˈbedru:m/	noun	das Schlafzimmer	a room that you sleep in	I share a bedroom with my brother.
24	bookcase	/ˈbʊkˌkeɪs/	noun	der Bücherschrank	a piece of furniture with shelves in it for putting books on	This is my bookcase and the shelves where I put other things.
24	carpet	/ˈkɑː(r)pɪt/	noun	der Teppich	a thick soft cover for a floor	There's a thick carpet in the living room.
24	cooker	/ˈkʊkə(r)/	noun	der Herd	a large piece of kitchen equipment that is used for cooking	This is the kitchen. There's the cooker.
24	collection	/kəˈlekʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Sammlung	interesting or valuable objects that someone collects	This is my collection of harmonicas.
24	cupboard	/ˈkʌbə(r)d/	noun	der Schrank	a tall piece of furniture, usually attached to a wall and used for storing things, with shelves inside and one or two doors at the front	My bedroom is small, but there's space for all my things in the cupboards and on the shelves.
24	curtain	/ˈkɜː(r)t(ə)n/	noun	der Vorhang	a long piece of cloth, usually one of a pair, that hangs down and covers a window	That's my desk with a lamp on it, the window and curtains, ...
24	dining room	/ˈdaɪnɪŋ ˌru:m/	noun	das Esszimmer	the room in a house or hotel where you eat meals	We have dinner in the dining room.
24	fridge	/ˈfrɪdʒ/	noun	der Kühlschrank	a piece of equipment that is used for keeping food cold	The fridge is in the kitchen.
24	hall	/hɔːl/	noun	der Flur	the area inside the front door of a house or other building that leads to other rooms	We leave our shoes in the hall.
24	harmonica	/hɑː(r)ˈmɒnɪkə/	noun	die Mundharmonika	a small musical instrument that you play by blowing and sucking as you move it from side to side between your lips	I play the harmonica.
24	kitchen	/ˈkɪtʃən/	noun	die Küche	a room where you prepare and cook food, and wash dishes	Dad's in the kitchen cooking dinner.
24	lamp	/læmp/	noun	die Lampe	an electric light, especially a small one, that stands on a table or desk	There's a lamp on my desk.
24	living room	/ˈlɪvɪŋ ˌru:m/	noun	das Wohnzimmer	the main room in a house where you usually relax in comfortable chairs and entertain guests	This is the living room. There's a big sofa and an armchair in here and a nice cream carpet on the floor.
24	shelf	/ʃelf/	noun	das Regal	a flat piece of wood, plastic or glass that is attached to the wall or is part of a piece of furniture, used for putting things on	I keep my harmonica collection on the shelf next to my bed.
24	sofa	/ˈsəʊfə/	noun	das Sofa	a large, soft, comfortable seat with arms and a back that two or three people can sit on	I sit on the sofa when I watch TV.

Page No.	Headword English	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Translation (German)	Definition	Example Sentence
24	tidy up	/ˈtaɪdi ˈʌp/	phrasal verb	aufräumen	to make a place look better by putting things in the correct place	She never tidies up so it's usually a mess.
24	teddy	/ˈtedi/	noun	der Teddybär	a children's soft toy that looks like a bear	My sister's got all her old teddies.
24	wardrobe	/ˈwɔː(r)dɹəʊb/	noun	der Kleiderschrank	a large piece of furniture like a large cupboard where you can hang your clothes	This is my wardrobe, where I keep my clothes.
24	washing machine	/ˈwɒʃɪŋ məʃiːn/	noun	die Waschmaschine	a machine for washing clothes	The washing machine is in the kitchen.
25	mess	/mes/	noun	die Unordnung	a situation in which a place is dirty or untidy	My sister's room is always in a mess.
25	report	/rɪˈpɔː(r)t/	noun	das Zeugnis	a document written by a teacher giving details of a student's work in a school	My school report is always perfect.
25	twin	/twɪn/	noun	der Zwilling	one of two children born at the same time to the same mother	My sister and I are twins, but we're very different.
26	untidy	/ʌnˈtaɪdi/	adjective	unordentlich	an untidy place does not look nice because many things are in places where they should not be	My room's really untidy. I can never find things.
26	box	/bɒks/	noun	die Schachtel	a container with straight sides, a flat base, and sometimes a lid	My CDs are in boxes because I never play them.
26	label	/ˈleɪb(ə)l/	noun	das Etikett	a piece of paper or material attached to an object that gives information about it	Find some boxes, labels and a big bag.
26	organised	/ˈɔː(r)ɡənəɪzd/	adjective	organisiert	planned carefully	My room's really organised.
26	similar	/ˈsɪmɪlə(r)/	adjective	ähnlich	things that are similar share some qualities but are not exactly the same	Put your things on your bed. Put similar things together.
27	24-hour clock	/ˌtwenti ˈfɔː(r) ˌaʊə(r) ˈklɒk/	noun	die 24-Stunden Uhr	a method of measuring the time based on the full twenty-four hours of the day, rather than dividing it into two units of twelve hours	Bus and train timetables use the 24-hour clock.
27	excuse me	/ɪkˈskjuːz ˌmi/	phrase	Entschuldigung	used for politely getting someone's attention	Excuse me? What time's the next train to Hull?
27	hungry	/ˈhʌŋɡri/	adjective	hungrig	feeling that you want to eat	Have we got time for a snack? I'm really hungry.
27	on foot	/ɒn ˈfʊt/	phrase	zu Fuß	walking	Let's walk. It's only 15 minutes on foot.
27	snack	/snæk/	noun	der Snack	a small amount of food that you eat between meals	I always have a snack at 11 o'clock.
27	timetable	/ˈtaɪmˌteɪb(ə)l/	noun	der Fahr plan	a list of the times when buses, trains, etc arrive and leave	I think it's at 13:05 but check on the timetable.
28	guitar	/ɡɪˈtɑː(r)/	noun	die Gitarre	a musical instrument with six strings, used in a wide variety of musical styles	She always plays the guitar.

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28	warm	/wɔː(r)m/	adjective	warm	fairly hot in a way that is comfortable and pleasant	It's also really warm because the cooker's next to the table.
29	bored	/bɔː(r)d/	adjective	gelangweilt	you feel this way when you are not interested in something or because you have nothing to do	I never get bored.
29	canteen	/kæn'tiːn/	noun	die Kantine	a room in a factory, school or hospital where cheap meals are served	At lunchtime most people eat in the school canteen.
29	dishwasher	/'dɪʃ,wɒʃə(r)/	noun	die Spülmaschine	a machine that washes dishes	There's no dishwasher, so we wash the dishes by hand.
29	free	/friː/	adjective	frei	available to see someone, do something or go somewhere	Then I'm free to do other things!
29	lunchtime	/'lʌntʃ,tʌɪm/	noun	die Mittagspause	the time in the middle of the day when people usually eat lunch	Lunchtime starts at 12 o'clock at my school.
31	main	/meɪn/	adjective	Haupt-	most important, largest or most frequently used	There's the main station and a small one just round the corner.
31	noise	/nɔɪz/	noun	der Krach	a loud or unpleasant sound	What's that noise? Is it the washing machine?
31	video game	/'vɪdiəʊ ,geɪm/	noun	das Videospiel	a game in which players use electronic controls to move images on a screen	I've got a good video game from the library.
31	visitor	/'vɪzɪtə(r)/	noun	der Besucher	someone who visits a place or a person	It's really tidy now because I've got a visitor.

Page No.	Headword English	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Translation (German)	Definition	Example Sentence
32	answer	/ˈɑːnsə(r)/	verb	beantworten	to try to give the correct reply to a question in a test or competition	She can always answer all of the teacher's questions.
32	art	/ɑː(r)t/	noun	die Kunst	painting, drawing and sculpture as subjects you study	We have an art class on Tuesdays.
32	blackboard	/ˈblækˌbɔː(r)d/	noun	die Tafel	a large black or green surface fixed to a classroom wall for writing on with chalk	Our teacher uses a blackboard in class.
32	book	/bʊk/	noun	das Buch	pages fastened together inside a cover, that may contain a story, information, poems or other forms of writing	I love reading and I have lots of books.
32	break	/breɪk/	noun	die Pause	a period of time between lessons when students and teachers can eat, rest or play	On Thursdays we have a break from 10.50 to 11.10.
32	coursebook	/ˈkɔː(r)sˌbʊk/	noun	das Lehrbuch	a book for use in class by students taking a particular subject	I lost my English coursebook.
32	design & technology	/dɪˈzaɪn ən tekˈnɒlədʒi/	noun	die Technik	the study of how to design and make products	The week starts with two hours of design & technology.
32	desk	/desk/	noun	der Schreibtisch	a table that you sit at to write or work, often with drawers in it	My best friend's desk is next to mine.
32	drama	/ˈdrɑːmə/	noun	Schauspiel, Theater	the study of plays and acting	We don't do drama often. It's our last class on Wednesday.
32	English	/ˈɪŋɡlɪʃ/	noun	Englisch	this language and its literature as a subject that you study	We do English on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday but not on Wednesday.
32	eraser	/ɪˈreɪzə(r)/	noun	der Radierer	an object used for removing marks from a blackboard or whiteboard by wiping it	The teacher cleaned the board with an eraser.
32	essay	/ˈeseɪ/	noun	der Aufsatz	a short piece of writing by a student on a particular subject	My history essay is about Napoleon.
32	exercise	/ˈeksə(r)saɪz/	noun	die Übung	a set of written questions that you answer in order to help you to learn something	The exercises in my geography coursebook are very easy.
32	exercise book	/ˈeksə(r)saɪz ˌbʊk/	noun	das Übungsheft	a book that students use for writing in	I need a new exercise book.
32	game	/geɪm/	noun	das Spiel	an activity that children do for fun that may not have rules or a winner	We often play games in our English class.
32	geography	/dʒiːˈɡræfi/	noun	Erdkunde	the study of the Earth's physical features and the people, plants and animals that live in different regions of the world	After lunch on Wednesday there's geography. I like geography.
32	history	/ˈhɪst(ə)ri/	noun	Geschichte	the study of the events of the past	History is my favourite subject.

Page No.	Headword English	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Translation (German)	Definition	Example Sentence
32	internet	/ˈɪntə(r)net/	noun	das Internet	a computer system that allows people in different parts of the world to exchange information	We go on the internet in our IT class.
32	IT	/ˌaɪ ˈtiː/	noun	Informatik	information technology: the study of computers and other electronic equipment	We have our IT class on Wednesday at 11.10.
32	language	/ˈlæŋɡwɪdʒ/	noun	die Sprache	the particular form of words and speech that is used by the people of a country, area or social group	We study languages for two hours each week. I study French.
32	maths	/mæθs/	noun	Mathematik	the study or use of numbers and shapes to calculate, represent or describe things	We have maths on Monday, Wednesday and Thursday.
32	music	/ˈmjuːzɪk/	noun	Musik	the art or activity of writing, performing or studying music	On Thursday our first class is music.
32	PE	/ˌpiː ˈiː/	noun	Sport	physical education: a school subject in which you exercise and play sports	We do PE on Tuesday afternoon and Friday morning.
32	pencil	/ˈpens(ə)l/	noun	der Bleistift	a long thin object, usually made of wood, that you use for writing or drawing	I use a pencil to do exercises in my exercise book.
32	rubber	/ˈrʌbə(r)/	noun	der Radierer	a small piece of rubber used for removing pencil marks from paper	I use a rubber when I make a mistake in my exercise book.
32	science	/ˈsaɪəns/	noun	Naturwissenschaften	the study and knowledge of the physical world and nature	The first class on Tuesday is science.
32	sport	/spɔː(r)t/	noun	Sport	a physical activity in which players or teams compete against each other	My favourite sport is ice hockey, but we don't do it at my school.
32	subject	/ˈsʌbdʒɪkt/	noun	das Fach	something that you learn or teach in a school, for example, English, mathematics or biology	We do all the usual school subjects like science and history.
32	test	/test/	noun	die Prüfung	a set of written or spoken questions used for finding out how much someone knows about a subject	We have a maths test every week.
32	video	/ˈvɪdiəʊ/	noun	das Video	a recording of moving images and sound made digitally or, in the past, on videotape	We watch videos about the Earth in geography.
32	workbook	/ˈwɜː(r)k,bʊk/	noun	das Arbeitsheft	a book for students that contains exercises and has spaces in which to write answers	I do my French homework in a workbook.
33	algebra	/ˈældʒɪbrə/	noun	die Algebra	a type of mathematics that uses letters and symbols in place of numbers	I enjoy algebra because it's different from other subjects.
33	equipment	/ˈɪkwɪpmənt/	noun	die Ausstattung	the tools, machines or other things that you need for a particular job or activity	I don't like design and technology because I'm not very good with the equipment.

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33	expect	/ɪk'spekt/	verb	erwarten	to think that something will happen	Then they expect us to remember it all.
33	find out	/faɪnd 'aʊt/	phrasal verb	herausfinden	to discover a fact or piece of information	I like geography because I like finding out stuff about the world.
33	information	/,ɪnfə(r)'meɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Informationen	knowledge or facts about someone or something	They overload us with too much information.
33	overload	/,əʊvə(r)'ləʊd/	verb	überbelasten	to give someone too much work to do	They overload us in some of the lessons.
33	show off	/ʃəʊ 'ɒf/	phrasal verb	angeben	to make something look very good	I really like drama because it shows off what I like about myself.
33	try out	/traɪ 'aʊt/	phrasal verb	ausprobieren	to test someone or something to see what they are like	I like PE because you can try out new activities.
34	amazing	/ə'meɪzɪŋ/	adjective	erstaunlich	used about something surprising that is also very impressive	The school building's amazing.
34	extra	/'ekstrə/	adjective	zusätzlich	in addition to the usual or expected amount	I usually don't get home until 5.30 because I have extra classes.
34	rule	/ru:l/	noun	die Regel	a statement explaining what someone can or cannot do in a particular system, game or situation	There are a lot of rules at my school.
34	running track	/ˈrʌnɪŋ ˌtræk/	noun	die Laufbahn	a piece of ground used for racing	Every day we walk along a running track to go into the school.
34	uniform	/ˈjuːnɪfɔː(r)m/	noun	die Uniform	a set of clothes that you wear to show that you are part of a particular organisation or school	We all wear a uniform to school.
35	believe	/bɪ'li:v/	verb	glauben	to have an opinion about what is true or what might happen	The school doesn't believe you can learn everything in a classroom.
35	organisation	/ˌɔː(r)ɡənəɪ'zeɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Organisation	a group of people who have a shared purpose or interest	We go to local farms and organisations to learn in the real world.
36	backpack	/ˈbæk.pæk/	noun	der Rucksack	a bag that you carry on your back	We have a school backpack to carry stuff.
36	belt	/belt/	noun	der Gürtel	a narrow piece of leather, cloth, etc that you wear around your waist, for example, to keep your clothes in place or for decoration	I need a belt for these trousers.
36	bottoms	/ˈbɒtəmz/	noun	die Hose	the trousers of a set of loose clothes or sports clothes	We wear red tracksuit bottoms in PE.
36	coat	/kəʊt/	noun	der Mantel	a piece of clothing with long sleeves that you wear over your other clothes when you go outside	I wear a coat to keep warm.

Page No.	Headword English	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Translation (German)	Definition	Example Sentence
36	dress	/dres/	noun	das Kleid	a piece of clothing that covers a woman's body and part of her legs	My mum has a new dress.
36	earring	/'ɪərɪŋ/	noun	der Ohrring	a piece of jewellery that you wear on your ear	We can wear jewellery too, like earrings.
36	glove	/glʌv/	noun	der Handschuh	a piece of clothing that covers your fingers and hands	I wear gloves in winter.
36	hat	/hæt/	noun	der Hut	a piece of clothing that you wear on your head	We don't wear hats at my school.
36	hoody	/'hudi/	noun	der Kapuzenpulli, das Hoodie	a piece of clothing with a hood that you wear on the top part of your body	Sam's got a new skateboard hoody.
36	jacket	/'dʒækɪt/	noun	die Jacke	a short coat that covers the upper part of the body	We wear a black jacket.
36	jeans	/dʒi:nz/	noun	die Jeans	trousers made of heavy cotton cloth called denim that you wear in informal situations	This pair of jeans is my favourite item of clothing.
36	jewellery	/'dʒu:əlri/	noun	der Schmuck	objects that you wear as decoration	We don't wear jewellery at my school.
36	jumper	/'dʒʌmpə(r)/	noun	der Pulli	a warm piece of clothing, usually made of wool, that you pull over your head and that covers your upper body and arms	In winter we wear a grey jumper.
36	optional	/'ɒpʃ(ə)nəl/	adjective	freiwillig	something that is optional is available or possible if you want it, but you do not have to have it or do it	The blue tie is optional.
36	scarf	/skɑ:(r)f/	noun	der Schal	a piece of cloth that you wear round your neck or head to keep warm or to make yourself look nice	We have a school scarf.
36	shirt	/ʃɜ:(r)t/	noun	das Hemd	a piece of men's clothing that covers the top part of the body. It usually has long sleeves and buttons down the front	I wear a white shirt to school.
36	shoes	/ʃu:/	noun	die Schuhe	something that you wear on each foot, usually over socks	We wear black shoes to school.
36	shorts	/ʃɔ:(r)ts/	noun	die Shorts	short trousers that end at or above the knees	We have blue shorts for PE.
36	skirt	/skɜ:(r)t/	noun	der Rock	a piece of clothing for a woman or girl. It hangs from the waist and is not joined between the legs	The girls wear a long grey skirt.
36	sock	/sɒk/	noun	die Socke	a soft piece of clothing that you wear on your foot inside your shoe	We wear white socks at school.
36	stripe	/straɪp/	noun	der Streifen	a line of one colour on a background of a different colour	Our school tie has got stripes on it.

Page No.	Headword English	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Translation (German)	Definition	Example Sentence
36	stuff	/stʌf/	noun	die Sachen	a variety of objects or things	I carry stuff in my backpack.
36	sunglasses	/'sʌŋ,ɡlɑːsɪz/	noun	die Sonnenbrille	glasses with dark lenses that you wear to protect your eyes when the sun is bright	We don't wear sunglasses at school.
36	T-shirt	/'tiːʃɜː(r)t/	noun	das T-Shirt	a soft shirt that usually has short sleeves and no collar	We have a white T-shirt for PE.
36	tie	/taɪ/	noun	die Krawatte	a long narrow piece of cloth that a man wears around his neck under the collar of a shirt	We don't wear a tie at my school.
36	top	/tɒp/	noun	das Oberteil	a piece of clothing that covers the upper part of your body	The tracksuit top is red, the same as the bottoms.
36	tracksuit	/'træk,suːt/	noun	der Trainingsanzug	loose trousers and a loose top that you wear especially before or after exercising	We have blue tracksuit tops and bottoms for outside sports.
36	traditional	/trə'dɪʃ(ə)nəl/	adjective	traditionell	typical of the things that people have usually done	Our uniform is quite traditional.
36	trainers	/'treɪnə(r)z/	noun	die Turnschuhe	strong, comfortable shoes for doing sports in, but which many people wear as informal clothing	We also wear pink trainers which are very cool.
36	trousers	/'traʊzə(r)z/	noun	die Hose	a piece of clothing covering the legs, divided into separate parts for each leg	We wear a black jacket, white shirt, grey trousers or skirt and black shoes.
36	bag	/bæg/	noun	die Tasche	a container made of paper, plastic or cloth, used for carrying or storing things	Whose bag is this? Jenny, is it yours?
37	changing room	/'tʃeɪndʒɪŋ ˌruːm/	noun	die Umkleide	a room in which people can change their clothes before and after playing a sport	This changing room is a mess.
38	auditory	/'ɔːdɪt(ə)ri/	adjective	auditiv	relating to hearing	Auditory learners like to hear information.
38	explanation	/ˌeksplə'neɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Erklärung	a description of how something works or of how to do something	I prefer to read an explanation.
38	joke	/dʒəʊk/	noun	der Witz	something you say or do that is intended to make people laugh	I often tell jokes and stories.
38	kinaesthetic	/ˌkɪniːs'tetɪk/	adjective	kinästhetisch	relating to the use of sense organs in your muscles and other body parts to feel the position and movements of your body	Kinaesthetic learners like to do things to help them learn.
38	prefer	/prɪ'fɜː(r)/	verb	lieber mögen	to like or want someone or something more than someone or something else	I prefer to do an activity to understand an explanation.
38	style	/stɑɪl/	noun	das Verhalten, der Stil, die Art	the individual way that someone behaves and does things	There are three main types of learning styles.
38	visual	/'vɪʒʊəl/	adjective	optisch	relating to sight	Visual learners like to see things.

Page No.	Headword English	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Translation (German)	Definition	Example Sentence
40	classical music	/ˈklæsɪk(ə)l ˌmjuːzɪk/	noun	klassische Musik	music written according to standard European forms or structures by people such as Mozart and Beethoven	I like rock music but I don't like classical music.
40	orange juice	/ˈɒrɪndʒ ˌdʒuːs/	noun	der Orangensaft	a drink made from oranges	I usually have a glass of orange juice for breakfast.
40	rock music	/ˈrɒk ˌmjuːzɪk/	noun	der Rock, die Rockmusik	a type of music that developed from rock 'n' roll and uses a heavy regular beat, electric guitars, singing and a tune that is easy to remember	I prefer rock music to classical music.

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42	arrive	/ə'raɪv/	verb	ankommen	to reach a place, after having been somewhere else	What time does the train arrive?
42	bike	/baɪk/	noun	das Fahrrad	a vehicle with two wheels that you ride by pushing pedals with your feet.	I ride my bike to the park.
42	close	/kləʊz/	verb	schließen	if you close something, or if it closes, it moves to cover an open area	Close your books and listen, please.
42	come	/kʌm/	verb	kommen	to move or travel to the place where you are	My cousin comes to my house for Sunday lunch every week.
42	cry	/kraɪ/	verb	weinen	to have tears coming from your eyes, especially because you are sad	I cry every time I watch that film.
42	end	/end/	verb	beenden	to reach a final point	I want to stay and talk to my friends after the basketball game ends.
42	festival	/'festɪv(ə)l/	noun	das Festival	a series of performances of films, plays, music or dancing that is usually organised in the same place at the same time each year	My brother likes going to music festivals.
42	football	/'fʊt,bɔ:l/	noun	der Fußball	a game in which two teams of 11 players kick a round ball and try to score goals	I play football in the park on Saturdays.
42	get	/get/	verb	bekommen	to obtain, receive or be given something	I get a postcard from my aunt every time she goes on holiday.
42	go	/gəʊ/	verb	gehen	to move or travel to a place that is away from where you are now	I usually go into town by bus.
42	go out	/gəʊ 'aʊt/	phrasal verb	ausgehen	to leave your house and go somewhere, especially to do something enjoyable	My sister goes out on Friday evenings to see her friends.
42	laugh	/lɑ:f/	verb	lachen	to make the noise with your voice that shows you think something is funny	I meet the other girls at the funfair. We always laugh a lot.
42	leave	/li:v/	verb	verlassen	to go away from a place	If we win, we're happy when we leave, but if we lose ...
42	listen	/'lɪs(ə)n/	verb	zuhören	to pay attention to a sound, or to try to hear a sound	At the festival, people usually sit on the ground, relax and listen to the music.
42	lose	/lu:z/	verb	verlieren	to not win a race, competition, fight, etc	I don't like it when my football team loses.
42	match	/mætʃ/	noun	das Spiel	a game in which players or teams compete against each other, especially in a sport	There is a football match at the stadium twice a month.
42	open	/'əʊpən/	verb	öffnen	to separate the edges of something, or to take off its cover so that you can see inside	At the bus stop I open my book and read.

Page No.	Headword English	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Translation (German)	Definition	Example Sentence
42	piano	/pi'ænəʊ/	noun	das Klavier	a large musical instrument with a row of black and white keys that produce notes when you press them	I practise playing the piano every morning.
42	put on	/pʊt 'ɒn/	phrasal verb	etwas anziehen	to cover a part of your body with a piece of clothing or jewellery so that you are wearing it	If I'm on my own, I put my headphones on.
42	ride	/raɪd/	verb	mit etwas fahren	to sit on a bicycle, motorcycle, etc, and control it as it moves along	I ride my bike everywhere.
42	send	/send/	verb	schicken	to arrange for a message to be delivered to a person by text message or email	We chat and send messages.
42	shopping	/'ʃɒpɪŋ/	noun	das Einkaufen	the activity of going to a shop to buy things	I go shopping for clothes once a month.
42	sit	/sɪt/	verb	sitzen	to be in a position in which the lower part of your body rests on a seat or on the ground, while the upper part of your body is upright	People usually sit on the ground at the festival.
42	stand	/stænd/	verb	stehen	to have your body in an upright position supported by your feet	At the running track, I usually stand and watch the runners go by.
42	start	/stɑ:(r)t/	verb	anfangen	to begin to happen or take place	The best part is waiting for the film to start.
42	stay in	/steɪ 'ɪn/	phrasal verb	drinnen bleiben	to remain in your home for a period of time	I never stay in on Saturdays.
42	swimming	/'swɪmɪŋ/	noun	das Schwimmen	an activity in which you swim for enjoyment, for exercise or in races	I go swimming three times a week in the summer.
42	take off	/teɪk 'ɒf/	phrasal verb	etwas ausziehen	to remove something, especially a piece of clothing	I take my shoes off when I visit my friend's house.
42	talk	/tɔ:k/	verb	sprechen	to have a conversation with other people	I talk to my best friend on the phone for hours.
42	television	/'telɪvɪʒ(ə)n/	noun	das Fernsehen	a piece of electrical equipment with a screen, used for watching programmes	I watch television after I finish my homework.
42	win	/wɪn/	verb	gewinnen	to defeat everyone else by being the best or by finishing first in a competition	My brother is a runner. He often wins races.
44	blog	/blɒg/	noun	der Blog, das Blog	a web log: a website containing short articles called posts that are changed regularly	I read blogs because the articles are always short.
44	comic	/'kɒmɪk/	noun	das Comic	a magazine for children that contains stories told in a series of drawings	My sister reads comics every night.
44	magazine	/'mæɡə'zi:n/	noun	die Zeitschrift	a large thin book with a paper cover, containing reports, photographs, stories, etc, usually published once a month or once a week	My uncle reads magazines about fishing.

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44	newspaper	/ˈnjuːzˌpeɪpə(r)/	noun	die Zeitung	a set of large printed sheets of folded paper containing news, articles and other information, usually published every day.	My mum reads the newspaper every day after work.
44	performer	/pə(r)ˈfɔː(r)mə(r)/	noun	der Unterhalter	someone who performs in front of an audience, for example, an actor or musician	There are more performers. They're dancing and singing.
44	towards	/təˈwɔː(r)dz/	preposition	in Richtung	used for saying in which direction someone or something is going, facing or looking	A woman's walking towards him.
44	umbrella	/ʌmˈbrelə/	noun	der Regenschirm	an object that you hold over your head when it is raining	A man's standing in the middle of the station floor. He's opening an umbrella.
45	truth	/truːθ/	noun	die Wahrheit	the actual facts or information about something	Are you telling the truth?
45	fantastic	/fænˈtæstɪk/	adjective	fantastisch	extremely good or pleasant	We're shopping, taking photos and having a fantastic time.
45	conversation	/ˌkɒnvə(r)ˈseɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Unterhaltung	talk between two or more people, usually a private and informal one	Is Mel listening to this conversation?
45	reporter	/rɪˈpɔː(r)tə(r)/	noun	der Reporter	someone whose job is to write articles or make broadcasts about events in the news	She's talking to some reporters at the moment. They're asking questions.
45	story	/ˈstɔːri/	noun	die Geschichte	something that someone is talking about that may not be true	You aren't standing in Times Square and Mel isn't talking to reporters. You're telling one of your stories.
45	referee	/ˌrefəˈriː/	noun	der Schiedsrichter	someone whose job is to make sure that players in a game obey the rules	The referee was looking at his watch.
46	announcement	/əˈnaʊnsmənt/	noun	die Ankündigung	a public or official statement that gives people information about something	You usually hear announcements in a station.
46	audio	/ˈɔːdiəʊ/	adjective	Ton-	relating to sound that is recorded or broadcast	The museum has an audio tour that you can listen to.
46	coffee shop	/ˈkɒfi ʃɒp/	noun	das Café	a place, usually in a hotel or department store, where coffee, other drinks and light meals are served	Let's get a drink at the coffee shop.
46	entrance	/ˈentrəns/	noun	der Eingang	the place where you can enter a room, building or area	The gift shop is next to the entrance.
46	first floor	/ˈfɜː(r)st ˌflɔː(r)/	noun	die erste Etage	the next floor of a building above the one that is at the same level as the ground outside	How do I get to the first floor?
46	gift shop	/ˈɡɪft ʃɒp/	noun	der Geschenkeladen	a shop selling things that people like to give and receive as presents	To your right is the gift shop and next to the gift shop is the coffee shop.

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46	ground floor	/ˈgraʊnd ˌflɔː(r)/	noun	der Erdgeschoss	the floor of a building that is at or near the level of the ground	The information desk is on the ground floor.
46	information desk	/ˌɪnfə(r)ˈmeɪʃ(ə)n ˌdesk/	noun	der Auskunftsschalter	a place where you can get information or advice about a particular subject or place	Neil Thomson – please come to the information desk where your mother is waiting for you.
46	lift	/lɪft/	noun	der Fahrstuhl	a machine that carries people up or down between different levels of a tall building	Go through those doors, turn right and take the stairs or the lift.
46	look for	/lʊk ˈfə(r)/	phrasal verb	suchen	to search for someone or something	I'm looking for the toilets. Do you know where they are?
46	object	/ˈɒbdʒekt/	noun	das Objekt	a thing that you can see and touch that is not alive and is usually solid	It's got some of the museum's famous objects, including Stephenson's Rocket.
46	stairs	/steə(r)z/	noun	die Treppe	a set of steps that allow you to go from one level of a building to another	Take the stairs to get to the first floor.
46	ticket office	/ˈtɪktɪ ˌɒfɪs/	noun	der Schalter	a place where you buy tickets	It's next to the main museum entrance opposite the ticket office.
46	toilet	/ˈtɔɪlət/	noun	die Toilette	a room in a house or public building that contains a toilet	The toilets are on the first floor.
47	bass guitar	/ˌbeɪs ɡɪˈtɑː(r)/	noun	die Bassgitarre	an electric guitar, usually with four strings, that produces very low notes	Faith sings and plays bass guitar.
47	country	/ˈkʌntri/	noun	das Land	an area of land that has its own government and official borders	At the moment, the group is touring the country.
47	drum	/drʌm/	noun	die Trommel	a musical instrument consisting of a tight skin stretched over a round frame that you hit with your hands or a stick	Mesa plays drums.
47	hip hop	/ˈhɪpˌhɒp/	noun	der Hip-Hop	a type of music that developed among African-American musicians using rap	I usually listen to pop or hip hop.
47	keyboards	/ˈkiːbɔː(r)dz/	noun	das Keyboard	a musical instrument that has a keyboard, especially an electric piano	Alexandra plays keyboards.
47	look forward to	/lʊk ˈfɔː(r)wə(r) d tə/	phrasal verb	sich auf etwas freuen	to feel happy and excited about something that is going to happen	Today they're giving a concert at the FIBArk Festival. I'm sure you're all looking forward to it.
47	reggae	/ˈregeɪ/	noun	der Reggae	a type of music that developed in Jamaica in the 1960s	I normally listen to reggae.
47	tour	/tʊə(r)/	verb	die Tour	if a show, play, or concert tours, it is performed in several different places	The group is touring at the moment.
48	decision	/dɪˈsɪʒ(ə)n/	noun	die Entscheidung	a choice that you make after thinking carefully	This information can help you make a good decision.

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48	event	/ɪ'vent/	noun	die Veranstaltung	something that happens, especially something that involves several people	When you organise an event, it's important to think of or find different ideas and then find information about each one.
48	exhibition	/,eksɪ'bɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Ausstellung	a public show where art or other interesting things are put so that people can go and look at them	The exhibition is about art made by young people.
48	organise	/ˈɔ:(r)ɡənaɪz/	verb	organisieren	to prepare or arrange an activity or event	Mum and Dad say I can choose what to do if I organise everything.
48	sleepover	/ˈsli:pəʊvə(r)/	noun	die Übernachtung	a children's party at which all the guests stay the night at one person's house	Stay in – find a pizza place to order food – watch DVDs – and have a sleepover.
48	special	/ˈspeʃ(ə)l/	adjective	etwas Besonderes	different from and usually better than what is normal or ordinary	It's my 13th birthday next week and I want to do something REALLY special with about six or seven friends.
48	spend	/spend/	verb	verbringen	to stay somewhere or to do something for a period of time	Is there a theme park near your home? Spend the day there!
48	spend	/spend/	verb	ausgeben	to use money to pay for things	I can only spend up to 200 pounds.
49	cost	/kɒst/	verb	die Kosten	if something costs an amount of money, that amount is needed in order to buy it, pay for it or do it	It costs seven euros. Or you can buy a special ticket to visit all the museums.
49	sight	/saɪt/	noun	die Sehenswürdigkeiten	an interesting place that people go to see	What tourist sights are there in your town or area?
49	tourist	/ˈtuərɪst/	noun	der Tourist, die Touristin	someone who is visiting a place on holiday	Where do tourists get information about sights and events?
49	you're welcome	/,jɔ:(r) 'welkəm/	phrase	Bitte, gern geschehen	used in reply to someone who has thanked you	A: Thank you for your help. B: You're welcome.
50	cake	/keɪk/	noun	der Kuchen	a sweet food made by baking a mixture that usually contains sugar, eggs, flour and butter or oil	You can buy drinks and cake at the coffee shop.
50	contact	/ˈkɒntækt/	verb	kontaktieren	to write to someone or talk to them on the telephone	For more information contact Mrs Henderson.
50	include	/ɪn'klu:d/	verb	beinhalten	to contain someone or something as a part	Adults £3 (price includes tea and biscuits).
50	orchestra	/ˈɔ:(r)kɪstrə/	noun	das Orchester	a large group of musicians using many different instruments to play mostly classical music	Come and listen to the school orchestra playing works by Haydn, Bach and Coldplay!
50	park	/pɑ:(r)k/	verb	parken	to move a vehicle into a place where you are going to leave it for a period of time	Parents can park their cars in the main playground.

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50	playground	/ˈpleɪgraʊnd/	noun	der Spielplatz	an area of land where children can play, especially at a school or in a park	The playground is next to the school.
50	pupil	/ˈpju:p(ə)/	noun	der Schüler, die Schülerin	someone, especially a child, who goes to school or who has lessons in a particular subject	Free for school pupils and children under 14 years old.
51	future	/ˈfju:tʃə(r)/	noun	die Zukunft	the time that follows the present time	Right now, a special video camera is travelling into the future.
51	happen	/ˈhæpən/	verb	passieren	to take place, usually without being planned	A special event is happening here next weekend.
51	present	/ˈprez(ə)nt/	noun	das Geschenk	something that you give to someone, for example, to celebrate a special occasion such as a birthday	Buy presents at the gift shop.
51	wait	/weɪt/	verb	auf etwas/jemanden warten	to stay in one place because you expect or hope that something will happen	We're waiting for you on the ground floor.
52	mobile	/ˈməʊbaɪl/	noun	das Handy	a small phone that you can carry around with you	Leave your mobiles at home.
52	sign	/saɪn/	noun	das Schild	a flat object with words or pictures on it, put in a public place to provide information or advertise something	Look at what the sign says.
52	sold out	/səʊld 'aʊt/	adjective	ausverkauft	if an event is sold out, there are no tickets left	The show is sold out. There are no more seats for tonight's show.
53	survey	/ˈsɜ:(r)veɪ/	noun	die Umfrage	a set of questions that you ask a large number of people or organisations	We're doing a survey. Can I ask you some questions?
53	teenager	/ˈti:n,eɪdʒə(r)/	noun	der Teenager	a young person between the ages of 13 and 19	The survey is about teenagers and free time.

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54	apple	/ˈæp(ə)l/	noun	der Apfel	a hard round fruit that is white inside and has a smooth green, yellow or red skin	I eat an apple every day.
54	banana	/bəˈnɑːnə/	noun	die Banane	a long curved fruit with a yellow skin	I like bananas but my sister doesn't.
54	bread	/bred/	noun	das Brot	a common food made from flour, water and usually yeast	We usually have brown bread.
54	burger	/ˈbɜː(r)ɡə(r)/	noun	der Hamburger	minced beef (=meat from a cow cut up into very small pieces) that is cooked in a flat round shape and served in a bread roll	We eat things like taco salad, pizza or burgers.
54	butter	/ˈbʌtə(r)/	noun	die Butter	a solid yellow food made from cream that you spread on bread or use in cooking	I never put butter on my bread.
54	carrot	/ˈkærət/	noun	die Karotte	a long hard orange vegetable that grows under the ground and has green leaves on its top	I eat a lot of carrots. They are my favourite type of vegetable.
54	cheese	/tʃiːz/	noun	der Käse	a solid food made from milk	There isn't much cheese in the fridge.
54	chicken	/ˈtʃɪkɪn/	noun	das Hähnchen	the meat of a chicken	I want a chicken sandwich.
54	chips	/tʃɪps/	noun	die Pommes	long thin pieces of potato cooked in hot oil	Mmm, those chips look good!
54	chocolate	/ˈtʃɒklət/	noun	die Schokolade	a sweet brown food eaten as a sweet or used for flavouring other food	I'd like some chocolate cake.
54	coffee	/ˈkɒfi/	noun	der Kaffee	a hot, slightly bitter drink made by pouring hot water over brown powder made of coffee beans	My dad has coffee with his breakfast every morning.
54	cola	/ˈkəʊlə/	noun	die Cola	a sweet brown fizzy drink (=with gas in it), or a glass of this drink	My big sister's 17 – she drinks lots of cola.
54	curry	/ˈkʌri/	noun	der Curry	an Indian food consisting of meat or vegetables cooked in a sauce with a hot flavour, often eaten with rice	My favourite meal is carrot, onion and potato curry.
54	drink	/drɪŋk/	noun	das Getränk	a particular kind of liquid for drinking	I always drink water with meals because fizzy drinks are really bad for your teeth and I don't like them.
54	egg	/eg/	noun	das Ei	a chicken's egg used as food	We haven't got any eggs or any potatoes.
54	fish	/fɪʃ/	noun	der Fisch	an animal that lives in water and swims and is also eaten as food.	We usually eat soup and then rice with vegetables and chicken or fish.
54	fruit	/fru:t/	noun	das Obst	a type of food that grows on trees or plants	We always get milk or juice and some vegetables or fruit.

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54	grape	/greɪp/	noun	die Weintraube	a small green or purple fruit that grows in bunches on a vine, often used for making wine	I don't like grapes because I hate all fruit.
54	healthy	/'helθi/	adjective	gesund	helping you to stay physically strong and not ill	You don't need many minutes to make a healthy meal.
54	ice cream	/'aɪs kri:m/	noun	das Eis	a frozen sweet food made from cream or milk and sugar, often with fruit or chocolate added to flavour it	My favourite dessert is chocolate ice cream with a lot of chocolate sauce.
54	juice	/dʒu:s/	noun	der Saft	the liquid that comes out of fruit or vegetables when you squeeze them and is often used as a drink	There isn't any apple juice. What about some orange juice?
54	meat	/mi:t/	noun	das Fleisch	the flesh of an animal or bird eaten as food	We have meat with sauce and potatoes.
54	milk	/mɪlk/	noun	die Milch	a white liquid that comes from cows, goats and sheep, which people drink and use in cooking	We always get milk or juice for lunch.
54	mineral water	/'mɪn(ə)rəl ,wɔ:tə(r)/	noun	das Mineralwasser	water containing minerals that comes from under the ground and that you can buy in bottles and drink	I drink a lot of mineral water.
54	onion	/'ʌnjən/	noun	die Zwiebel	a round vegetable with thin dry skin and many layers inside that tastes and smells very strong	My favourite meal is tacos with meat, onions, some lettuce, tomatoes and a lot of cheese.
54	orange	/'ɒrɪndʒ/	noun	die Orange	a round fruit that has a hard orange-coloured skin called peel, and that divides into parts called segments	I always have an orange with my lunch.
54	pasta	/'pæstə/	noun	die Nudeln	an Italian food made from flour and water, and sometimes eggs	I'd like some pasta with cheese sauce.
54	pizza	/'pi:tʃə/	noun	die Pizza	a food that consists of flat round bread with tomato, cheese, vegetables, meat, etc on it	There are some pizzas on the menu.
54	potato	/'pə'tetəʊ/	noun	die Kartoffel	a very common hard round vegetable that has a brown, red or yellow skin and is white or yellow inside	We haven't got any eggs – or any potatoes.
54	rice	/raɪs/	noun	der Reis	a food consisting of small white or brown grains that are eaten cooked	We usually eat soup and then rice with vegetables and chicken or fish.
54	salad	/'sæləd/	noun	der Salat	a food containing a mixture of raw vegetables such as lettuce, tomatoes and cucumbers, usually served with a salad dressing	I usually have brown bread with cheese and salad and an apple.
54	sandwich	/'sæn(d)wɪdʒ/	noun	das Sandwich	a light meal that you make by putting a layer of food such as meat, cheese or egg between two pieces of bread	There isn't any salad, so I'd like a cheese sandwich.

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54	soup	/su:p/	noun	die Suppe	a liquid food that is made by cooking meat, fish, vegetables, etc with water or milk	Lunch at my school is usually fantastic. Not when it's soup, I don't like soup.
54	steak	/steɪk/	noun	das Steak	the meat from a cow, especially a piece without fat that is high in quality	I'd like a steak, but I don't want any salad at all.
54	sweet	/swi:t/	noun	die Süßigkeit	a small piece of sweet food made with sugar	In the evening I sometimes eat sweets or chocolate when I watch TV.
54	tea	/ti:/	noun	der Tee	a hot brown drink made by pouring boiling water onto the dried leaves of the tea bush	We drink a lot of tea in my family.
54	tomato	/tə'mɑ:təʊ/	noun	die Tomate	a round red fruit eaten as a vegetable raw in salads or cooked	I like salad but I don't like tomatoes.
54	unhealthy	/ʌn'helθi/	adjective	ungesund	not good for you in a physical way	We can't take any unhealthy food like chocolate, sweets or fizzy drinks.
54	vegetable	/'vedʒtəb(ə)l/	noun	das Gemüse	a part of a plant used as food, for example, a potato, bean or cabbage	We usually get soup, some vegetables with rice and a lot of salad.
54	water	/'wɔ:tə(r)/	noun	das Wasser	the clear liquid that falls as rain and is used for things such as drinking and washing	I always drink water with meals.
54	yoghurt	/'jɒgə(r)t/	noun	der Jogurt, der Joghurt	a food made from milk that has become thick and slightly sour, sometimes with fruit added to it	We usually get some vegetables, like tomatoes, and some yoghurt.
55	cycle	/'saɪk(ə)l/	verb	Rad fahren	to use a bicycle	I cycle to school every day.
56	dessert	/'dɪ'zɜ:(r)t/	noun	der Nachtisch	sweet food that you eat after the main part of a meal	Then we have yoghurt or some cheese, and after that we have dessert.
56	dish	/dɪʃ/	noun	das Gericht	food prepared and cooked in a particular way	We have salad or a vegetable dish.
56	fizzy drink	/'fɪzi/	noun	der Sprudel	a fizzy drink is a sweet drink without alcohol that has bubbles	My mum thinks that fizzy drinks are unhealthy.
56	kind	/kaɪnd/	noun	der Typ	a type of person or thing	Carrots are a kind of vegetable.
56	lemon	/'lemən/	noun	die Zitrone	fruit with a hard yellow skin and sour juice	And then we have meat with sauce and potatoes or fish with lemon.
56	mussel	/'mʌs(ə)l/	noun	die Muschel	a small shellfish with a soft body inside a hard black or green shell, often cooked and eaten as food	My favourite is mussels with chips.
56	packed lunch	/'pækt 'lʌntʃ/	noun	das Lunchpaket	food that you take with you in a box or bag to work, school, etc to eat for lunch	All students here take a packed lunch to school.
56	sauce	/sɔ:s/	noun	die Soße	a liquid food that you put on other foods to give them a particular flavour	I like spaghetti with tomato sauce.

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56	taco	/ˈtækəʊ/	noun	der Taco	a Mexican food consisting of a flat piece of pastry that is folded around meat, beans, etc and cooked until it is hard	I love tacos because my mum makes them at home. They're fantastic.
57	menu	/ˈmenjuː/	noun	die Speisekarte	a list of the food that is available in a restaurant, café, etc	There are some pizzas on the menu.
57	cook	/kʊk/	verb	kochen	to prepare food and heat it so that it is ready to eat	What about some spaghetti with tomato sauce and some salad? I can cook!
57	spaghetti	/spəˈgeti/	noun	die Spagetti	a type of pasta in the form of long thin pieces like string	There are a lot of tomatoes and there's some spaghetti.
58	active	/ˈæktɪv/	adjective	aktiv	someone who is active does a lot of different activities and has a lot of energy and interests	He's always busy. He's a very active person.
58	awake	/əˈweɪk/	adjective	wach	not sleeping	A lot of my students find it difficult to stay awake in class because they don't sleep enough at night.
58	brain	/breɪn/	noun	das Gehirn	the organ inside your head that allows you to think and feel, and controls your body	Your brain needs to rest too!
58	busy	/ˈbɪzi/	adjective	beschäftigt	having a lot of things to do	My son goes to bed really late. He's always busy with things.
58	energy	/ˈenə(r)dʒi/	noun	die Kraft, die Energie	a supply of physical power that you have for doing things that need physical effort	I have a lot of energy and interests.
58	enough	/ɪˈnʌf/	adverb	genug	used for saying that an amount is as much as you need	I tell him that he doesn't sleep enough.
58	fit	/fɪt/	adjective	fit	healthy, strong and able to do physical exercise without getting very tired	She does lots of sport. She's very fit.
58	hate	/heɪt/	verb	hassen	to dislike someone or something very much	I hate going to bed early, I don't feel tired then.
58	ill	/ɪl/	adjective	krank	not healthy, because of a medical condition or an injury	He often gets ill. He's not very healthy.
58	lazy	/ˈleɪzi/	adjective	faul	not willing to work or do any activity that needs effort	She's so lazy. She never does anything.
58	lucky	/ˈlʌki/	adjective	Glück haben	if you are lucky, something good happens to you as a result of luck	He always gets what he wants. I think he's really lucky.
58	patient	/ˈpeɪʃ(ə)nt/	noun	geduldig	someone who is receiving medical treatment	As I tell my patients: sleep is food for the brain.
58	sleep	/sliːp/	noun	der Schlaf	a natural state in which you are unconscious for a time and your body rests, especially for several hours at night	Teenagers need eight and a half to nine hours sleep every night – or they can't lead a healthy life.

Page No.	Headword English	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Translation (German)	Definition	Example Sentence
58	stressed	/ˈstrest/	adjective	angespannt	affected by stress	When you don't sleep enough, you eat more, you don't feel well and you feel unhappy and stressed.
58	tired	/ˈtaɪə(r)d/	adjective	müde	needing to rest or sleep	They're tired when they come to school, so they can't learn. They need more sleep.
58	unhappy	/ʌn'hæpi/	adjective	unglücklich	feeling sad or upset	He doesn't like school and he's often unhappy.
58	well	/wel/	adjective	gut	if you are well, or if you are feeling well, your health is good	I don't feel well at the moment. I need some rest.
60	delete	/dɪˈli:t/	verb	löschen	to remove or cross out something that has been written	You write a silly personal story on your blog late at night. The next day you delete it.
60	face-to-face	/ˌfeɪs tə ˈfeɪs/	adverb	sich mit jemandem direkt unterhalten, direkt mit jemandem reden	in a situation where you are meeting and talking to another person directly	When you want to say something important to a friend, it is a good idea to say it face-to-face.
60	funny	/ˈfʌni/	adjective	lustig	someone or something that is funny makes you laugh	You put a funny photo of a friend on your social networking page. The next day your friend phones – and your friend doesn't think it's funny.
60	instant messaging	/ˈɪnstənt ˌmesɪdʒɪŋ/	noun	das Instant Messaging	the activity of communicating with someone directly over the internet and replying to their messages as soon as they arrive	I often use instant messaging to talk to my friends.
60	search	/sɜː(r)tʃ/	verb	suchen	to try to find something or someone by looking carefully	The next day you delete the story. But it's still on the internet when you search.
60	text message	/ˈtekst ˌmesɪdʒ/	noun	die SMS	a written message that you send or receive using a mobile phone	You get a text message on your phone from a friend. It starts 'Hi, Jo, Jem is so lazy! I hate lazy people! ...'
61	hospital	/ˈhɒspɪt(ə)l/	noun	das Krankenhaus	a place where people stay when they are ill or injured and need a lot of care from doctors and nurses	My grandma's in hospital. She's really ill.
61	news	/njuːz/	noun	die Nachrichten	information about something that has happened recently	I've got some good news. I passed the test.
61	terrible	/ˈterəb(ə)l/	adjective	schlimm	very bad	A 10km run? That's terrible. I want to do the maths test.
62	help	/help/	verb	helfen	to give someone support or information so that they can do something more easily	I like helping her (but I hate cleaning the kitchen after!).

Page No.	Headword English	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Translation (German)	Definition	Example Sentence
63	FAQ	/ˌef eɪ ˈkjuːz/	noun	die FAQs	frequently asked questions: a list of questions with answers provided, intended to help people to understand or use something, especially on the internet	We have a lot of other tips for you. See our FAQ page!
63	online	/ˈɒnlain/	adjective	im Internet	connected to or available through a computer or a computer network, especially the internet	We love buying Supermarket Day food online.
63	tip	/tɪp/	noun	der Tipp	a useful suggestion	Our tip: buy a lot of vegetables and some rice.

Page No.	Headword English	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Translation (German)	Definition	Example Sentence
64	American football	/əˈmerɪkən ˈfʊtˌbɔːl/	noun	das American Football	a game in which two teams of 11 players throw, carry or kick an oval ball (=shaped like an egg) and try to cross their opponents' goal line	American football is the number one sport in the USA.
64	badminton	/'bædmɪntən/	noun	das Badminton	a game in which two or four players use rackets to hit a shuttlecock (=a small light object with feathers on it) to each other across a net	So, you want to join the school badminton club. Can you play badminton?
64	baseball	/'beɪsˌbɔːl/	noun	der Baseball	a game played by two teams of nine players who get points by hitting a ball with a bat and then running around four bases	Baseball is popular in Asia and the USA.
64	basketball	/'bɑːskɪtˌbɔːl/	noun	der Basketball	a game played by two teams of five players who get points by throwing a ball through a net	Michael's a basketball player. He plays for the Chicago Bulls.
64	bowling	/'bəʊlɪŋ/	noun	das Bowling	an indoor game in which players roll heavy balls along a track, trying to knock down a group of ten pins (=wooden objects that look like bottles)	Bowling's great because you don't have to buy any equipment.
64	cards	/kɑː(r)dz/	noun	die Karten, das Kartenspiel	the activity of playing games with a set of 52 cards	I often play cards with my brother.
64	chess	/tʃes/	noun	das Schach	a game for two people, played on a board with black and white squares, using different shaped pieces, including two kings	In chess, the player with the white pieces has to move first.
64	cricket	/'krɪkɪt/	noun	das Cricket	a game played by two teams of 11 players who get points by hitting a ball with a bat and running between two sets of sticks called stumps	Cricket is the world's number two sport because it's popular in two big countries – India and Pakistan.
64	cycling	/'saɪk(ə)l/	noun	das Radfahren	the activity of using a bicycle in races or for leisure	I go cycling in the countryside every weekend in the summer.
64	golf	/ɡɒlf/	noun	das Golfspiel	a game in which you use golf clubs to hit a small white ball into a hole in the ground	You don't have to play golf with another person. You can play alone.
64	gymnastics	/dʒɪm'næstɪks/	noun	die Gymnastik	a sport involving difficult physical exercises designed to increase your strength and ability to bend and balance	We usually do gymnastics on Fridays but today we're playing basketball.
64	hockey	/'hɒki/	noun	das Hockey	a game played on grass by two teams of 11 players who try to score goals by hitting a ball with a curved stick called a hockey stick	Judy's only 13, but she plays in her city's under-15 hockey team.

Page No.	Headword English	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Translation (German)	Definition	Example Sentence
64	horse-riding	/ˈhɔː(r)s,raɪdɪŋ/	noun	das Reiten	the activity of riding a horse, for enjoyment, exercise or in competitions. Horse-riding is often simply called riding	My sister goes horse-riding every weekend.
64	ice hockey	/ˈaɪs ˌhɒki/	noun	das Eishockey	a game played on ice by two teams of six players. The players use long sticks to try to hit a small round flat object called a puck into the opposite team's goal.	Ice hockey is very popular in Canada and Russia.
64	ice skating	/ˈaɪs ˌskeɪtɪŋ/	noun	das Schlittschuhfahren	the activity of moving around on ice wearing ice skates	I think ice skating is good fun.
64	rugby	/ˈrʌɡbi/	noun	das Rugby	a game played by two teams of players with a ball shaped like an egg. Goals are scored by kicking the ball over a high bar, and points called tries are scored by putting the ball behind the goal line.	In rugby, a player has to throw the ball to another player behind him.
64	sailing	/ˈseɪlɪŋ/	noun	das Segeln	the sport or activity of travelling across water in a sailing boat	We went sailing at the lake last weekend.
64	skateboarding	/ˈskeɪt,bɔː(r)dɪŋ/	noun	das Skateboardfahren	the activity of riding a board with four wheels	I want to go skateboarding this afternoon.
64	skiing	/ˈskiːɪŋ/	noun	das Skifahren	the sport or activity of moving over snow on skis	We go skiing every year in Switzerland.
64	snowboarding	/ˈsnəʊ,bɔː(r)dɪŋ/	noun	das Snowboardfahren	the activity or sport of riding a snowboard	I prefer snowboarding to skiing.
64	surfing	/ˈsɜː(r)fɪŋ/	noun	das Surfen	a sport in which people ride over waves on surfboards	Surfing is the original board sport.
64	swimming	/ˈswɪmɪŋ/	noun	das Schwimmen	an activity in which you swim for enjoyment, for exercise or in races	I'd like to use the swimming pool.
64	table tennis	/ˈteɪb(ə)l ˌtenɪs/	noun	das Tischtennis	a game in which one or two players on either side of a table hit a small light ball with wooden bats across a low net in the middle of the table	Table tennis is popular in China.
64	tennis	/ˈtenɪs/	noun	das Tennis	a game in which two or four people use rackets to hit a ball across a net.	Top tennis players have to play on their own, but there's a team of people behind them.
64	volleyball	/ˈvɒlɪ,bɔːl/	noun	das Volleyball	a sport in which two teams use only their hands and arms to hit a ball to each other over a high net	My school has a very good volleyball team.
65	competition	/ˌkɒmpəˈtɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	der Wettbewerb	an organised event in which people try to win prizes by being better than other people	In big competitions, bowling is a sport.

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65	popular	/ˈpɒpjʊlə(r)/	adjective	beliebt	a popular activity, place, thing, etc is one that many people like	Cricket is popular in Sri Lanka and Bangladesh, as well as India and Pakistan.
65	quiz	/kwɪz/	noun	das Quiz	a competition in which you answer questions	How many questions in our sports and games quiz can you answer correctly?
65	similar	/ˈsɪmlɪə(r)/	adjective	ähnlich	things that are similar share some qualities but are not exactly the same	Baseball is similar to cricket.
66	ability	/əˈbɪləti/	noun	die Begabung	the level of skill that someone has in a particular job or activity	Sports stars need other abilities too. Can they think quickly? Can they play well in a team?
66	communicate	/kəˈmjuːnɪkeɪt/	verb	kommunizieren	to express thoughts, feelings or information to another person or animal, for example, by speaking or writing	At the moment she doesn't always communicate well with other players on her team.
66	competitive	/kəmˈpetətɪv/	adjective	wettbewerbsorientiert	a competitive activity is one in which companies or teams are competing against each other	They're both strong and fast. They're both competitive.
66	competitor	/kəmˈpetɪtə(r)/	noun	der Gegner	someone who takes part in a sports competition	There are just two competitors now, hockey player Judy Cole, and tennis player Mahesh Nayar.
66	concentrate	/ˈkɒns(ə)ntreɪt/	verb	konzentrieren	to give all your attention to the thing you are doing	He usually plays brilliantly, but there are days when he can't concentrate and he plays badly.
66	final	/ˈfaɪn(ə)l/	noun	das Finale	the last game, race, etc in a competition. The winner of the final is the winner of the whole competition	The final is here. There are just two competitors now.
66	natural	/ˈnætʃ(ə)rəl/	adjective	natürlich	existing in nature and not produced or caused by people	Mahesh has a natural talent.
66	practise	/ˈpræktɪs/	verb	üben	to repeat an activity regularly so that you become better at it	The problem is, he can't practise every day.
66	superstar	/ˈsuːpə(r),stɑː(r)/	noun	der Superstar	someone such as a film actor or pop musician who is extremely famous	Only one can be our next big thing and one of the future superstars of their sport.
66	talent	/ˈtælənt/	noun	das Talent	a natural ability for being good at a particular activity	She has a lot of talent.
66	train	/treɪn/	verb	(jemanden) trainieren	to teach someone to do a particular job or activity	Can they play well in a team? Do they train hard?
66	viewer	/ˈvjʊə(r)/	noun	der Zuschauer	someone who is watching, or who watches, television programmes	They're both competitive. But viewers of this programme know that sports stars need other abilities too.

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67	comedian	/kə'mi:diən/	noun	der Komiker	someone whose job is to entertain people by telling jokes and stories to make them laugh	He's a comedian, so he's good at speaking in public.
67	early	/'ɜ:(r)li/	adverb	früh	near the beginning of a period of time	Can you get up early? We train at 7am.
67	easily	/'i:zli/	adverb	leicht, einfach	without difficulty or effort	I've got a piano lesson and I can't change it very easily.
67	fast	/fɑ:st/	adverb	schnell	quickly	She's clever. She can do maths very fast.
67	hard	/hɑ:(r)d/	adverb	schwer	using a lot of effort	She does karate and she obviously trains hard.
67	late	/leɪt/	adverb	spät	after the correct or usual time	Can you stay late on Wednesdays? We sometimes have matches.
67	quickly	/'kwɪkli/	adverb	schnell	at a fast speed	I can't play very well but I learn quickly.
67	well	/wel/	adverb	gut	in a skilful or effective way	He can sing very well.
68	alien	/'eɪliən/	noun	der Außerirdische	a person or creature from a planet other than Earth	Now use these buttons to move left and right, and this button to shoot the aliens.
68	button	/'bʌt(ə)n/	noun	die Taste, der Knopf	a small object that you press to make a machine start working or perform a particular action	Use this button to start the game.
68	character	/'kærɪktə(r)/	noun	die Figur	a person in a book, play, film or computer game	You have to run though the city and win the race against the other character.
68	choose	/tʃu:z/	verb	auswählen	to decide which you want from a number of people or things	First, you have to choose a character.
68	climb	/klaɪm/	verb	hinaufgehen	to use your hands and feet to move up, over, down or across something	OK, run. Now climb up that building.
68	destroy	/dɪ'strɔɪ/	verb	zerstören	to damage something completely	Some aliens want to destroy your planet and you have to stop them.
68	direct	/dɪ'rekt/	adjective	direkt	going straight to a place and not stopping or changing direction on the way there	Now, throw the shoe at him. Good! A direct hit!
68	hit	/hɪt/	verb	schlagen	to move quickly onto an object or surface, touching it with force	If you hit him, he moves slowly.
68	jump	/dʒʌmp/	verb	springen	to move your body off the ground using your legs	Jump. Jump to the next building. Quickly! The other character's coming.
68	move	/mu:v/	verb	stellen	to change position, or to make someone or something change position	Now use these buttons to move left and right.
68	planet	/'plæɪt/	noun	der Planet	a very large round object that moves around the Sun or another star	Some aliens want to destroy your planet and you have to stop them.

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68	shoot	/ʃu:t/	verb	schießen	to fire a gun	If they shoot you, you lose. Shoot! Don't stop!
68	throw	/θrəʊ/	verb	werfen	to use your hand to send an object through the air	When he finds you, you have to throw things at him.
68	win	/wɪn/	verb	gewinnen	to defeat everyone else by being the best or by finishing first in a competition	The other character's coming but you're winning.
68	winner	/ˈwɪnə(r)/	noun	der Sieger	someone who wins a race, competition or prize	Go! Yes! You're the winner!
69	dice	/daɪs/	noun	der Würfel	a small block of wood or plastic with six sides marked with spots, that you roll or throw to play a game	It's a board game and the players have to use dice.
69	guess	/ges/	verb	raten	to say or decide what you think is true, without being certain about it	It's my favourite game. You have to guess what it is.
69	piece	/pi:s/	noun	die Figur	an object that you move in a board game	Then you move your piece to the right square. If it's a street, you can buy it.
69	player	/ˈpleɪə(r)/	noun	der Spieler	someone who plays a particular game or sport	In this game, each player has to move pieces around a board too.
70	agent	/ˈeɪdʒ(ə)nt/	noun	der Agent	someone whose job is to help a writer, performer or sports player by finding work for them	Their agent plans their games and meetings.
70	coach	/kəʊtʃ/	noun	der Trainer	someone who trains a sports player or team	Their coach prepares them for matches.
70	cook	/kʊk/	noun	der Koch, die Köchin	someone who prepares and cooks food, either as their job or for pleasure	Their cook makes food for them.
70	individual	/ˌɪndɪˈvɪdʒuəl/	adjective	individuell	relating to one person rather than a group	Teams are important in individual sports too.
70	member	/ˈmembə(r)/	noun	das Mitglied	someone who belongs to a club, organisation or group	These jobs are all important, and the team members talk before they make decisions.
70	star	/stɑ:(r)/	adjective	Star-	typical of a famous and popular person, especially an actor, entertainer or sports personality	Star players can't play well without the other team members.
70	together	/təˈgeðə(r)/	adverb	zusammen	if you put two or more things together, you combine them to form a single thing	In a good sports team, the players work together.
70	trainer	/ˈtreɪnə(r)/	noun	der Trainer	someone whose job is to train someone in a sport	Their trainer helps them to keep fit.
71	laptop	/ˈlæp,tɒp/	noun	der Laptop	a small computer that you can carry with you	Can I use the laptop for my homework?
71	dentist	/ˈdentɪst/	noun	der Zahnarzt	someone whose job is to examine and treat people's teeth. You can refer to the place where a dentist works as the dentist or the dentist's	I have to go to the dentist's.

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71	permission	/pə(r)'mɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Erlaubnis	the right to do something that is given to you by someone in authority	I need my mum's permission to use the computer.
71	training	/'treɪnɪŋ/	noun	die Ausbildung	the process of training people or of being trained for a profession or activity	Is it OK if I finish training early today?
72	hero	/'hɪərəʊ/	noun	der Held	someone who you admire for their intelligence, abilities or personal qualities	My sporting hero is Judit Polgár.
72	admire	/əd'maɪə(r)/	verb	bewundern	to have a feeling of great respect for someone or something	Judit plays really well, and I admire her because she can play against the best players and win.
73	cap	/kæp/	noun	die Mütze	a soft hat that you wear to protect or cover your hair	Remember to bring a swimming cap. All swimmers have to wear a cap.
73	digital	/'dɪdʒɪt(ə)l/	adjective	digital	storing information such as sound or pictures as numbers or electronic signals	Move your pieces around a digital chess board in a game against our computer.
73	virtual	/'vɜː(r)tʃʊəl/	adjective	virtuell	created by computers, or appearing on computers or the internet	Climb over walls and jump between buildings in a virtual city.
74	decide	/dɪ'saɪd/	verb	entscheiden	to make a choice about what you are going to do	We have to decide as a team.
75	argue	/'ɑː(r)ɡju/	verb	(sich) streiten	if people argue, they speak to each other in an angry way because they disagree	He plays cards with Grandad instead. They argue a lot.
75	join	/dʒɔɪn/	verb	beitreten	to become a member of an organisation, club, etc	She wants Grandma to join her badminton club.

Page No.	Headword English	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Translation (German)	Definition	Example Sentence
76	adult	/ˈædʌlt/	noun	der Erwachsene	someone who is no longer a child	We haven't got many photos of Grandad as an adult.
76	age	/eɪdʒ/	noun	das Alter	the number of years that someone has lived	What age was he when he got married?
76	baby	/ˈbeɪbi/	noun	das Baby	a very young child who cannot yet talk or walk	So ... um the first photo, that's Grandad as a baby. He's about a month old.
76	born	/bɔː(r)n/	verb	geboren (werden)	when a baby is born, it comes out of its mother's body and starts its life	This baby was born a few weeks ago.
76	child	/tʃaɪld/	noun	das Kind	a young person from the time they are born until they are about 14 years old	The next photo is Grandad Jack as a child. He's about 9 or 10.
76	die	/daɪ/	verb	sterben	to stop being alive	Well, I'm 70 but I'm not ready to die for a long time!
76	old	/əʊld/	adjective	alt	someone or something that is old has lived a long time	I'm getting old fast.
76	grow up	/grəʊ ˈʌp/	phrasal verb	aufwachsen	to change from being a baby or young child to being an older child or adult	Now Grandad's starting to grow up ... he's 16 in the third photo.
76	middle-aged	/ˌmɪd(ə)l'eɪdʒd/	adjective	mittleren Alters	no longer young but not yet old	Then in the fifth photo, he's already middle-aged. He's 47 here.
76	pensioner	/ˈpenʃ(ə)nə(r)/	noun	der Rentner, die Rentnerin	someone who receives a pension from the government after they reach the age when they are officially old enough to stop working	This is Grandad on holiday as a pensioner – he's 67 here.
76	thousand	/ˈθaʊz(ə)nd/	number	tausend, eintausend	the number 1,000	She was born in the year two thousand and nine.
76	timeline	/ˈtaɪmˌlaɪn/	noun	der Zeitplan	a line showing particular dates over a period of time, for example, dates of historical events	I'd like to show you a timeline of Grandad's life – from when he was born to today.
77	fill in	/fɪl ˈɪn/	phrasal verb	ausfüllen	to add information such as your name or address in the empty spaces on an official document	Fill in the form about your friends and family.
78	ago	/əˈɡəʊ/	adverb	vor	used for saying how much time has passed since something happened	What was life like in England over a thousand years ago?
78	century	/ˈsentʃəri/	noun	das Jahrhundert	a period of 100 years, usually counted from a year ending in –00	What was life like in the 11th century?
78	easy	/ˈiːzi/	adjective	einfach	not difficult to do, or not needing much work	But life in the 11th century wasn't easy.
78	education	/ˌedʒʊˈkeɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Ausbildung	the activity of educating people in schools, colleges and universities	Education was only for the rich.

Page No.	Headword English	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Translation (German)	Definition	Example Sentence
78	field	/fi:ld/	noun	das Feld	an area of land used for keeping animals or growing food	Most people were poor farmers and work in the fields was hard.
78	harvest	/'hɑ:(r)vɪst/	noun	die Ernte	the activity of collecting a crop	A lot of people were hungry in the summer months before the harvest.
78	hungry	/'hʌŋɡri/	adjective	hungrig	feeling that you want to eat	I think many people were hungry in the year 1000.
78	life	/laɪf/	noun	das Leben	the period of time from someone's birth until their death	As their lives were short, people were married when they were teenagers.
78	medicine	/'med(ə)s(ə)n/	noun	die Medizin	a substance that you take to treat an illness, especially a liquid that you drink	When people were ill, there weren't any hospitals or medicine.
78	million	/'mɪljən/	number	die Million	the number 1,000,000	Well, there weren't many people – between two and three million (today there are over 53 million).
78	poor	/pɔ:(r)/	adjective	arm	having little money and few possessions	I think many people were poor in the year 1000.
78	simple	/'sɪmp(ə)l/	adjective	einfach	plain and without decoration	Their houses were simple with only one or two rooms.
78	tall	/tɔ:l/	adjective	groß	a tall person or object has greater height than the average person or object	We know that food was healthy because people were quite tall (men were about 172cm) and their teeth were good.
79	celebration	/,selə'breɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	das Fest	a party or special event at which you celebrate something such as a birthday or a religious holiday	Opening new buildings was a part of these celebrations too.
79	everywhere	/'evri,weə(r)/	adverb	überall	all the places that someone visits or goes to	There were big parties everywhere.
79	millennium	/'mɪ'leniəm/	noun	das Millennium, das Jahrtausend	a period of 1,000 years	For the new millennium there were celebrations around the world.
79	party	/'pa:(r)ti/	noun	das Fest	a social event at which people meet to celebrate something or to have fun by eating, dancing, playing games, etc	But my mum and dad weren't at a party – they were at the hospital!
79	remember	/'rɪ'membə(r)/	verb	erinnern	to bring a fact back into your mind that you knew before	I can't remember where I was on December 31st three years ago.
80	diary	/'daɪəri/	noun	das Tagebuch	a book in which you write your experiences each day	Both Amelia and William wrote a diary.
80	calm	/kɑ:m/	adjective	ruhig	not affected by strong emotions such as excitement, anger, shock or fear	Amelia doesn't get angry, she's very calm.

Page No.	Headword English	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Translation (German)	Definition	Example Sentence
80	can't wait	/ˌkɑː(r)nt 'weɪt/	phrase	(etwas) nicht erwarten können	used for saying someone is very excited about something that they expect will happen	This morning Josephine told us about New York. I can't wait to be there.
80	cheerful	/'tʃɪə(r)f(ə)l/	adjective	froh	behaving in a happy friendly way	Emma's baby was born yesterday – a healthy boy. My mother cried but we all feel cheerful again.
80	cool	/kuːl/	adjective	cool	used for emphasising how good someone or something is	I like Amelia and William. I think they're cool.
80	cow	/kaʊ/	noun	die Kuh	an animal kept by farmers for its milk or meat	Our cow died two days ago and we have no milk.
80	cry	/kraɪ/	verb	weinen	to have tears coming from your eyes, especially because you are sad	My little brother cried all evening.
80	friendly	/'fren(d)li/	adjective	freundlich	someone who is friendly is always pleasant and helpful towards other people	We bought some clothes from the Indians this morning, they were very friendly.
80	funny	/'fʌni/	adjective	lustig	someone or something that is funny makes you laugh	William is very funny, he makes Josephine laugh.
80	nice	/naɪs/	adjective	nett	attractive, enjoyable or pleasant	In the evening we met the Bloomberg Family. They were nice.
80	polite	/pə'laɪt/	adjective	höflich	someone who is polite behaves towards other people in a pleasant way that follows all the usual rules of society	She's very polite and always says 'thank you'.
80	rest	/rest/	verb	(sich) entspannen	to spend a period of time relaxing or sleeping after doing something tiring	Today we're resting because my sister Emma wasn't well last night.
80	rude	/ruːd/	adjective	unhöflich	not polite	William isn't rude: he always opens doors for people.
80	sail	/seɪl/	verb	segeln	if a boat sails, it moves across the surface of a sea, lake, river, etc	Yesterday we stopped in Ireland and then we started to sail to New York.
80	serious	/'sɪəriəs/	adjective	ernst	someone who is serious thinks carefully about things and does not laugh much	Their daughter Josephine was a bit shy and serious.
80	ship	/'ʃɪp/	noun	der Frachter	a very large boat used for carrying people or goods long distances	We left England two days ago on the ship. It's so big!
80	shout	/'ʃaʊt/	verb	schreien, rufen	to say something in a loud voice	Now it's very late but I can't sleep. People are shouting.
80	shy	/'ʃaɪ/	adjective	schüchtern	nervous and embarrassed in the company of other people, especially people who you do not know	Josephine is very shy at first.

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80	stop	/stɒp/	verb	anhalten	if a bus, train or ship stops somewhere, it stops moving in order to let passengers on or off	The ship stopped in Ireland.
80	wonderful	/'wʌndə(r)f(ə)l/	adjective	wunderbar	extremely good	I had a wonderful day today. Josephine and I went for a walk around the ship and we laughed a lot.
81	normal	/'nɔː(r)m(ə)l/	adjective	gewöhnlich, normal	something that is normal is how you expect it to be, and is not unusual or surprising in any way	Nothing happened yesterday. It was another normal day!
81	buy	/baɪ/	verb	kaufen	to get something by paying money for it	Two years ago my parents bought me my first phone.
81	calendar	/'kælɪndə(r)/	noun	der Kalender	a set of pages showing the days, weeks and months of a particular year	Yesterday was the 12th of December 2012 (12.12.12) and the Mayan Calendar finished.
81	change	/tʃeɪndʒ/	verb	verändern	to become different, or to make someone or something different	But nothing happened! Nothing changed.
81	chat	/tʃæt/	verb	plaudern	to talk in a friendly way	Lucy and I chatted online.
81	leave	/liːv/	verb	verlassen	to go away from a place	Yesterday my big sister left home.
81	love	/lʌv/	verb	lieben	to like or enjoy something very much	I loved my English class today.
81	meet	/miːt/	verb	treffen	to arrange to see somebody	I met my friends at the weekend.
81	say	/seɪ/	verb	sagen	to express something using words	Years ago, some people said this day was the end of the world.
81	see	/siː/	verb	sehen	to notice someone or something using your eyes	On holiday in Norway last year we saw the Northern Lights.
81	talk	/tɔːk/	verb	sprechen	to use words to communicate	I talked to Beth on the phone yesterday.
81	walk	/wɔːk/	verb	laufen	to move forwards by putting one foot in front of the other	I walked home with Ivan after school.
81	want	/wɒnt/	verb	wollen	to feel that you would like to have, keep or do something	My friends wanted to go shopping.
81	watch	/wɒtʃ/	verb	beobachten, (etwas) verfolgen	to look at someone or something for a period of time, watch something as it happens	I like to watch the sunset go down.
81	write	/raɪt/	verb	schreiben	to use a pen to make words, numbers or symbols	I wrote to my friends in the evening.
82	creative	/'kriːetɪv/	adjective	kreativ	involving a lot of imagination and new ideas	Show how creative you can be!
82	idea	/'aɪdɪə/	noun	die Idee	a thought that you have about how to do something or how to deal with something	It was a lot of work, but I knew it was a good idea.

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82	make	/meɪk/	verb	machen	to create or produce something by working	One day I got a cookbook and made dinner.
82	need	/ni:d/	verb	brauchen	if you need something, you must have it because it is necessary	Mateo's school needed money to buy new shirts for the school football team.
82	recipe	/ˈresəpi/	noun	das Rezept	a set of instructions for cooking or preparing a particular food	Jurek looks at recipes on the internet.
82	sell	/sel/	verb	verkaufen	to exchange something for money	One club sent us ten tickets for an important match. We sold them for a lot of money.
82	tell	/tel/	verb	erzählen	to give information to someone	Teri told stories to her little brother when she was a child.
83	anyway	/ˈeni,weɪ/	adverb	wie auch immer, wie dem auch sei	used when stating a particular fact that shows that something just mentioned is not important	My parents were in the garden. Anyway, I was on my computer and my phone rang.
83	basket	/ˈbɑːskɪt/	noun	der Korb	a container for carrying or keeping things in, made from thin pieces of plastic, wire or wood, and sometimes with a handle	Well, I looked in her shopping basket. There were no vegetables or fruit.
83	strange	/streɪndʒ/	adjective	komisch, seltsam	unusual or unexpected, especially in a way that surprises or worries you	I don't know who it was. It was really strange.
83	supermarket	/ˈsuːpə(r),mɑː(r)kɪt/	noun	der Supermarkt	a very large shop that sells food and other products for the home	I went shopping with Mum yesterday. When we were in the supermarket, we were behind that new teacher.
84	private	/ˈpraɪvət/	adjective	privat	used only by a particular person or group, or available only to them	Don't read my diary. It's private!
84	upstairs	/ʌpˈsteə(r)z/	adverb	oben	on an upper level of a building with stairs	My parents watched TV upstairs and my friends and I listened to music and danced. We watched a film.
84	vocabulary	/vəʊˈkæbjʊləri/	noun	das Vokabular	all the words in a particular language	But I got 20 out of 20 in my vocabulary test this morning.
85	angry	/ˈæŋɡri/	adjective	wütend	very annoyed	I wasn't very nice, but you weren't angry. Thanks.
85	horrible	/ˈhɒrəb(ə)l/	adjective	schrecklich	very unpleasant	I was horrible to you. Sorry.

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86	across	/ə'krɒs/	preposition	über	from one side to the other	It's sunny but some clouds are moving across the sky.
86	along	/ə'lɒŋ/	preposition	entlang	moving on or beside a line	They're walking along a street.
86	anything	/'eni,θɪŋ/	pronoun	nichts	used instead of 'something' in negative sentences and questions	We couldn't see anything through the fog.
86	around	/ə'raʊnd/	preposition	durch	moving so that you get to the other side of something	We walked around the festival area.
86	cloud	/klaʊd/	noun	die Wolke	a white or grey mass of very small drops of water in the sky	There were a lot of clouds in the sky.
86	cloudy	/'klaʊdi/	adjective	wolkig	full of clouds	It was very cloudy.
86	cold	/kəʊld/	adjective	kalt	with a low temperature or a temperature that is lower than normal	The weather was terrible. It was cold and windy.
86	district	/'dɪstrɪkt/	noun	die Gegend	an area of a town or country	The street is in the Marais district of Paris.
86	down	/daʊn/	preposition	hinunter	to or towards a lower place	On the second day we took a lift and went up to the top of the Empire State Building. We came down after about two minutes!
86	fog	/fɒg/	noun	der Nebel	a thick cloud that forms close to the ground or to water and is difficult to see through	The weather was really bad. There was a lot of fog.
86	foggy	/'fɒgi/	adjective	neblig	full of fog or covered with fog	We couldn't see anything because it was so foggy.
86	hot	/hɒt/	adjective	heiß	very high in temperature	It was very hot at the beach.
86	into	/'ɪntə/	preposition	in	used for showing movement such as entering a place, building or vehicle	We went into the tents to get out of the rain.
86	out of	/'aʊt əv/	phrase	aus	used for showing movement such as leaving a place, building or vehicle	We stood under an umbrella to get out of the sun.
86	past	/'pɑːst/	preposition	an etwas vorbeigehen/ vorbeifahren	going near someone or something while you are on your way to another place	They walked past some shops.
86	rain	/reɪn/	noun	der Regen	water that falls in drops from clouds in the sky	I took an umbrella because there was a lot of rain.
86	rain	/reɪn/	verb	regnen	if it rains, water falls in drops from clouds in the sky	It rained all day, but we had a good time and the music was great.
86	rainy	/'reɪni/	adjective	regnerisch, verregnet	when it rains a lot	It was a rainy day so I stayed at home.
86	signpost	/'saɪn,pəʊst/	noun	das Schild	a sign next to a road showing where something is	Signposts usually show places that are near.

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86	snow	/snəʊ/	noun	der Schnee	small soft white pieces of ice that fall from the sky and cover the ground	There was a lot of snow on the ground.
86	snowy	/'snəʊi/	adjective	verschneit	with a lot of snow	I went to the mountains. It was very snowy.
86	sun	/sʌn/	noun	die Sonne	the light and warmth that you feel from the sun	I didn't stay in the sun for too long.
86	sunny	/'sʌni/	adjective	sonnig	bright with light from the sun	In this photo I'm looking out of the tent. It's sunny but some clouds are moving across the sky.
86	tent	/tent/	noun	das Zelt	a shelter made of cloth and supported with poles and ropes	We slept in a tent at the festival.
86	through	/θruː/	preposition	durch	from one end or side of something to the other	We walked through the forest.
86	towards	/tə'wɔː(r)dz/	preposition	in Richtung	used for saying in which direction someone or something is going, facing or looking	The clouds are coming towards us.
86	up	/ʌp/	preposition	(nach) oben, hinauf	in or towards a higher position	We went up to the top of the Empire State Building.
86	warm	/wɔː(r)m/	adjective	warm	fairly hot in a way that is comfortable and pleasant	I like warm weather.
86	wind	/wɪnd/	noun	der Wind	a natural current of air that moves fast enough for you to feel it	There was a strong wind. It was difficult to walk.
86	windy	/'wɪndi/	adjective	windig	with a lot of wind	The weather was cold and windy, so I stayed in my hotel.
88	bazaar	/bə'zɑː(r)/	noun	der Basar	a market, especially in the Middle East and South Asia	In the afternoon we walked through the Grand Bazaar (it's got 3,000 shops!).
88	different	/'dɪfrənt/	adjective	anders	not the same as another person or thing, or not the same as before	It was different, but I liked it.
88	drive	/draɪv/	verb	fahren	to control a vehicle so that it moves somewhere	At the airport we got into a taxi and drove (very fast) to the hotel.
88	flight	/flaɪt/	noun	der Flug	a journey through air or space in a vehicle such as a plane	The flight took 11 hours! It was very boring and I couldn't sleep.
88	fly	/flaɪ/	verb	fliegen	to travel by plane	We flew by plane from Toronto to Istanbul.
88	mosque	/mɒsk/	noun	die Moschee	a building in which Muslims worship	We visited the Sultan Ahmed Mosque (the Blue Mosque), which was BIG!!!
88	outside	/ˌaʊt'saɪd/	adverb	draußen	used for saying that something or somewhere is not inside a building	I took millions of photos outside the mosque.

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88	sightseeing	/ˈsaɪt,si:ɪŋ/	noun	die Besichtigung	the activity of travelling around a place to see the interesting things in it	We did some sightseeing and I had a great time.
88	understand	/ˌʌndə(r)'stænd/	verb	verstehen	to know what someone or something means	I don't speak Turkish, but a lot of people could understand English.
89	games room	/ˈgeɪmz ru:m/	noun	die Spielhalle	a room where guests in a hotel or resort can play games	I didn't like the hotel, but there was a games room, so we could play table tennis.
89	island	/ˈaɪlənd/	noun	die Insel	a piece of land that is completely surrounded by water	He drove us around the island.
90	actor	/ˈæktə(r)/	noun	der Schauspieler, die Schauspielerin	someone who performs in plays and films, especially as their job	He became an actor and died in 2010 at the age of 98.
90	adventure	/əd'ventʃə(r)/	noun	das Abenteuer	an exciting, unusual and sometimes dangerous experience	Hergé read about Palle's adventure and if you look at photos of Palle, he looked a bit like Tintin.
90	anniversary	/ˌænɪ'vɜ:(r)s(ə)ri/	noun	der Jahrestag	a date when you celebrate something that happened in a previous year that is important to you	In fact, the competition was for Jules Verne's 100th anniversary.
90	base on	/ˈbeɪs ɒn/	phrasal verb	etwas auf etwas basieren	to use something as a model for a film, piece of writing or work of art	Some people think Palle is the real Tintin and that Hergé based the character on Palle.
90	boat	/bəʊt/	noun	das Boot	a small vehicle that people use for travelling on water	We went in a boat across the lake.
90	coach	/kəʊtʃ/	noun	der Bus	a long comfortable vehicle for carrying a large number of passengers, especially on long journeys	I went by coach to London from Edinburgh. It took a long time.
90	complete	/kəm'pli:t/	verb	vollenden, abschließen, zu Ende bringen	to finish something	He had to complete the trip in 46 days.
90	enter	/ˈentə(r)/	verb	an etwas teilnehmen	if you enter a race or competition, or if someone enters you, you put your name on the list of those taking part	In 1928, when he was 15 years old, Palle Huld entered a competition in a Danish newspaper.
90	helicopter	/ˈhelɪkɒptə(r)/	noun	der Hubschrauber	an aircraft with large metal blades on top that spin and lift it into the air	They couldn't go in the helicopter because it was foggy.
90	lorry	/ˈlɒri/	noun	der Lastkraftwagen, LKW	a large road vehicle used for carrying goods	There are a lot of lorries on this road.
90	motorbike	/ˈməʊtə(r),baɪk/	noun	das Motorrad	a road vehicle that has two wheels and an engine and looks like a large heavy bicycle	My uncle goes to his office by motorbike.
90	plane	/pleɪn/	noun	das Flugzeug	an aircraft with wings and at least one engine	I went to Tokyo by plane.

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90	return	/rɪ'tɜ:(r)n/	verb	zurückkommen	to go back to a place where you were earlier, or to come back from a place where you have just been	He went around the world and returned to Copenhagen 44 days later.
90	train	/treɪn/	noun	der Zug	a group of railway vehicles that are connected and pulled by an engine	He travelled by train first.
90	tram	/træm/	noun	die Straßenbahn	a long narrow vehicle that travels along metal tracks in the middle of a street and is used as public transport in some places	There is a tram in my town. I take it to go to the shopping centre.
90	(public) transport	/'trænsɒ:(r)t/	noun	das Verkehrsmittel	a method of travelling or moving things from one place to another	He could travel by any form of transport but not by plane.
90	travel	/'træv(ə)l/	verb	reisen	to go on a journey or visit different places, especially places that are far away from where you live or work	Palle left Denmark on 1st March and travelled alone by land and sea.
90	trip	/trɪp/	noun	die Reise	an occasion when you go somewhere and come back again	He won a trip around the world.
90	underground	/'ʌndə(r)graʊnd/	noun	die U-Bahn	a system of public transport consisting of trains that travel in tunnels below a city	My big brother goes on the underground to get to his school.
91	correct	/kə'rekt/	adjective	richtig	right according to the facts, with no mistakes	You need four correct answers to win a trip around the world!
91	detective	/dɪ'tektɪv/	noun	der Kriminalbeamte	someone who is paid by other people to find out information	The character Fix was a detective.
91	journey	/'dʒɜ:(r)ni/	noun	die Reise	an occasion when you travel from one place to another, especially when there is a long distance between the places	Where did Phileas Fogg start his journey?
92	list	/lɪst/	noun	die Liste	a set of names, numbers, etc that are written or printed one below another	Karl wrote a list of things to take away with him.
92	pyjamas	/pə'dʒɑ:məz/	noun	der Schlafanzug	comfortable trousers and a shirt that you wear in bed	Karl is taking his pyjamas to his friend's house.
92	ready	/'redi/	adjective	bereit	prepared for what is going to happen	Karl is getting ready to go and stay at his best friend's house for the night.
92	toothbrush	/'tu:θ,bɾʌʃ/	noun	die Zahnbürste	a small brush used for cleaning your teeth	Karl is taking his toothbrush to his friend's house.
92	toothpaste	/'tu:θ,peɪst/	noun	die Zahnpasta	a soft thick substance that you put on a toothbrush to clean your teeth	Karl is taking his toothpaste to his friend's house.
93	check in	/tʃek 'ɪn/	phrasal verb	einchecken	to arrive at a hotel and give your personal details to the person working at the reception desk	We'd like to check in.

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93	check out	/tʃek 'aʊt/	phrasal verb	auschecken	to leave a hotel after paying the bill	Good morning. We'd like to check out, please.
93	corridor	/'kɒrɪdɔ:(r)/	noun	der Flur	a long passage inside a building with doors on each side	Go through the doors at the end of the corridor, across the hall and past the breakfast room.
93	double (room)	/'dʌb(ə)l/	adjective	das Doppelzimmer	large enough for two people or things	I'd like to reserve one double room, please.
93	reservation	/,rezə(r)'veɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Reservierung	an arrangement by which something such as a room in a hotel or a seat in a theatre is kept for you to use later	I'd like to make a reservation.
93	sign	/saɪn/	verb	unterschreiben	to write your name on something in your own personal way	Could you sign here, please?
93	single (room)	/'sɪŋɡ(ə)l/	adjective	das Einzelzimmer	designed for one person, or used by one person	I'd like to reserve one single room, please.
93	stay	/steɪ/	noun	der Aufenthalt	a limited period of time that you live somewhere	I hope you enjoyed your stay.
93	twin (room)	/twɪn/	adjective	das Zweibettzimmer	a twin room has two separate beds in the same bedroom, often close to each other or next to each other	I'd like to reserve one single room and one twin room.
94	flag	/flæg/	noun	die Flagge	a piece of cloth decorated with the pattern and colours that represent a country or organisation	This morning we went from the hotel to the Zócalo, the main square, by taxi. There's a really big Mexican flag there.
94	cathedral	/kə'thi:drəl/	noun	der Dom	the most important church in an area that a bishop controls	There's an amazing cathedral in Mexico City.
94	arrive	/ə'raɪv/	verb	ankommen	to reach a place, after having been somewhere else	Hello from Mexico City! We arrived late last night after a long flight.
96	dream	/dri:m/	noun	der Traum	something that you experience in your mind while you are sleeping	Last night I had a strange dream.
96	mirror	/'mɪrə(r)/	noun	der Spiegel	a piece of special glass in which you can see yourself or see what is behind you	I walked across and looked into the mirror.
96	recognise	/'rekəɡnaɪz/	verb	wiedererkennen	to know who the person is or what the thing is that you are seeing, hearing, etc because you have seen, heard, etc them before	Did you recognise him?
97	exotic	/ɪɡ'zɒtɪk/	adjective	exotisch, ungewöhnlich	interesting or exciting because of being unusual or not familiar	Where does she live - somewhere exotic like Japan or Turkey?
97	prepare	/prɪ'peə(r)/	verb	(sich auf etwas) vorbereiten	to make plans for a future event so that you will be ready for it	It was good but I didn't prepare for the trip. I mean ... I took all the wrong clothes.

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98	acoustic	/ə'ku:stɪk/	adjective	akustisch	an acoustic musical instrument does not use electronic equipment to make its sound louder	Sam plays the acoustic guitar and he writes his own songs.
98	baker's	/'beɪkə(r)z/	noun	die Bäckerei	a shop that sells bread and cakes	I bought some cakes at the baker's.
98	bookshop	/'bʊkʃɒp/	noun	die Buchhandlung	a shop that sells books	She loves reading and she often goes to the bookshop.
98	butcher's	/'bʊtʃə(r)z/	noun	die Metzgerei	a shop that sells meat	You can get some chicken for the barbecue at the butcher's.
98	camera	/'kæm(ə)rə/	noun	der Fotoapparat	a piece of equipment used for taking photographs, either as part of a mobile device or as a separate item	Sally bought a new camera yesterday. It was very expensive.
98	chemist	/'kemɪst/	noun	der Apotheker	a shop that sells medicines, beauty products and toiletries	You can buy shampoo and other toiletries at the chemist as well as medicine.
98	clothes shop	/'kləʊðz ʃɒp/	noun	das Modegeschäft	a shop that sells the things that you wear such as shirts, dresses, trousers, etc	Jack really likes fashion. He wants to work in a clothes shop.
98	department store	/dɪ'pɑ:(r)tment ʃtɔ:(r)/	noun	das Kaufhaus	a large shop divided into separate sections, each section selling a different type of thing	You can buy a lot of different things at the department store.
98	device	/dɪ'vaɪs/	noun	das Gerät	a machine or piece of equipment that does a particular thing	Cameras and laptops are types of electronic devices.
98	electronics shop	/,elek'trɒnɪks ʃɒp/	noun	das Elektronikgeschäft	a shop that sells electronic equipment, or equipment with electronic parts	We can get that new games console at the electronics shop.
98	games console	/'geɪmz kən,səʊl/	noun	die Spielekonsole	a piece of electronic equipment that plays digital games	Joseph bought a new games console. It's really cool.
98	huge	/hju:dʒ/	adjective	riesig	extremely large in size	I've got a huge list. A newspaper for Mum, Dad's car magazine, a comic for my brother ...
98	loaf	/ləʊf/	noun	der Laib	bread in a long, round, or square shape that you cut into slices (=thin flat pieces) for eating	Right. Er ... I'd like a loaf of bread. Oh, and one of those cakes, please.
98	music shop	/'mju:zɪk ʃɒp/	noun	das Musikgeschäft	a shop that sells musical instruments	Billy bought a new guitar at the music shop.
98	newsagent	/'nju:z,eɪdʒ(ə)nt/	noun	der Zeitschriftenhändler	a shop that sells newspapers and magazines	My mum buys a newspaper at the newsagent every morning.
98	pet shop	/'pet ʃɒp/	noun	die Zoohandlung	a shop that sells animals to be kept in your home	There's a pet shop next to my house. It's very noisy.
98	sports shop	/'spɔ:(r)ts ʃɒp/	noun	das Sportgeschäft	a shop that sells sports clothing and equipment	Maki bought her tennis racket at the new sports shop in the centre of town.
98	style	/staɪl/	noun	der Stil	the way that someone writes or produces music or art	What style of guitar do you want - classical, acoustic, electric?

Page No.	Headword English	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Translation (German)	Definition	Example Sentence
98	tablet	/ˈtæblət/	noun	der Tablet-PC	a small computer which you use by touching the screen rather than using a keyboard	My sister bought a new tablet at the electronics shop. It's amazing.
98	toiletries	/ˈtɔɪlətriz/	noun	die Hygieneartikel	things such as soap, deodorant and toothpaste that you use to keep yourself clean	A chemist sells medicines, beauty products and toiletries.
98	toy shop	/ˈtɔɪ ʃɒp/	noun	der Spielzeugladen	a shop that sells objects for children to play with	I bought my cousin a teddy bear at the toy shop. It's her fifth birthday next week.
99	cheap	/tʃi:p/	adjective	günstig, billig	not expensive	Internet shops are often cheaper. Look at prices online before you go shopping.
99	expensive	/ɪkˈspensɪv/	adjective	teuer	something that is expensive costs a lot of money	Some shops are more expensive than others.
100	accessory	/əkˈsesəri/	noun	das Accessoire	a small thing such as a piece of jewellery or a pair of shoes that you wear with clothes to give them more style	Buy simple clothes. You can wear them when fashions change and make them more interesting with accessories.
100	compare	/kəmˈpeə(r)/	verb	vergleichen	to consider how things or people are similar and how they are different	To save money, compare prices before you buy something.
100	fact	/fækt/	noun	die Tatsache	a piece of true information	Find the facts. Look online for information about things like mobile phones. Know what you need.
100	fashion	/ˈfæʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Mode	the activity or business that involves styles of clothes and people's appearance	At MGS Styles we have the best selection in town of the coolest fashions.
100	opinion	/əˈpɪnjən/	noun	die Meinung	the attitude that you have towards something, especially your thoughts about how good it is	Get a parent's opinion about expensive things and not just when they're paying.
100	pay	/peɪ/	verb	zahlen	to give money in order to buy something	When you buy brands, you pay more for the name.
100	price tag	/ˈpraɪs ˌtæg/	noun	das Preisschild	a label on a product that says how much it costs	When you get home, don't take off the price tag.
100	quality	/ˈkwɒləti/	noun	die Qualität	the quality of something is how good or bad it is	Sometimes prices are lower but the quality's worse.
100	save	/seɪv/	verb	sparen	to keep or store something so that you can use it in the future	To save money, compare prices before you buy something.
100	slow	/sləʊ/	adjective	langsam	a slow movement or action does not happen fast	A slow decision is better than a bad decision.
101	local	/ˈləʊk(ə)l/	adjective	örtlich	in or related to the area that you live in, or to the particular area that you are talking about	People in local shops are more polite.

Page No.	Headword English	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Translation (German)	Definition	Example Sentence
101	choice	/tʃɔɪs/	noun	die Auswahl	the opportunity or right to choose between different things	The choice in local shops is worse.
101	far	/fɑː(r)/	adjective	weit	a long distance	Trends is further than Wearhouse.
101	original	/ə'ɹɪdʒ(ə)nəl/	adjective	originell	new, interesting and different from anything else	It's cheaper than the shopping centre, and the clothes are more original.
101	second-hand	/,sekənd 'hænd/	adjective	gebraucht	owned or used by someone else before you	What about the second-hand shop? It's cheaper than the shopping centre.
101	service	/'sɜː(r)vɪs/	noun	die Bedienung	help and advice given to customers in a shop, hotel or business	The service in local shops is faster.
102	advert	/'ædvɜː(r)t/	noun	die Werbung	a short film on television or short article on radio that is intended to persuade people to buy something	That radio station always has a lot of adverts.
102	afraid	/ə'freɪd/	adjective	ängstlich	worried that something bad might happen	Be afraid. Be very afraid to miss the latest, the funniest, the most exciting films of the moment.
102	cent	/sent/	noun	der Cent	a small unit of money used in many countries, for example, the US, Canada and Australia	The tastiest chocolate bars ... two for just 99 cents!
102	chocolate bar	/'tʃɒklət ,bəː(r)/	noun	der Schokoriegel	a sweet made from chocolate	This new chocolate bar is more expensive than the other kinds, but it tastes better.
102	complex	/'kɒmpleks/	noun	der Wohnblock	a group of buildings together, or a building that has several parts	With hundreds of stores, Seaview Plaza is the south's biggest shopping complex.
102	currency	/'kʌrənsi/	noun	die Währung	the system of money used in a particular country	The currency in Japan is called the yen.
102	dollar	/'dɒlə(r)/	noun	der Dollar	the unit of money used in the US and in several other countries such as Canada and Australia	In the USA we use dollars and cents for prices.
102	equipment	/'ɪkwɪpmənt/	noun	die Ausstattung	the tools, machines or other things that you need for a particular job or activity	At The Gear, we have the clothes and equipment that you need.
102	euro	/'jʊərəʊ/	noun	der Euro	the unit of money that is used in most countries in the European Union	In many European countries we use euros and cents for prices.
102	distance	/'dɪstəns/	noun	der Abstand	the amount of space between two people or things	Product sizes are in centimetres and metres and delivery distances are in kilometres.
102	foot	/fʊt/	noun	der Fuß	a unit used for measuring length, containing 12 inches and equal to about 30 centimetres	He's over six feet tall.
102	gallon	/'gælən/	noun	die Gallone	a unit for measuring an amount of liquid, especially petrol or water	In the USA, we use gallons and pints for volumes.

Page No.	Headword English	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Translation (German)	Definition	Example Sentence
102	height	/haɪt/	noun	die Höhe	the degree to which something is high or someone is tall	The building has a height of eight metres.
102	inch	/ɪntʃ/	noun	der Zoll	a unit for measuring length. An inch is equal to 2.54 centimetres. There are 12 inches in one foot	In the USA, for our height we use feet and inches.
102	kilogram	/ˈkɪləɡræm/	noun	das Kilogramm	a unit for measuring weight in the metric system, containing 1,000 grams	In many European countries, we use kilograms or kilos for weights.
102	kilometre	/ˈkɪləmɪtə(r)/	noun	der Kilometer	a unit for measuring distance in the metric system, containing 1,000 metres	In many European countries, we use kilometres for distances.
102	litre	/ˈlɪtə(r)/	noun	der Liter	a unit for measuring an amount of liquid or gas in the metric system, containing 1,000 millilitres	In many European countries, we use litres for volumes.
102	metre	/ˈmɪtə(r)/	noun	der Meter	a unit for measuring length in the metric system, containing 100 centimetres	In many European countries, for our height we use metres and centimetres.
102	metric	/ˈmetrɪk/	adjective	metrisch	using or relating to the metric system of measurements	We use the metric system for measurements in many European countries.
102	mile	/maɪl/	noun	die Meile	a unit for measuring distance, equal to 1.609 kilometres or 1,760 yards	In the USA, for distances, we use miles.
102	miss	/mɪs/	verb	verpassen	to fail to be present for something, or to not be in a place when someone else is there	The most comfortable seats, the biggest screens, the most amazing 3-D films. Be very afraid to miss them!
102	multiscreen	/ˈmʌltɪskri:n/	noun	das Kinocenter	a large building that contains several cinema screens	Don't miss the latest, the funniest, the most exciting films of the moment at the Seaview multiscreen complex.
102	pence	/pens/	noun	die Pennies	a small unit of money in the UK. There are 100 pence in one pound	In the UK we use pounds and pence for prices.
102	pint	/paɪnt/	noun	das Pint	a unit for measuring liquid. In the UK a pint is equal to 0.57 litres and in the US it is equal to 0.48 litres	I want to buy a pint of milk.
102	pound	/paʊnd/	noun	das Pfund	a unit of money used in the UK and several other countries	One pound is a hundred pence.
102	volume	/ˈvɒlju:m/	noun	das Volumen	the amount of space something fills, or the amount of space in a container	This bottle has a volume of 2 litres.
102	weight	/weɪt/	noun	das Gewicht	a measurement of how heavy a person or thing is	In Europe we use the metric system for weights.

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103	app	/æp/	noun	die App	a piece of software that is designed to do a particular job, especially one that people use on a smartphone	My new phone has the most amazing apps.
103	brand	/brænd/	noun	die Marke	a product or group of products that has its own name and is made by one particular company	Brands are more expensive, but the clothes are better quality.
103	comfortable	/ˈkʌmftəb(ə)l/	adjective	bequem	a comfortable piece of furniture feels pleasant to sit or lie on	Our restaurants have the most comfortable seats.
103	exciting	/ɪk'saɪtɪŋ/	adjective	spannend	making you feel excited	Come to our store to find the most exciting brands at the lowest prices.
103	fresh	/fref/	adjective	frisch	fresh food has been recently picked, caught or prepared	We serve the tastiest burgers made of the freshest local ingredients.
103	ingredient	/ɪn'ɡri:diənt/	noun	die Zutat	one of the foods or liquids that you use in making a particular meal	All of our burgers are made with local ingredients.
103	memory	/ˈmem(ə)ri/	noun	der Speicher	the part of a computer in which information, instructions and programs are stored	This phone has the biggest memory.
103	screen	/skri:n/	noun	der Bildschirm	the flat surface on a computer, television or piece of electronic equipment where words and pictures are shown	But this phone has the largest screen.
103	seat	/si:t/	noun	der Stuhl, der Sitz	something you can sit on	The seats in our restaurant are very comfortable.
104	actively	/ˈæktivli/	adverb	aktiv	with the aim of making something happen, rather than just hoping that it will	I think it's important to listen actively to someone because it shows that you respect them.
104	follow	/ˈfɒləʊ/	verb	verfolgen	to be interested in the progress or development of someone or something	I follow fashion. It's really important to me.
104	group	/ɡru:p/	noun	die Gruppe	a set of people who meet or do something together because they share the same purpose or ideas	Brands are important. They help you feel part of a group.
105	brown bread	/ˈbraʊn ˌbred/	noun	das Vollkornbrot	a type of bread that contains all the wheat grain including the outer part	I think that brown bread is healthier than white bread.
105	granary	/ˈgrænəri/	noun	das Vollkornbrot	granary bread is made with flour that contains whole grains of wheat	Would you like a white or a granary roll?
105	roll	/rəʊl/	noun	das Brötchen	bread in the form of a small round or long shape	I'd like a granary roll, please.

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106	advertise	/ˈædvə(r)taɪz/	verb	werben	to try to persuade people to buy a product or service by announcing it on television, on the internet, in newspapers, etc	We want to advertise our new bookshop.
106	gadget	/ˈgædʒɪt/	noun	das Gerät	a small piece of equipment that uses new technology	We have all the latest gadgets - the coolest mobiles, the fastest tablets, the most amazing video games.
106	literature	/ˈlɪtrətʃə(r)/	noun	die Literatur	stories, poems and plays, especially those that are considered to have value as art and not just entertainment	We have the largest selection of new and second-hand books in London. Find the latest literature in English.
106	sales	/seɪlz/	noun	der Vertrieb	the department of a company that sells its products or services	We have the friendliest, most helpful sales people.
107	operator	/ˈɒpəreɪtə(r)/	noun	der Operator	someone who works for a telephone company and helps people with calls	We have the friendliest phone operators on the web!
107	product	/ˈprɒdʌkt/	noun	das Produkt	something that is made, grown or obtained in large quantities so that it can be sold	We have the biggest selection of products.



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108	candle	/ˈkænd(ə)l/	noun	die Kerze	a stick of wax with a string in it called a wick that you burn to give light	It's beautiful here In London's Trafalgar Square with all the lights and candles and flowers.
108	beautiful	/ˈbjʊ:təf(ə)l/	adjective	schön	something that is beautiful is very pleasant to look at	The lights are really beautiful.
108	Caribbean	/ˌkærɪˈbiən/	noun	die Karibik	the islands in the Caribbean Sea and the countries that surround it	There's fantastic Caribbean music ... just listen to those drums ...
108	carnival	/ˈkɑː(r)nɪv(ə)l/	noun	der Karneval	a lively festival in which people walk through the streets playing music, dancing and often wearing unusual colourful clothes	I'm at Europe's biggest carnival celebration, the Notting Hill Carnival, in the streets of London.
108	celebrate	/ˈseləˌbreɪt/	verb	feiern	to do something enjoyable in order to show that an occasion or event is special	It's when people celebrate the end of winter and the start of spring.
108	celebration	/ˌseləˈbreɪf(ə)n/	noun	die Feier	a party or special event at which you celebrate something such as a birthday or a religious holiday	Maslenitsa is a Russian celebration.
108	costume	/ˈkɒstjʊ:m/	noun	die Verkleidung, das Kostüm	clothes that are typical of a particular place or of a period in history	This year, as usual, people are wearing amazing costumes.
108	decorate	/ˈdekəreɪt/	verb	schmücken	to make something look more attractive by putting nice things on it or in it	We can decorate our classroom and put decorations around the school too.
108	decoration	/ˌdekəˈreɪf(ə)n/	noun	die Ausschmückung	something nice that you put on or in something else to make it look more attractive	There are lucky red decorations everywhere.
108	firework	/ˈfaɪə(r),wɜː(r)k/	noun	das Feuerwerk	an object that explodes when you light it and produces coloured lights and loud noises	We can hear and see some fireworks, but the big fireworks show is later.
108	flower	/ˈflaʊə(r)/	noun	die Blüte	the coloured part of a plant from which the plant's fruit develops	These flowers are beautiful.
108	invite	/ɪnˈvaɪt/	verb	einladen	to ask someone to come to see you or to spend time with you socially	Invite all your friends to come and eat Caribbean food.
108	light	/laɪt/	noun	das Licht	something that produces brightness	Diwali is of course the Festival of Lights and this is the day when people from South Asia celebrate life with music, dancing and food.
108	lucky	/ˈlʌki/	adjective	Glück haben	if you are lucky, something good happens to you as a result of luck	At Chinese New Year, red decorations are lucky.
108	pancake	/ˈpæŋˌkeɪk/	noun	der Pfannkuchen	a thin round flat food made by cooking a mixture of flour, eggs and milk	I'm keeping warm with lots of Russian pancakes and soup.
108	parade	/pəˈreɪd/	noun	die Parade, der Umzug	a public celebration in which a large group of people move through an area, often with decorated vehicles and bands playing music	I'm here in London for the St Patrick's Day parade, the most important day of the year for Irish people everywhere.

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108	quite	/kwaɪt/	adverb	ziemlich	fairly but not very	It's still quite cold here in London.
108	wish	/wɪʃ/	verb	wünschen	used for saying that you hope that someone enjoys something or that something good happens to them	Wish everyone a Happy New Year.
110	midsummer	/ˌmɪd'sʌmə(r)/	noun	der Hochsommer	the middle part of summer, when the weather is usually hottest	Midsummer is the longest day of the year and people celebrate it in many countries.
110	bonfire	/ˈbɒnˌfaɪə(r)/	noun	das Funkenfeuer	a large fire built outside for burning waste. People also have bonfires at parties or celebrations.	In the past, people celebrated Golowan in Penzance with large bonfires and other activities with fire.
110	carry	/ˈkæri/	verb	tragen	to hold someone or something using your hands, arms or body and take them somewhere	Students and their teachers are going to carry their giants in a parade through the streets of the town.
110	dangerous	/ˈdeɪndʒərəs/	adjective	gefährlich	likely to harm or kill someone, or to damage or destroy something	But the town stopped the festival as people thought it was too dangerous.
110	giant	/ˈdʒaɪənt/	noun	der Riese	an imaginary person in stories, who is extremely tall, strong and often evil	They also make amazing people and animals out of paper. This year the theme is 'giants'.
110	safe	/seɪf/	adjective	sicher	protected from being hurt, damaged, lost, stolen, etc	Now the celebration lasts for ten days – and it's very safe!
110	theme	/θi:m/	noun	das Thema	the main subject of something such as a book, speech, art exhibition or discussion	The festival has a different theme every year.
111	count	/kaʊnt/	verb	zählen	to say numbers one after another in order	Now I'm going to count down to zero and you're going to help me! Ten, nine ...
111	keep back	/ki:p 'bæk/	phrasal verb	Abstand halten	to not move towards someone or something, or to stop someone from doing this	A lot of people are going to walk along the streets, so please keep back.
111	plan	/plæn/	noun	der Plan	a series of actions that you think about carefully to help you to achieve something	I'm thinking about my future plans.
111	space	/speɪs/	noun	der Platz	an empty or available area	My sister isn't going to come, so there's space in the car.
111	tomorrow	/tə'mɒrəʊ/	adverb	morgen	on the day after today	We're going to watch the St Patrick's Day parade tomorrow.
111	work	/wɜ:(r)k/	noun	die Arbeit	a place where someone goes to do their job	My mum's going to be at work.
112	angry	/ˈæŋɡri/	adjective	wütend	very annoyed	Lucy felt angry when Josh read her diary.
112	embarrassed	/ɪm'bærəst/	adjective	verlegen	ashamed of something and worried about what other people will think of you	I was embarrassed because I forgot my homework.

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112	emoticon	/ɪ'məʊtɪkən/	noun	das Emoticon	a symbol that you type in an email or text message to show how you feel. for example, the emoticon :-) means happy or friendly.	Stella always uses emoticons in her emails.
112	enjoy	/ɪn'dʒɔɪ/	verb	etwas gerne tun	to get pleasure from something	I'm going to enjoy International Talk Like a Pirate Day.
112	fall (asleep)	/fɔ:l/	verb	einschlafen	to change into another state or condition	I fall asleep easily after a long, hot bath.
112	feeling	/'fi:lɪŋ/	noun	das Gefühl	an emotional state, for example, anger or happiness	Emoticons are a good way of showing your feelings in an email or text message.
112	forget	/fə(r)'get/	verb	vergessen	to be unable to remember a fact or piece of information	Lucille often forgets her homework.
112	fun	/fʌn/	noun	der Spaß	enjoyment, especially from an activity that is not important or serious	Talk Like a Pirate Day sounds like fun.
112	interested	/'ɪntrəstɪd/	adjective	interessiert	wanting to know about or take part in something	I told him about Talk Like a Pirate Day, but he wasn't interested.
112	international	/'ɪntə(r)'næʃ(ə)nəl/	adjective	international	involving several countries, or existing between countries	Tomorrow, 19th September, is International Talk Like A Pirate Day.
112	nervous	/'nɜ:(r)vəs/	adjective	nervös	feeling excited and worried, or slightly afraid	There was a concert at school and I played the guitar. It was terrible! I felt very nervous and made lots of mistakes.
112	pirate	/'paɪrət/	noun	der Pirat	someone who attacks ships while they are sailing in order to steal things from them	AHOY THERE! It's International Talk Like A Pirate Day.
112	positive	/'pɒzətɪv/	adjective	positiv	a positive experience, situation, result, etc is a good one	I think being excited is positive.
112	relaxed	/rɪ'lækst/	adjective	entspannt	calm and not worried	Luke's a very relaxed person. He doesn't worry about anything.
112	spider	/'spaɪdə(r)/	noun	die Spinne	a small creature with eight legs that usually weaves a web to catch insects	Jocelyn was very afraid when she saw the large spider in her bathroom.
112	stupid	/'stju:pɪd/	adjective	dumm	used for talking about something that you think is silly or annoying	I'm not going to celebrate Talk Like A Pirate Day tomorrow, because it's stupid.
112	surprised	/sə(r)'praɪzd/	adjective	überrascht	having the feeling that you get when something unexpected happens	Peter was surprised when his exam results were better than usual.
112	worried	/'wʌrɪd/	adjective	besorgt	unhappy because you are thinking about your problems or about bad things that could happen	Lucas always feels worried before a big exam.



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113	continue	/kən'tɪnjuːz/	verb	(mit) etwas weitermachen	to keep doing something without stopping	We'll continue to learn Irish at school.
113	die out	/daɪ 'aʊt/	phrasal verb	aussterben	to become weaker or less common and then disappear completely	The teacher thinks a lot of languages will die out.
113	everybody	/'evri,bɒdi/	pronoun	jeder, jede	every person in a group	And many people think the price of food will be a problem for everybody in the future.
113	mark	/mɑː(r)k/	noun	die Note	a score in the form of a number, percentage or letter that a teacher gives a student's work	I think Andrea will get good marks in the next English test.
113	mother tongue	/'mʌðə(r) ,læŋɡwɪdʒ/	noun	die Muttersprache	the main language that you learn as a child	People will speak my mother language 50 years from now.
113	predict	/prɪ'dɪkt/	verb	voraussagen	to say what you think will happen in the future	He thinks about the future a lot, and he likes to predict what will happen.
113	prediction	/prɪ'dɪkʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Prognose	a statement about what you think will happen in the future, or the process of making such a statement	In class we made predictions about the future.
113	survive	/sə(r)'vaɪv/	verb	überleben	to continue to exist, especially in a difficult or dangerous situation	We'll continue to learn Irish at school, so it will survive.
114	another	/ə'nʌðə(r)/	determiner	noch ein (eine)	one more person or thing of the same type as before	I would like another drink.
114	extra	/'ekstrə/	adjective	zusätzlich	in addition to the usual or expected amount	You can eat the extra food tomorrow.
114	invitation	/,ɪnvɪ'teɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Einladung	a written or spoken request asking someone to spend time with you socially or to come to a social event	OK, six people aren't here. But you sent the invitations late, Lidia.
114	mistake	/mɪ'steɪk/	noun	der Fehler	something that you have not done correctly, or something you say or think that is not correct	Don't be afraid of mistakes. They teach you to do things better.
114	problem	/'prɒbləm/	noun	das Problem	something that causes trouble or difficulty	Don't worry about problems. Find a solution.
114	situation	/,sɪtʃu'eɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Lage	the set of conditions that exist at a particular time in a particular place	Think about the good things in a situation, not the bad things.
114	solution	/sə'lʊːʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Lösung	a way to solve a problem or to deal with a bad situation	Most problems have a solution.
114	teach	/tiːtʃ/	verb	lehren, unterrichten	to change the way that someone behaves or the way that someone thinks or feels about something	Problems can teach you how to find a positive way to see things.

Page No.	Headword English	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Translation (German)	Definition	Example Sentence
115	congratulate	/kən'grætʃuleɪt/	verb	gratulieren	to tell someone that you are pleased about their success, good luck or happiness on a special occasion	It's important to congratulate people.
115	congratulations	/kən'grætʃʊ'leɪʃ(ə)nz/	noun	Herzlichen Glückwunsch!	used for telling someone that you are pleased about their success, good luck or happiness on a special occasion	How did the piano exam go? ... Wow! Congratulations!
115	drawing	/'drɔ:ɪŋ/	noun	die Zeichnung	the activity or skill of making pictures with a pen or pencil	She won first prize in a drawing competition.
115	good luck	/'ɡʊd 'lʌk/	phrase	Viel Glück!	used for telling someone that you wish them success	Good luck with your audition.
115	interview	/'ɪntə(r)vju:/	noun	das Vorstellungsgespräch	a formal meeting in which someone asks you questions to find out if you are suitable for a job, course of study, etc	Your mother is going to have a job interview.
115	just a moment	/'dʒʌst ə 'məʊmənt/	phrase	Moment (mal)!	used for telling someone that you will do something very soon	Hi. I'm with Amy and Rose. Just a moment ...
115	prize	/'praɪz/	noun	der Preis	a reward that you get for being successful in a sport, competition or game, or for being better than others at something	A friend won first prize in a talent show.
116	door	/dɔ:(r)/	noun	die Tür	the entrance to a public place, where people enter, or buy or show their tickets	Tickets €2 from the office (€3 at the door)
116	party	/'pɑ:(r)ti/	verb	das Fest	to have fun eating and dancing, etc with other people	It's the last day of school. Let's party!
116	RSVP	/'ɑ:r es vi: 'pi:/	abbreviation	u.A.w.g. (um Antwort wird gebeten)	used on written invitations to ask the person invited to say whether they can go to a social event or not	RSVP by 25th July.
117	cupcake	/'kʌp,keɪk/	noun	der Cupcake	a small round cake with icing (=a thick sweet substance made from sugar) on top	We can also make a cupcake with a candle for every student.
117	everything	/'evri,θɪŋ/	pronoun	alles	all the things, activities, etc that are involved in a situation	And she's surprised because we organised everything with no help.
118	market	/'mɑ:(r)kɪt/	noun	der Markt	a public building or place where people sell goods on tables called stalls	If you're going to visit Marrakesh, go shopping at the souks, the traditional old markets.
118	spice	/'spaɪs/	noun	das Gewürz	a substance made from plants and added to food to give it a particular flavour	There are kilos of spices, and beautiful carpets.
118	souvenir	/'su:və'niə(r)/	noun	das Souvenir	something that you buy during a holiday or at a special event to remind you later of being there	Remember: you will need an extra bag for your souvenirs.

Page No.	Headword English	Pronunciation	Part of Speech	Translation (German)	Definition	Example Sentence
119	model	/ˈmɒd(ə)l/	noun	das Model	someone whose job is to show clothes, make-up, etc by wearing them at fashion shows or in magazine photographs	Saturday is Teen Fashion Day and we're going to have a parade of models with new autumn fashions from all our clothes and shoe shops.
119	presentation	/ˌprez(ə)n'teɪʃ(ə)n/	noun	die Präsentation	a formal talk in which you describe or explain something to a group of people	Some people feel nervous before a test or presentation.